180.21	ARTICLE 6
180.22	OPIOID PRESCRIBING IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM
180.23	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.0638, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
180.24 180.25	Subd. 2. <b>Definitions.</b> (a) For purposes of this section, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given them.
180.26	(b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services.
180.27 180.28	(c) "Commissioners" means the commissioner of human services and the commissioner of health.
180.29	(d) "DEA" means the United States Drug Enforcement Administration.
181.1 181.2 181.3	(e) "Minnesota health care program" means a public health care program administered by the commissioner of human services under this chapter and chapter 256L, and the Minnesota restricted recipient program.
181.4 181.5 181.6	(f) "Opioid disenrollment standards" means parameters of opioid prescribing practices that fall outside community standard thresholds for prescribing to such a degree that a provider must be disenrolled as a medical assistance provider.
181.7 181.8 181.9	(g) "Opioid prescriber" means a licensed health care provider who prescribes opioids to medical assistance and MinnesotaCare Minnesota health care program enrollees under the fee-for-service system or under a managed care or county-based purchasing plan.
	(h) "Opioid quality improvement standard thresholds" means parameters of opioid prescribing practices that fall outside community standards for prescribing to such a degree that quality improvement is required.
181.13 181.14	(i) "Program" means the statewide opioid prescribing improvement program established under this section.
181.15	(j) "Provider group" means a clinic, hospital, or primary or specialty practice group that

181.16 employs, contracts with, or is affiliated with an opioid prescriber. Provider group does not

181.17 include a professional association supported by dues-paying members.

137.25	ARTICLE 5
137.26	OPIOID PRESCRIBING IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM
137.27	Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.0638, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
137.28 137.29 137.30 137.31 138.1 138.2	Subdivision 1. <b>Program established.</b> The commissioner of human services, in conjunction with the commissioner of health, shall coordinate and implement an opioid prescribing improvement program to reduce opioid dependency and substance use by Minnesotans due to the prescribing of opioid analgesics by health care providers and to support patient-centered, compassionate care for Minnesotans who require treatment with opioid analgesics.
138.3	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.0638, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
138.4 138.5	Subd. 2. <b>Definitions.</b> (a) For purposes of this section, the terms defined in this subdivision have the meanings given them.
138.6	(b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of human services.
138.7 138.8	(c) "Commissioners" means the commissioner of human services and the commissioner of health.
138.9	(d) "DEA" means the United States Drug Enforcement Administration.
138.10 138.11 138.12	(e) "Minnesota health care program" means a public health care program administered by the commissioner of human services under this chapter and chapter 256L, and the Minnesota restricted recipient program.
138.13 138.14 138.15 138.16 138.17	outside community standard thresholds for prescribing to such a degree that a provider must be disenrolled may be subject to sanctions under section 256B.064 as a medical assistance
	(g) "Opioid prescriber" means a licensed health care provider who prescribes opioids to medical assistance Minnesota health care program and MinnesotaCare enrollees under the fee-for-service system or under a managed care or county-based purchasing plan.
	(h) "Opioid quality improvement standard thresholds" means parameters of opioid prescribing practices that fall outside community standards for prescribing to such a degree that quality improvement is required.
138.24 138.25	(i) "Program" means the statewide opioid prescribing improvement program established under this section.
	(j) "Provider group" means a clinic, hospital, or primary or specialty practice group that employs, contracts with, or is affiliated with an opioid prescriber. Provider group does not include a professional association supported by dues-paying members.

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Senate Language S2934-3

181.18 181.19	(k) "Sentinel measures" means measures of opioid use that identify variations in prescribing practices during the prescribing intervals.
181.20	Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.0638, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
181.21 181.22 181.23	Subd. 4. <b>Program components.</b> (a) The working group shall recommend to the commissioners the components of the statewide opioid prescribing improvement program, including, but not limited to, the following:
181.24	(1) developing criteria for opioid prescribing protocols, including:
181.25 181.26	(i) prescribing for the interval of up to four days immediately after an acute painful event;
181.27	(ii) prescribing for the interval of up to 45 days after an acute painful event; and
181.28 181.29	(iii) prescribing for chronic pain, which for purposes of this program means pain lasting longer than 45 days after an acute painful event;
181.30	(2) developing sentinel measures;
182.1 182.2	(3) developing educational resources for opioid prescribers about communicating with patients about pain management and the use of opioids to treat pain;
182.3 182.4 182.5 182.6 182.7	(4) developing opioid quality improvement standard thresholds and opioid disenrollment standards for opioid prescribers and provider groups. In developing opioid disenrollment standards, the standards may be described in terms of the length of time in which prescribing practices fall outside community standards and the nature and amount of opioid prescribing that fall outside community standards; and
182.8	(5) addressing other program issues as determined by the commissioners.
182.9 182.10 182.11 182.12	(b) The opioid prescribing protocols shall not apply to opioids prescribed for patients who are experiencing pain caused by a malignant condition or who are receiving hospice care or palliative care, or to opioids prescribed for substance use disorder treatment with medications for opioid use disorder.
182.13 182.14 182.15 182.16	(c) All opioid prescribers who prescribe opioids to Minnesota health care program enrollees must participate in the program in accordance with subdivision 5. Any other prescriber who prescribes opioids may comply with the components of this program described in paragraph (a) on a voluntary basis.
182.17	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.0638, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
	Subd. 5. <b>Program implementation.</b> (a) The commissioner shall implement the <del>programs within the Minnesota health care</del> <u>quality improvement</u> program to improve the health of and quality of care provided to Minnesota health care program enrollees. The commissioner

