CRIME TRENDS in the

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Cities Metropolitan Area, 1970-1980
April 1982

CRIME TRENDS
IN THE
TWIN CITIES METROPOLITAN AREA
1970 to 1980

April 1982

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Cover Photo — Courtesy of St. Paul Police Department

SUMMARY

The Twin Cities Metropolitan Area experienced a sharp increase of reported "serious" crime in the 1970s.

Serious crimes are the seven FBI-designated Part I crimes of: murder and non-negligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft and motor-vehicle theft.

The rate, or number of crimes committed per 100,000 Area inhabitants, rose 31 percent over the decade. The rate of 6,317 crimes committed per 100,000 people includes a 9-percent increase from 1979 to 1980.

The volume of serious crime increased 39 percent over the decade, including a 9-percent increase from 1979 to 1980.

The Area's crime increase cannot be explained by population growth alone, because the Area's population grew only 5.9 percent over the decade.

Area crimes in 1980 represent 64 percent of serious crimes reported in Minnesota, although only 49 percent of the state's population lives in the Twin Cities Area.

Forcible rape was the fastest growing crime reported over the decade. It increased 138 percent. Over the same period, motor-vehicle thefts showed the greatest decline, falling 28 percent. In the 1979-80 period, burglary was the fastest growing crime, increasing 13 percent.

Property crimes (i.e., crimes against property that include burglary, larceny-theft and auto theft) increased 31 percent over the decade and 9 percent from 1979 to 1980. Violent crimes (i.e., crimes against a person that include murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault) made up only six percent of all serious crimes reported in 1980. Violent crimes increased 42 percent over the decade, but decreased 4 percent from 1979 to 1980.

Almost 9 out of every 10 reported serious crimes in the Area in 1980 were the property offenses of larceny-theft and burglary.

Hennepin and Ramsey Counties accounted for 78 percent of the Area's reported serious crimes in 1980, a 6-percent increase over 1979. Half of Minnesota's crimes in 1980 occurred in the two counties.

Rates for all serious crimes have risen faster in the five outlying counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Scott and Washington than in the inner counties of Hennepin and Ramsey. Yet violent crime rates in Hennepin and Ramsey Counties are still more than four times greater than rates from any of the five outlying counties. However, the outlying counties appear to be almost as vulnerable to property crime as do the two inner counties.

The clearance rate, or percentage of cases solved, for reported serious crimes dropped from 20 percent in 1979 to 17 percent in 1980. This compares with a 1980 statewide clearance rate of 33 percent. While Area clearance rates for each of the serious crimes dropped from 1979 to 1980, the largest drop was for aggravated assault. It fell from 62 percent in 1979 to 48 percent in 1980.

Of the 25 largest metropolitan areas in the nation, the Twin Cities Area ranked 19th in rate of reported serious crime in 1980.

ABOUT THIS REPORT

This report provides a summary and analysis of 1970-80 crime statistics reported to law enforcement agencies in the Seven-County Metropolitan Area. The report examines problems of Part I, or "serious" crimes, from a regional perspective and shows the distribution of criminal offenses by county and community. The seven serious (Part I) crimes are: murder and non-negligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft and motor-vehicle theft. It also compares Metropolitan Area crime rates with those of the state and other large metropolitan areas in the nation.

The purpose of the report is to provide information to state and local government officials, law enforcement administrators, criminal justice professionals, educators and citizens of the Metropolitan Area. The information will assist them in developing policies and programs that respond to local crime problems.

The report has three major sections. The first describes the Area's incidences and rate of serious crime for 1980 and shows 10-year crime trends from 1970 to 1980. The section compares 1979 and 1980 clearance rates (i.e., percentages of cases solved), contrasts the Area's urban and rural crime rates, and compares Twin Cities Area crime rates to those nationwide.

The second section examines each of the seven serious crimes individually for the Metropolitan Area and for each county. Included for each crime category are the number of reported crimes, clearance rate, the rate of crime per 100,000 people and trends for that crime category. The report concludes with an examination of future crime trends and possible directions for crime prevention and control in the Twin Cities Area. Notes on where crime data comes from and how to interpret it is provided in Appendix A. Appendix B shows the numbers of each serious crime committed in 1980 for the Area's reporting cities.

1. REPORTED SERIOUS CRIME OFFENSES, METROPOLITAN AREA, 1970-1980

NUMBER OF REPORTED SERIOUS CRIMES

A reported 125,464 "Part I" or "serious" crime offenses occurred in the Seven-County Metropolitan Area in 1980, a nine-percent increase over crimes reported to law enforcement agencies in 1979. The seven serious crimes are: murder and non-negligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft and motor-vehicle theft. The 1980 total represents 64 percent of the serious crime offenses reported in Minnesota that year, although only 49 percent of the state's population lives in the seven Metropolitan Area counties.

The proportion of crimes in the state that occurred in the Metropolitan Area declined an average of one percent per year since 1972. Almost 9 out of every 10 of the Metropolitan Area crimes were the property offenses of larceny-theft and burglary. Property offenses are serious crimes against property that include burglary, larceny and motor-vehicle theft. Nearly 53 percent of these serious crimes were reported in Hennepin County (see Figures 1 and 2).[1]

Hennepin and Ramsey Counties accounted for 50 percent of reported serious crime offenses statewide in both 1979 and 1980. The two counties had 78 percent of reported crimes in the Metropolitan Area in 1980, up from 71.8 percent in 1979.

RATE OF REPORTED SERIOUS CRIMES

The number and rate of serious crimes reported in the Metropolitan Area increased significantly in the decade between 1970 and 1980. In all likelihood this trend will continue.

The reported serious crime rate in 1980 was 6,317 offenses per 100,000 population, an increase of 9.1 percent from 1979 and 31.4 percent from 1970. Figure 3 and Table 1 contrast the crime rate per 100,000 population for each of the Area's seven counties for 1970, 1979 and 1980.

TRENDS IN REPORTED SERIOUS CRIMES

The four violent crimes (murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault) comprised only six percent of the serious crimes reported in 1980 in the Metropolitan Area. The proportion decreased .4 percent from 1979. Property crimes (burglary, larceny-theft and motor-vehicle theft) increased 9.4 percent between 1979 and 1980.

Increases and decreases in the seven major crimes from 1979 to 1980 are listed in Table 2.

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[1]The source for all crime data in this report is the Minnesota Bureau of Criminal Apprehension.

Figure 1
DISTRIBUTION OF REPORTED SERIOUS CRIME,
TWIN CITIES METROPOLITAN AREA, 1980*
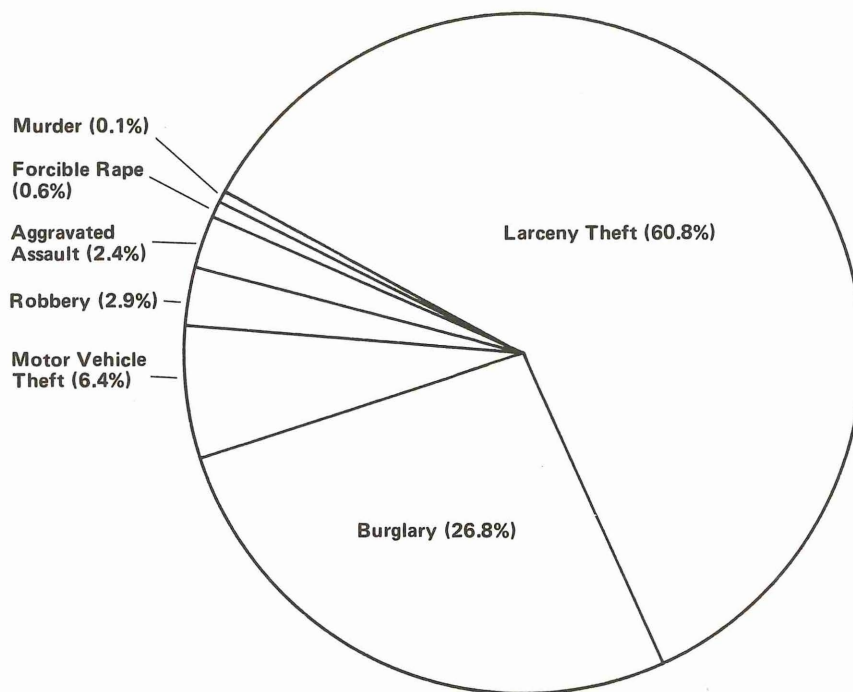
Murder (0.1%)

Forcible Rape
(0.6%)

Aggravated
Assault (2.4%)

Robbery (2.9%)

Motor Vehicle
Theft (6.4%)

Larceny Theft (60.8%)

Burglary (26.8%)

*Serious crimes are murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault,
burglary, larceny-theft and motor-vehicle theft.

Figure 2
DISTRIBUTION OF REPORTED SERIOUS CRIME, BY COUNTY,
TWIN CITIES METROPOLITAN AREA, 1980

Carver (0.7%)

Scott (1.6%)

Washington (4.3%)

Hennepin (52.9%)

Dakota (6.4%)

Anoka (8.7%)

Ramsey (25.4%)
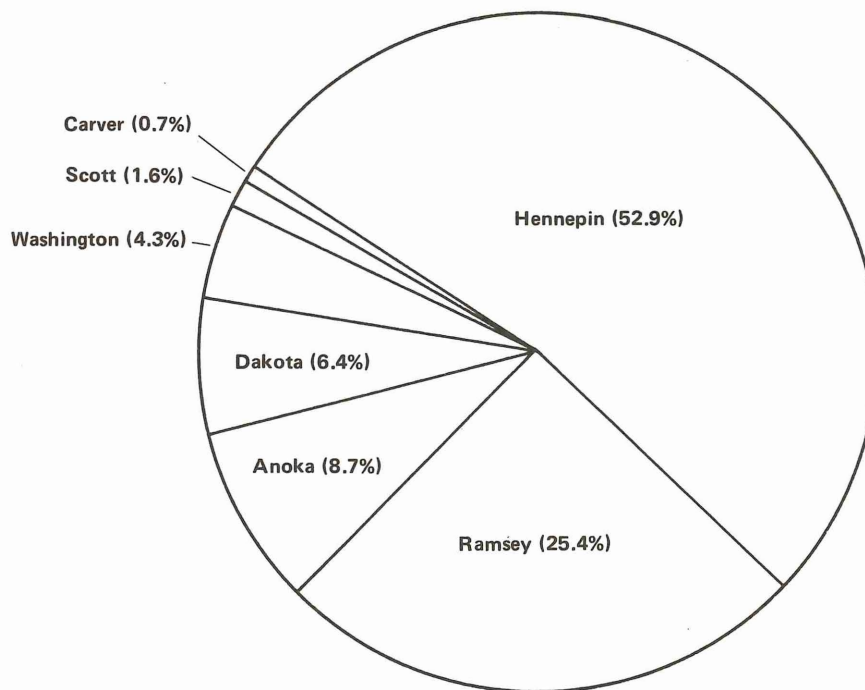
Table 1
REPORTED SERIOUS CRIME RATES FOR TWIN CITIES AREA COUNTIES, 1970, 1979 AND 1980*

County	Rates per 100,000 Population		
	1970	1979	1980
Anoka	3,739	4,765	5,596
Carver	1,169	2,354	2,486
Dakota	2,546	4,165	4,159
Hennepin	5,465	6,411	7,035
Ramsey	5,354	6,495	6,954
Scott	1,092	3,456	4,447
Washington	2,487	4,265	4,709
METROPOLITAN AREA	4,804	5,785	6,317

*"Serious" crimes are: murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft and motor-vehicle theft.

Table 2
TRENDS IN REPORTED SERIOUS CRIMES, TWIN CITIES METROPOLITAN AREA, 1979 TO 1980

Increases		Decreases	
Murder	2.9%	Aggravated Assault	-5.2%
Forcible Rape	11.2	Motor-Vehicle Theft	-12.7
Robbery	6.0		
Burglary	13.2		
Larceny-Theft	10.7		

Figure 3
REPORTED SERIOUS CRIME RATES FOR TWIN CITIES AREA COUNTIES, 1970, 1979 and 1980
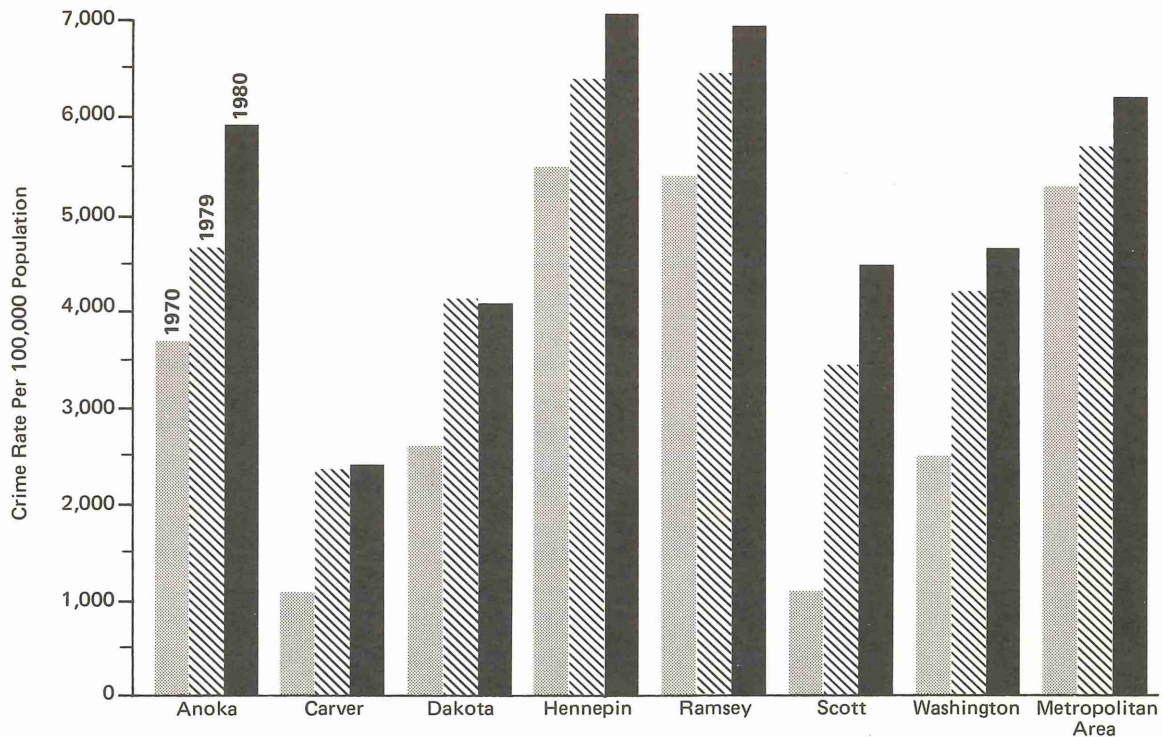
NOTE: Serious crimes are murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft and motor-vehicle theft.