182.21 shall annually collect and report to provider groups the sentinel measures of data showing 182.22 individual opioid prescribers' opioid prescribing patterns compared to their anonymized

138.29 138.30	(k) "Sentinel measures" means measures of opioid use that identify variations in prescribing practices during the prescribing intervals.
139.1	Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.0638, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

- Subd. 4. **Program components.** (a) The working group shall recommend to the commissioners the components of the statewide opioid prescribing improvement program, including but not limited to the following:
- 139.4 including, but not limited to, the following:
- 139.5 (1) developing criteria for opioid prescribing protocols, including:
- 139.6 (i) prescribing for the interval of up to four days immediately after an acute painful 139.7 event:
- (ii) prescribing for the interval of up to 45 days after an acute painful event; and
- (iii) prescribing for chronic pain, which for purposes of this program means pain lasting land longer than 45 days after an acute painful event;
- 139.11 (2) developing sentinel measures;
- 139.12 (3) developing educational resources for opioid prescribers about communicating with 139.13 patients about pain management and the use of opioids to treat pain;
- (4) developing opioid quality improvement standard thresholds and opioid disenrollment sanction standards for opioid prescribers and provider groups. In developing opioid disenrollment standards, the standards may be described in terms of the length of time in which prescribing practices fall outside community standards and the nature and amount of opioid prescribing that fall outside community standards; and
- 139.19 (5) addressing other program issues as determined by the commissioners.
- 139.20 (b) The opioid prescribing protocols shall not apply to opioids prescribed for patients 139.21 who are experiencing pain caused by a malignant condition or who are receiving hospice 139.22 care or palliative care, or to opioids prescribed for substance use disorder treatment with
- 139.23 medications for opioid use disorder.
- 139.24 (c) All opioid prescribers who prescribe opioids to Minnesota health care program
  139.25 enrollees must participate in the program in accordance with subdivision 5. Any other
- 139.26 prescriber who prescribes opioids may comply with the components of this program described 139.27 in paragraph (a) on a voluntary basis.
- Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.0638, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- Subd. 5. **Program implementation.** (a) The commissioner shall implement the <del>programs</del> within the Minnesota health care quality improvement program to improve the health of
- 39.31 and quality of care provided to Minnesota health care program enrollees. The program must
- be designed to support patient-centered care consistent with community standards of care.
- The program must discourage unsafe tapering practices and patient abandonment by

182.24	prescribers.
182.27 182.28 182.29	(b) The commissioner shall notify an opioid prescriber and all provider groups with which the opioid prescriber is employed or affiliated when the opioid prescriber's prescribing pattern exceeds the opioid quality improvement standard thresholds. An opioid prescriber and any provider group that receives a notice under this paragraph shall submit to the commissioner a quality improvement plan for review and approval by the commissioner
	with the goal of bringing the opioid prescriber's prescribing practices into alignment with community standards. A quality improvement plan must include:
182.32	(1) components of the program described in subdivision 4, paragraph (a);
183.1 183.2 183.3 183.4	(2) internal practice-based measures to review the prescribing practice of the opioid prescriber and, where appropriate, any other opioid prescribers employed by or affiliated with any of the provider groups with which the opioid prescriber is employed or affiliated; and
183.5	(3) appropriate use of the prescription monitoring program under section 152.126.
183.6 183.7 183.8	(c) If, after a year from the commissioner's notice under paragraph (b), the opioid prescriber's prescribing practices do not improve so that they are consistent with community standards, the commissioner shall may take one or more of the following steps:
183.9	(1) monitor prescribing practices more frequently than annually;
183.10 183.11	(2) monitor more aspects of the opioid prescriber's prescribing practices than the sentinel measures; or
183.12 183.13 183.14	(3) require the opioid prescriber to participate in additional quality improvement efforts, including but not limited to mandatory use of the prescription monitoring program established under section 152.126.
183.15 183.16 183.17	(d) The commissioner shall terminate from Minnesota health care programs all opioid prescribers and provider groups whose prescribing practices fall within the applicable opioid disenrollment standards.
183.18 183.19	(e) No physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant, acting in good faith based on the needs of the patient, may be disenselled by the commissioner of

183.20 human services solely for prescribing a dosage that equates to an upward deviation from morphine milligram equivalent dosage recommendations specified in state or federal opioid