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The Area has experienced a sharp increase in reported crime over the past decade. Long-term trends tend to be the most meaningful ones in the comparison and analysis of crime data (see Appendix A). Since 1970, the volume of serious crime offenses increased 39.4 percent. During this 10-year period, increases of 41.2 percent were reported in violent crime, and 31.3 percent was reported for property crime. Figures 4 and 5 show reported offense totals for the decade. Table 3 shows the number of serious crimes reported for each crime for each year of the decade.

Except for motor-vehicle theft, serious crime rates per 100,000 population over the decade have increased. The greatest increases in rates between 1979-80 occurred in the property crimes of larceny-theft and burglary (see Figures 6 and 7).

Crime increase over the decade cannot be explained in terms of population growth alone. Table 4 indicates population in the Metropolitan Area grew 5.9 percent from 1970 to 1980, while reported serious offenses increased 39.4 percent during the same period. Some of the increase may be the result of improved reporting procedures by police agencies throughout the Region. In addition, growing concern about the problem may have motivated more people to report suspected crimes to the police. See Appendix A for more information on factors that affect the reporting of crime.

While the rate of serious crimes has increased in the Metropolitan Area from 1970 to 1980, Figure 8 indicates the increase has been gradual. The figure shows that the crime rate increased steadily over the first five years of the decade, decreased from 1976 to 1978 and increased again over the last three years. Figure 8 shows these rate changes over the decade for reported violent crime, property crime and the two combined.

Table 3
NUMBERS AND RATES OF REPORTED SERIOUS CRIME
IN THE TWIN CITIES AREA, 1970-1980*

| Crimes | Numbers and Rates** (in parenthesis) Per Year | | | | | | | | | | | Percent Change 1970-80 |
	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	
Murder	46 (2.5)	63 (3.3)	72 (3.7)	65 (3.2)	83 (4.0)	91 (4.5)	62 (3.1)	74 (3.7)	58 (2.9)	68 (3.4)	70 (3.5)	52% (40%)
Forcible Rape	307 (16.3)	383 (19.8)	491 (24.9)	448 (22.3)	575 (28.3)	565 (27.8)	569 (28.6)	581 (29.3)	618 (31.0)	656 (32.9)	730 (36.7)	138 (125)
Aggravated Assault	1,711 (91.2)	2,010 (104.2)	2,443 (123.9)	2,361 (117.7)	2,675 (131.9)	2,558 (125.9)	2,709 (136.2)	2,650 (134.0)	2,521 (126.5)	3,203 (160.8)	3,036 (152.8)	77 (68)
Robbery	3,280 (174.6)	2,841 (147.3)	3,108 (157.8)	3,235 (161.3)	3,770 (186.0)	3,723 (183.2)	2,908 (146.3)	3,096 (156.5)	3,080 (154.7)	3,497 (175.6)	3,706 (186.5)	13 (7)
Motor-Vehicle Theft	11,276 (601.5)	11,158 (578.8)	11,269 (571.5)	10,739 (535.5)	11,830 (583.6)	11,753 (578.5)	10,332 (519.8)	9,754 (493.2)	8,952 (449.4)	9,301 (467.1)	8,117 (408.6)	-28 (-32)
Burglary	22,321 (1,191)	24,268 (1,259)	26,638 (1,350)	28,868 (1,440)	30,161 (1,488)	31,619 (1,556)	30,182 (1,518)	29,972 (1,516)	29,597 (1,486)	29,695 (1,491)	33,640 (1,694)	51 (42)
Larceny-Theft	51,109 (2,727)	56,237 (2,917)	51,831 (2,629)	52,791 (2,678)	57,334 (2,829)	65,947 (3,246)	68,681 (3,455)	63,098 (3,191)	63,496 (3,188)	68,759 (3,453)	76,165 (3,835)	49 (41)

*"Serious" crimes are: murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft and motor-vehicle theft.
**Rates mean number of crimes per 100,000 population.

Figure 4
VIOLENT CRIMES REPORTED IN THE
TWIN CITIES AREA, 1970-1980*
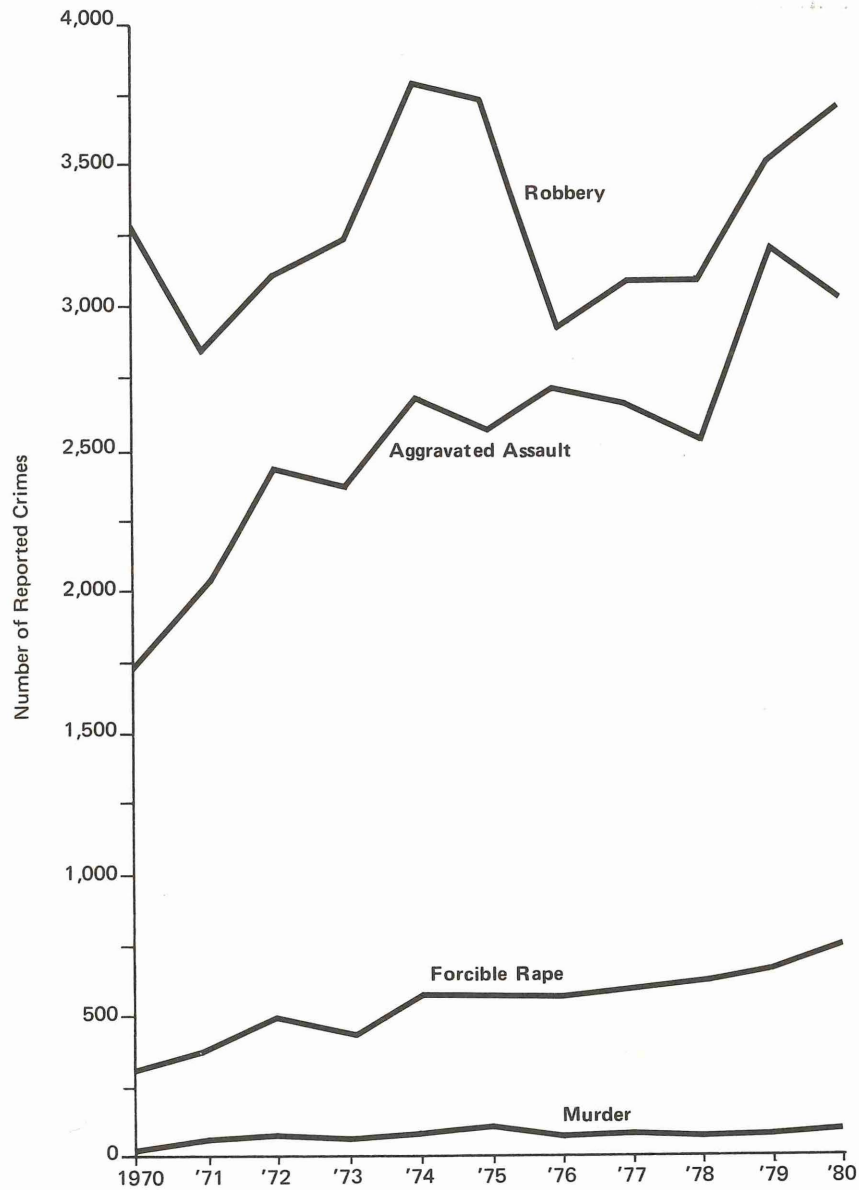
*"Violent crimes" are murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.

Figure 5
**PROPERTY CRIMES REPORTED IN THE
TWIN CITIES AREA, 1970-1980***

*"Property crimes" are burglary, larceny-theft and motor-vehicle theft.

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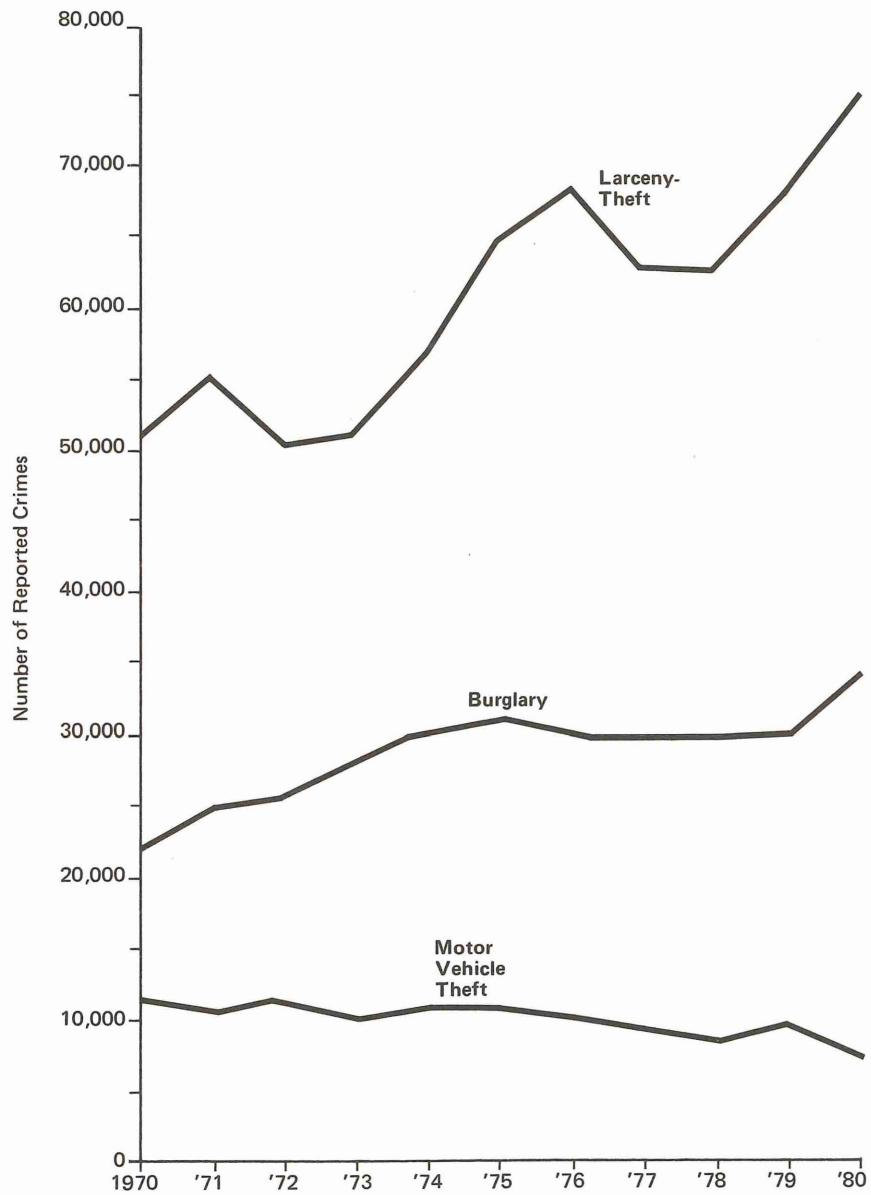
Figure 6
**RATES FOR REPORTED VIOLENT CRIMES
IN THE TWIN CITIES AREA, 1970-1980**
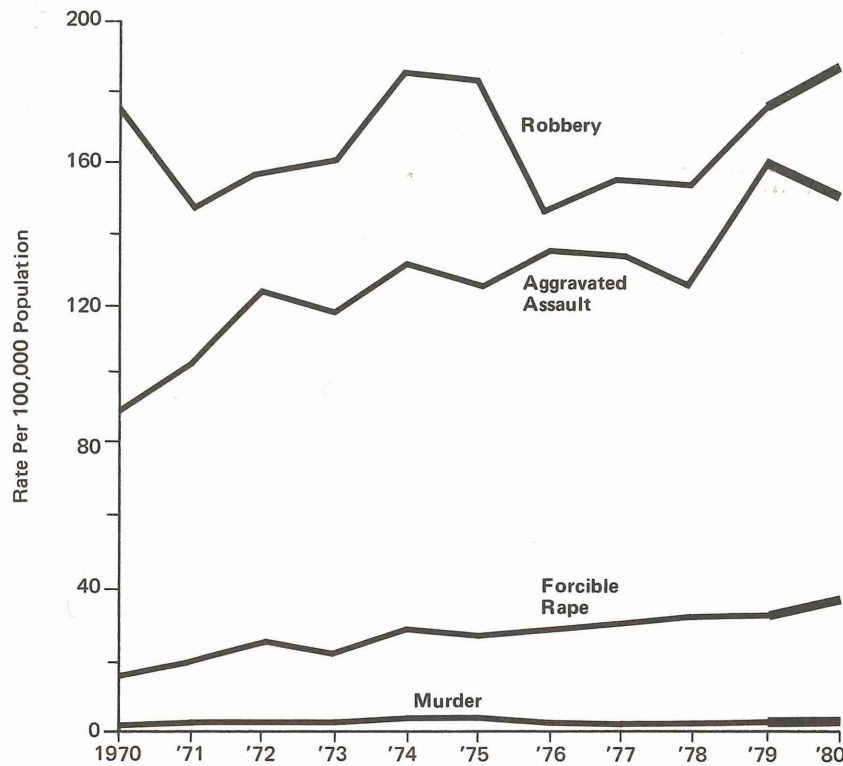
NOTE: Violent crimes are murder, forcible rape, robbery and
aggravated assault.