182.23 peers. Provider groups shall distribute data to their affiliated, contracted, or employed opioid

40.3	providers. The commissioner shall annually collect and report to provider groups the sentinel
40.4	measures of data showing individual opioid prescribers' opioid prescribing patterns compared
40.5	to their anonymized peers. Provider groups shall distribute data to their affiliated, contracted,
40.6	or employed opioid prescribers.
40.7	(b) The commissioner shall notify an opioid prescriber and all provider groups with
40.8	which the opioid prescriber is employed or affiliated when the opioid prescriber's prescribing
40.0	

- which the opioid prescriber is employed or affiliated when the opioid prescriber's prescribing pattern exceeds the opioid quality improvement standard thresholds. An opioid prescriber and any provider group that receives a notice under this paragraph shall submit to the commissioner a quality improvement plan for review and approval by the commissioner with the goal of bringing the opioid prescriber's prescribing practices into alignment with community standards. A quality improvement plan must include:
- 140.14 (1) components of the program described in subdivision 4, paragraph (a);
- 140.15 (2) internal practice-based measures to review the prescribing practice of the opioid prescriber and, where appropriate, any other opioid prescribers employed by or affiliated with any of the provider groups with which the opioid prescriber is employed or affiliated; and
- 140.19 (3) appropriate use of the prescription monitoring program under section 152.126 demonstration of patient-centered care consistent with community standards of care.
- 140.21 (c) If, after a year from the commissioner's notice under paragraph (b), the opioid prescriber's prescribing practices for treatment of acute or postacute pain do not improve so that they are consistent with community standards, the commissioner shall may take one or more of the following steps:
- 140.25 (1) require the prescriber, the provider group, or both, to monitor prescribing practices 140.26 more frequently than annually;
- 140.27 (2) monitor more aspects of the opioid prescriber's prescribing practices than the sentinel 140.28 measures; or
- 40.29 (3) require the opioid prescriber to participate in additional quality improvement efforts, 40.30 including but not limited to mandatory use of the prescription monitoring program established 40.31 under section 152.126.
- (d) Prescribers treating patients who are on chronic, high doses of opioids must meet
   community standards of care, including performing regular assessments and addressing
   unwarranted risks of opioid prescribing, but are not required to show measurable changes
   in chronic pain prescribing thresholds within a certain period.
- 141.3 (e) The commissioner shall dismiss a prescriber from participating in the opioid 141.4 prescribing quality improvement program on an annual basis when the prescriber
- demonstrates that the prescriber's practices are patient-centered and reflect community
- standards for safe and compassionate treatment of patients experiencing pain.

141.7

House Language UES2934-2

(d) (f) The commissioner shall terminate from Minnesota health care programs may

83.22	prescribing:	guidelines or	policies,	or quality	improvemen	t thresholds	established	under th
83.23	section.							

- 183.24 Sec. 4. **REPEALER.**
- 183.25 Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.0638, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6, are
- 183.26 repealed.
- 183.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 30, 2024.

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41.8	investigate for possible sanctions under section 256B.064 all opioid prescribers and provide
41.9	groups whose prescribing practices fall within the applicable opioid disenrollment sanction
41.10	standards.
41.11	(e) (g) No physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or physician assistant, acting
41.12	in good faith based on the needs of the patient, may be disenrolled by the commissioner of
41.13	human services solely for prescribing a dosage that equates to an upward deviation from
41.14	morphine milligram equivalent dosage recommendations specified in state or federal opioid
41.15	prescribing guidelines or policies, or quality improvement thresholds established under this
41.16	section.
41.17	Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 256B.0638, is amended by adding a subdivision
41.18	to read:
41.19	Subd. 6a. Waiver for certain provider groups. (a) This section does not apply to
41.20	prescribers employed by, or under contract or affiliated with, a provider group for which
41.21	the commissioner has granted a waiver from the requirements of this section.
41.22	(b) The commissioner, in consultation with opioid prescribers, shall develop waiver
41.23	criteria for provider groups, and shall make waivers available beginning July 1, 2023. In
41.24	granting waivers, the commissioner shall consider whether the medical director of the
41.25	provider group and a majority of the practitioners within a provider group have specialty
41.26	training, fellowship training, or experience in treating chronic pain. Waivers under this
41 27	subdivision shall be granted on an annual basis

## 141.28 Sec. 6. DIRECTION TO COMMISSIONER OF HUMAN SERVICES; OPIOID

## 141.29 PRESCRIBING IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM SUNSET.

- The commissioner of human services shall recommend criteria to provide for a sunset of the opioid prescribing improvement program under Minnesota Statutes, section 256B.0638.
- 141.32 In developing sunset criteria, the commissioner shall consult with stakeholders including
- but not limited to clinicians that practice pain management, addiction medicine, or mental
- 142.2 health, and either current or former Minnesota health care program enrollees who use or
- have used opioid therapy to manage chronic pain. By January 15, 2024, the commissioner

- shall submit recommended criteria to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over health and human services finance and policy.