Table 4
**TWIN CITIES AREA POPULATION GROWTH AND REPORTED SERIOUS CRIMES,
BY COUNTY, 1970 AND 1980**

	Population, Metropolitan Area			Number, Serious Crime Offenses		
County	1970	1980	1970-80 Percent Change	1970	1980	1970-80 Percent Increase
Anoka	154,556	196,107	+26.8%	5,779	10,974	89.8%
Carver	28,310	37,054	+30.8	331	921	178.2
Dakota	139,808	194,114	+38.8	3,559	8,073	126.8
Hennepin	960,080	943,207	-1.7	52,463	66,354	26.4
Ramsey	476,255	457,323	-3.9	25,501	31,801	24.7
Scott	32,423	44,838	+38.0	354	1,994	463.2
Washington	82,948	113,555	+36.8	2,063	5,347	159.1
METROPOLITAN AREA	1,874,380	1,986,198	+5.9%	90,050	125,464	+39.3%

NOTE: "Serious" crimes are: murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft
and motor-vehicle theft.

Figure 7
RATES FOR REPORTED PROPERTY CRIMES
IN THE TWIN CITIES AREA, 1970-1980
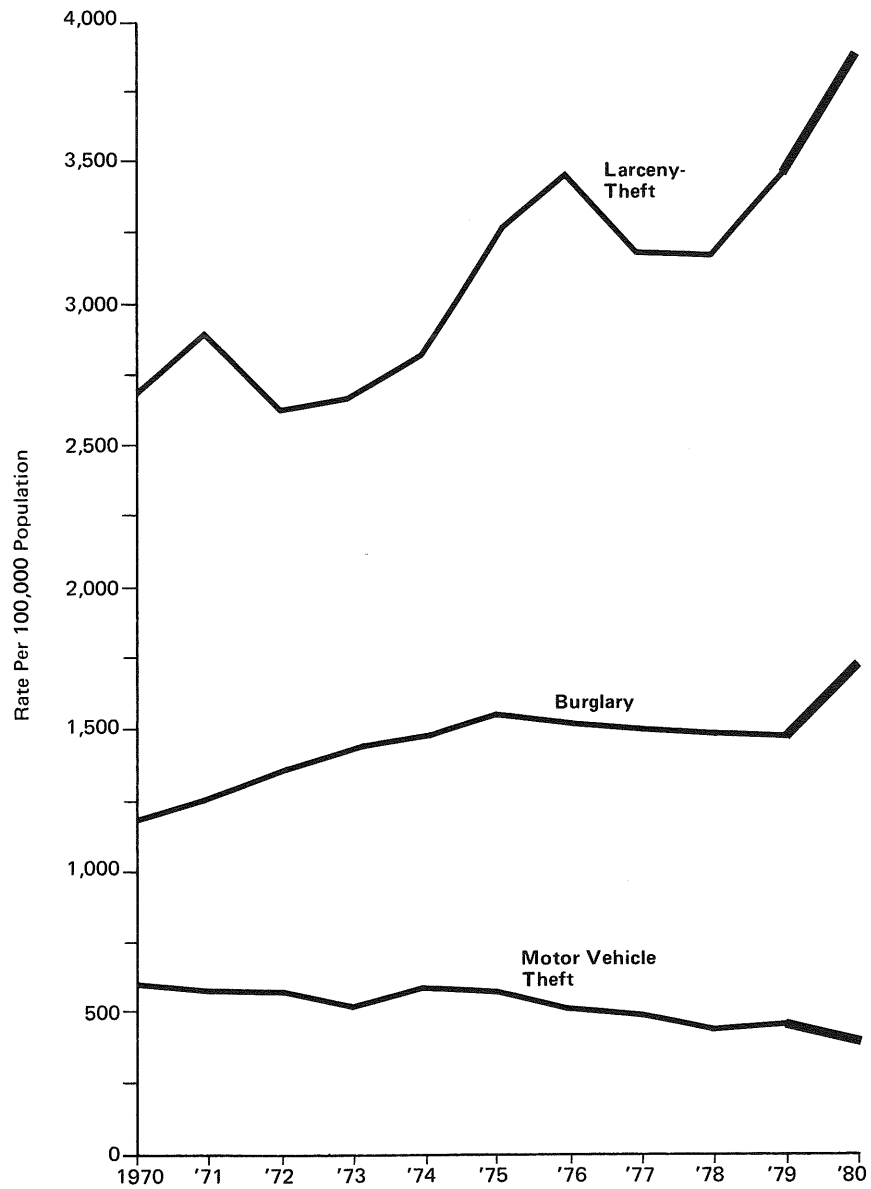
NOTE: Property crimes are burglary, larceny-theft and motor-vehicle theft.

Figure 8
REPORTED SERIOUS CRIME RATES FOR
THE TWIN CITIES AREA, 1970-1980
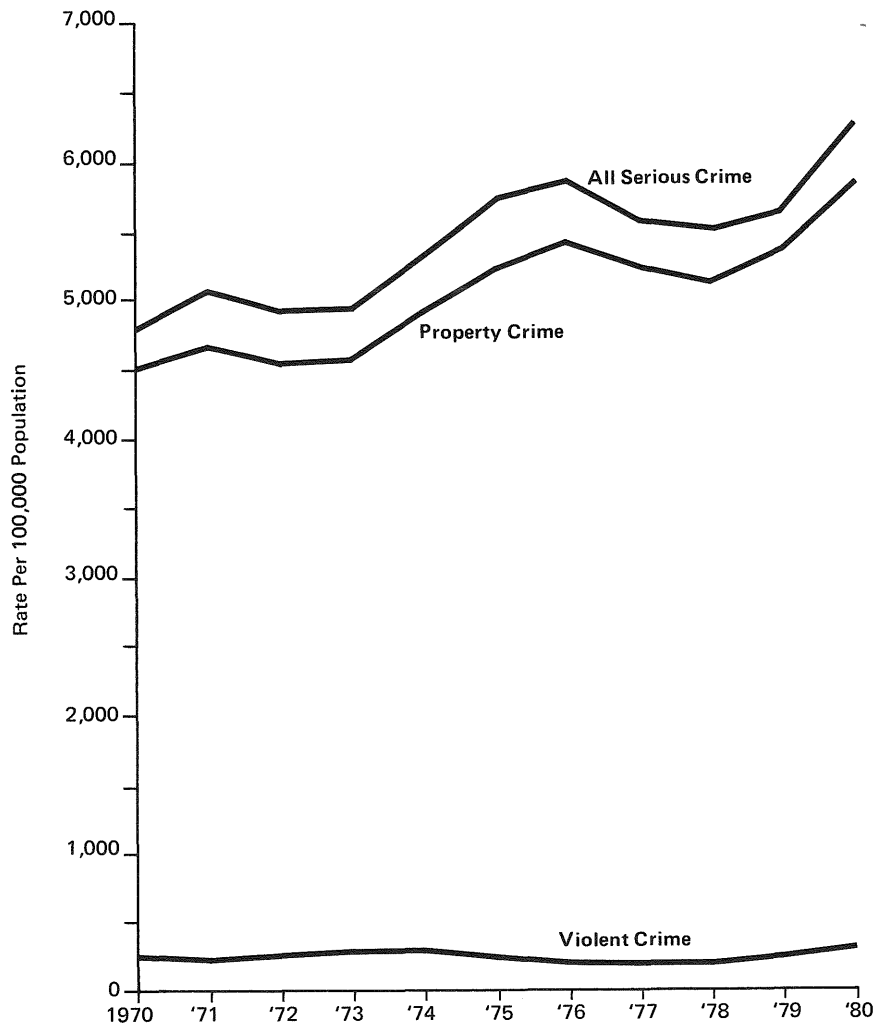
Note: Violent crimes are: murder, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault.
Property crimes are: burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft.
Serious crime is all above crime.

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CLEARANCES OF REPORTED SERIOUS CRIMES

The clearance rate[2] for reported serious offenses was 17 percent in 1980, as compared with 20 percent in 1979. While the clearance rate decreased for each of the major offenses, the drop was most significant for aggravated assault. It fell from 62 percent in 1979 to 48 percent in 1980. Robbery clearance decreased from 24 percent in 1979 to 16 percent in 1980; rape dropped from 41 percent in 1979 to 30 percent in 1980; and burglary went from 11 percent in 1979 to 9 percent in 1980. Statewide, the 1980 clearance rate was 33 percent for all serious offenses.

URBAN-RURAL CONTRASTS IN REPORTED SERIOUS CRIMES

During the past decade, the most urbanized areas of Hennepin and Ramsey Counties have generally experienced a low rate of increase of serious crime compared with the growing suburbs in the five outlying counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Scott and Washington. Table 4 indicates that the increase in serious crime rates from 1970 to 1980 is less severe for those counties that had high base rates in 1970.

Table 5 illustrates that the difference in crime rate between urban and rural areas is narrowing, although it remains substantial. The 1980 violent crime rate[3] in Hennepin or Ramsey Counties is more than four times greater than that of any outlying counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Scott or Washington. However, the less densely populated counties appear to be almost as vulnerable to property crime[4] as their urban neighbors. Hennepin and Ramsey Counties each have a property crime rate at least 20 percent higher than any of the five outlying counties.

For planning purposes, the Metropolitan Council has divided the Seven-County Area into three development areas: urban service area, rural service area and freestanding growth centers. An examination of crime rates by development area shows that crime rates in the rural service area[5] are about one-third of those in the urban service area.[6] The freestanding growth centers[7] rank in the middle: they have a higher crime rate than the rural service area, but measure about two-thirds of urban service area rates. Figure 9 locates these areas and Figures 10 and 11 present crime rates for these Metropolitan Council "policy areas."

CRIME COMPARISON, METROPOLITAN AREA AND THE NATION

Of the nation's 25 largest metropolitan areas, the Twin Cities Metropolitan Area ranked 19th in the rate of reported serious crime in 1980. The Metropolitan Area ranked low, 23rd, in its rate of violent crimes and 17th in its property crime rate. Figure 12 and Table 6 show the comparative crime statistics for 1980.

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[2]Crimes are cleared by arrest, when at least one person is arrested, charged and turned over to the court for prosecution; or by exceptional means such as suicide or murder of the suspect or a victim's unwillingness to press charges. A crime cleared by police is considered solved for police purposes whether or not the person arrested is indicted, tried, or found guilty. See Appendix A.

[3]Total of murder, forcible rape, robbery, and aggravated assault per 100,000 population.

[4]Includes crimes of burglary, larceny-theft, and motor-vehicle theft.

[5]The rural service area refers to the predominantly agricultural portion of the Region that contains pockets of low-density development.

[6]The urban service area includes Minneapolis, St. Paul and the developed and developing suburbs.

[7]Freestanding growth centers are 13 cities throughout the rural service area designated by the Metropolitan Council to absorb rural growth.

More than 24 million households, or almost a third of the nation's households, were victimized by crime in 1980, according to the *Bureau of Justice Statistics Bulletin.*[8] The proportion of households victimized by crime has changed little in each of the last six years (see Table 7).

Table 5
INCREASES IN REPORTED VIOLENT AND PROPERTY CRIMES, TWIN CITIES AREA, 1970 AND 1980

Violent Crimes[1]

County	1970 Number Offenses	1970 Rate per 100,000	Rank	1980 Number Offenses	1980 Rate per 100,000	Rank	1970-80 Percent Increase
Anoka	109	70.5	3	211	107.5	5	52.4%
Carver	3	10.5	7	16	69.1	7	558.0
Dakota	70	50.0	4	221	113.8	3	127.6
Hennepin	3,208	334.1	2	4,698	498.0	1	49.0
Ramsey	1,913	401.6	1	2,236	488.9	2	21.7
Scott	14	43.1	5	50	111.5	4	158.7
Washington	27	32.5	6	110	96.8	6	197.8
METROPOLITAN AREA	5,344	285.1		7,542	379.7		33.1%

Property Crimes[2]

County	1970 Number Offenses	1970 Rate per 100,000	Rank	1980 Number Offenses	1980 Rate per 100,000	Rank	1970-80 Percent Increase
Anoka	5,670	3,668.5	3	10,763	5,488.3	3	49.6%
Carver	328	1,095.0	6	905	2,442.3	7	123.0
Dakota	3,489	2,495.5	4	7,852	4,045.0	6	62.0
Hennepin	49,255	5,130.3	1	61,656	6,536.8	1	27.4
Ramsey	23,588	4,952.8	2	29,565	6,464.7	2	30.5
Scott	340	1,048.6	7	1,944	4,335.6	5	313.4
Washington	2,036	2,454.5	5	5,237	4,611.8	4	87.8
METROPOLITAN AREA	84,706	4,519.1		117,922	5,937.0		31.3%

[1]"Violent Crimes" are murder, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault.

[2]"Property Crimes" are burglary, larceny-theft and motor-vehicle theft.

[8]"The Prevalence of Crime," *Bureau of Justice Statistics Bulletin,* 1980.

Table 6
SERIOUS CRIME RATES FOR 25 LARGEST
METROPOLITAN AREAS IN UNITED STATES, 1980

SMSA*	Rates per 100,000 Population					
	Serious Crime	Rank	Violent Crime	Rank	Property Crime	Rank
Miami	11,582	1	1,920	1	9,662	1
New York-New Jersey	8,953	2	1,711	2	7,242	6
San Francisco-Oakland	8,541	3	1,005	5	7,536	3
Los Angeles-Long Beach	8,419	4	1,340	3	7,079	8
Denver-Boulder	8,357	5	640	16	7,717	2
Dallas-Ft. Worth	8,271	6	752	13	7,519	4
Tampa-St. Petersburg	8,071	7	858	8	7,213	7
Seattle-Everett	7,862	8	559	20	7,303	5
Detroit	7,582	9	860	7	6,723	10
Atlanta	7,575	10	843	9	6,733	9
Baltimore	7,423	11	1,162	4	6,311	13
San Diego	7,038	12	629	18	6,409	11
Newark	6,990	13	1,000	6	5,981	16
Washington, D.C.	6,939	14	803	10	6,136	15
Houston	6,900	15	719	15	6,181	14
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove	6,847	16	465	21	6,382	12
Boston	6,493	17	727	14	5,766	18
St. Louis	6,488	18	766	12	5,722	19
Minneapolis-St. Paul	6,127	19	361	23	5,776	17
Chicago	5,722	20	585	19	5,137	20
Cleveland	5,634	21	794	11	4,840	23
Milwaukee	5,634	22	306	24	5,058	21
Philadelphia	5,358	23	638	17	4,720	24
Nassau-Suffolk	5,134	24	239	25	4,895	22
Pittsburgh	3,485	25	382	22	3,104	25

*SMSA means Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area. The Minneapolis-St. Paul SMSA comprises the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, Washington, Wright and Chisago in Minnesota, and St. Croix in Wisconsin.

NOTE: Serious crimes are murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft and motor-vehicle theft.

Table 7
HOUSEHOLDS TOUCHED BY REPORTED SERIOUS CRIME,
UNITED STATES, 1975-1980[1]

	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980
Number of households touched by crime (in thousands)[2]	23,377	23,504	23,741	24,277	24,730	24,222
Number of households in U.S. (in thousands)	73,123	74,528	75,904	77,578	78,964	80,622
Percent of households touched by:						
All crimes[3]	32.0	31.5	31.3	31.3	31.3	30.0
Rape	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Robbery	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.2
Assault	4.5	4.4	4.7	4.6	4.8	4.4
Personal larceny	16.4	16.2	16.3	16.2	15.4	14.2
Burglary	7.7	7.4	7.2	7.2	7.1	7.0
Household larceny	10.2	10.3	10.2	9.9	10.8	10.4
Motor-vehicle theft	1.8	1.6	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.6

[1] "Serious" crimes are murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft and motor-vehicle theft.

[2] Figures cannot be totaled because of overlap in those households touched by different crimes.

[3] These figures may not compute to percents shown because of rounding.

Source: *Bureau of Justice Statistics Bulletin,* "The Prevalence of Crime," 1980

Figure 9
METROPOLITAN REGIONAL POLICY AREAS

Urban Service Area

Rural Service Area

Freestanding Growth Centers

ST. FRANCIS • BETHEL • LINWOOD
BURNS • OAK GROVE • EAST BETHEL
ANOKA CO. • COLUMBUS
RAMSEY • ANDOVER • HAM LAKE • FOREST LAKE • NEW SCANDIA
DAYTON • ANOKA • LINO LAKES • MARINE
HASSAN • CHAMPLIN • COON RAPIDS • CENTERVILLE • MAY
ROGERS • BLAINE • HUGO
HANOVER • LEXINGTON • CIRCLE PINES • WASHINGTON CO.
GREENFIELD • CORCORAN • MAPLE GROVE • OSSEO • MOUNDS VIEW • SHOREVIEW • STILLWATER
ROCKFORD • BROOKLYN PARK • FRIDLEY • NORTH OAKS • WHITE BEAR LAKE • GRANT
HENNEPIN CO. • BROOKLYN CENTER • NEW BRIGHTON • VADNAIS HEIGHTS • STILLWATER
LORETTO • CRYSTAL • ARDEN HILLS
INDEPENDENCE • MEDINA • PLYMOUTH • NEW HOPE • LITTLE CANADA • NORTH ST. PAUL • BAYTOWN
MAPLE PLAIN • ROSEVILLE • MAPLEWOOD • OAKDALE • LAKE ELMO • WEST LAKELAND
LONG LAKE • GOLDEN VALLEY • RAMSEY CO. • LAKELAND
WATERTOWN • ORONO • WAYZATA • MINNETONKA • ST. LOUIS PARK • SAINT PAUL • ST. CROIX BEACH
MINNETRISTA • DEEPHAVEN • HOPKINS • MINNEAPOLIS • WOODBURY • AFTON
HOLLYWOOD • WATERTOWN • ST. BONIFACIUS • SHOREWOOD • EDINA • WEST ST. PAUL • SOUTH ST. PAUL • NEWPORT
MAYER • VICTORIA • CHANHASSEN • EDEN PRAIRIE • RICHFIELD • AIRPORT • MENDOTA HEIGHTS • SUNFISH LAKE • ST. PAUL PARK
NEW GERMANY • WACONIA • LAKETOWN • BLOOMINGTON • EAGAN • INVER GROVE HEIGHTS • COTTAGE GROVE • DENMARK
CAMDEN • WACONIA • CHASKA • BURNSVILLE • DAKOTA CO.
CARVER CO. • CHASKA • JACKSON • SHAKOPEE • SAVAGE • APPLE VALLEY • ROSEMOUNT • NININGER • HASTINGS
YOUNG AMERICA • COLOGNE • CARVER • PRIOR LAKE • COATES
NORWOOD • DAHLGREN • LOUISVILLE • SPRING LAKE • CREDIT RIVER • LAKEVILLE • EMPIRE • VERMILLION • MARSHAN • RAVENNA
YOUNG AMERICA • BENTON • SAND CREEK • VERMILLION
HAMBURG • HANCOCK • SAN FRANCISCO • SCOTT CO. • FARMINGTON
ST. LAWRENCE • JORDAN • NEW MARKET • HAMPTON • NEW TRIER
BELLE PLAINE • HELENA • CEDAR LAKE • NEW MARKET • EUREKA • CASTLE ROCK • HAMPTON • MIESVILLE • DOUGLAS
BLAKELEY • BELLE PLAINE • NEW PRAGUE • ELKO • RANDOLPH
GREENVALE • WATERFORD • SCIOTA

N
MILES 5 10 15 20 25

TWIN CITIES METROPOLITAN AREA

1 SPRING PARK	9 MOUND	17 FALCON HEIGHTS	25 GEM LAKE
2 ORONO	10 ROBBINSDALE	18 MENDOTA	26 BIRCHWOOD
3 MINNETONKA BEACH	11 SPRING LAKE PARK	19 LILYDALE	27 WHITE BEAR
4 TONKA BAY	12 U. S. GOVT.	20 GREY CLOUD	28 BAYPORT
5 EXCELSIOR	13 HILLTOP	21 LANDFALL	29 WILLERNIE
6 GREENWOOD	14 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS	22 DELLWOOD	30 OAK PARK HEIGHTS
7 WOODLAND	15 ST. ANTHONY	23 PINE SPRINGS	31 LAKELAND SHORES
8 MEDICINE LAKE	16 LAUDERDALE	24 MAHTOMEDI	32 ST. MARY'S POINT

ANOKA —— County Boundary
ORONO —— Municipal Boundary
CAMDEN --- Township Boundary

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Figure 10
RATES FOR REPORTED VIOLENT CRIME, BY
DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK POLICY AREAS
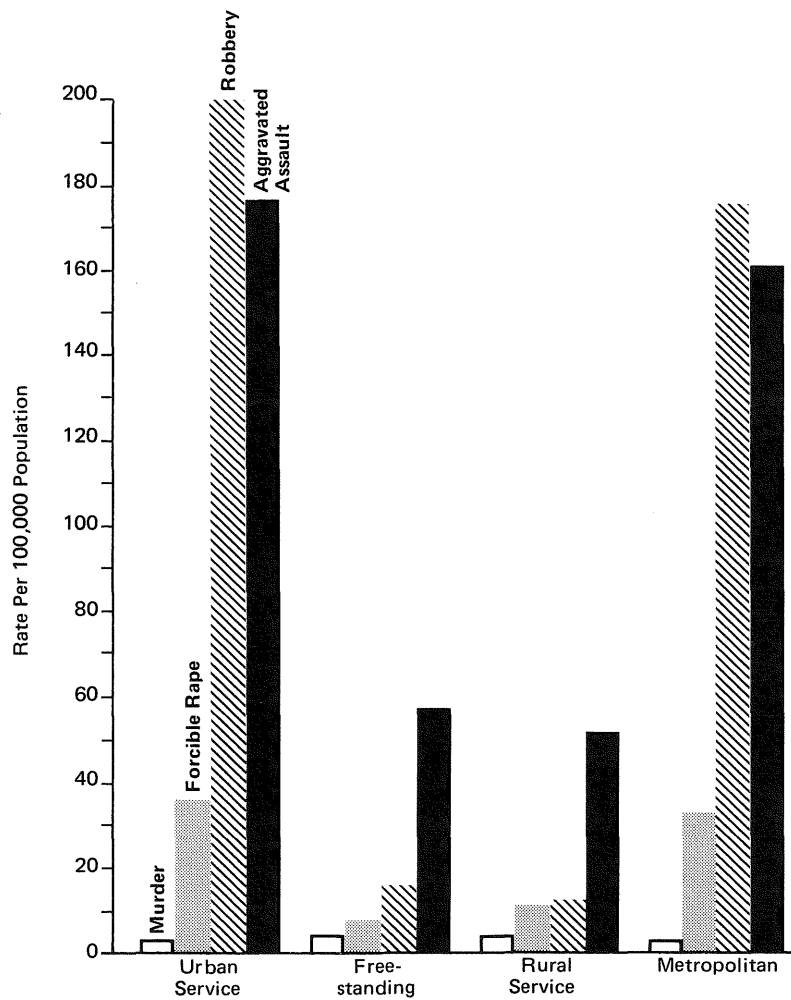
NOTE: Violent crimes are: murder, forcible rape,
robbery and aggravated assault.

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Figure 11
**RATES FOR REPORTED PROPERTY CRIME, BY
DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK POLICY AREAS**
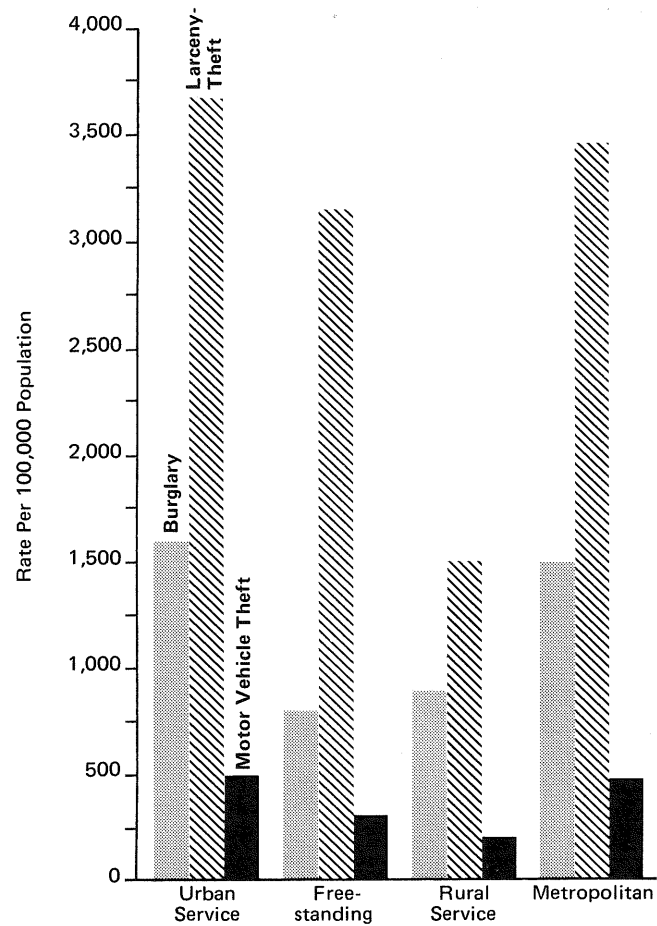
NOTE: Property crimes are: burglary, larceny-theft
and motor-vehicle theft.

Figure 12
SERIOUS CRIME RATES FOR 25 LARGEST METROPOLITAN AREAS IN UNITED STATES, 1980
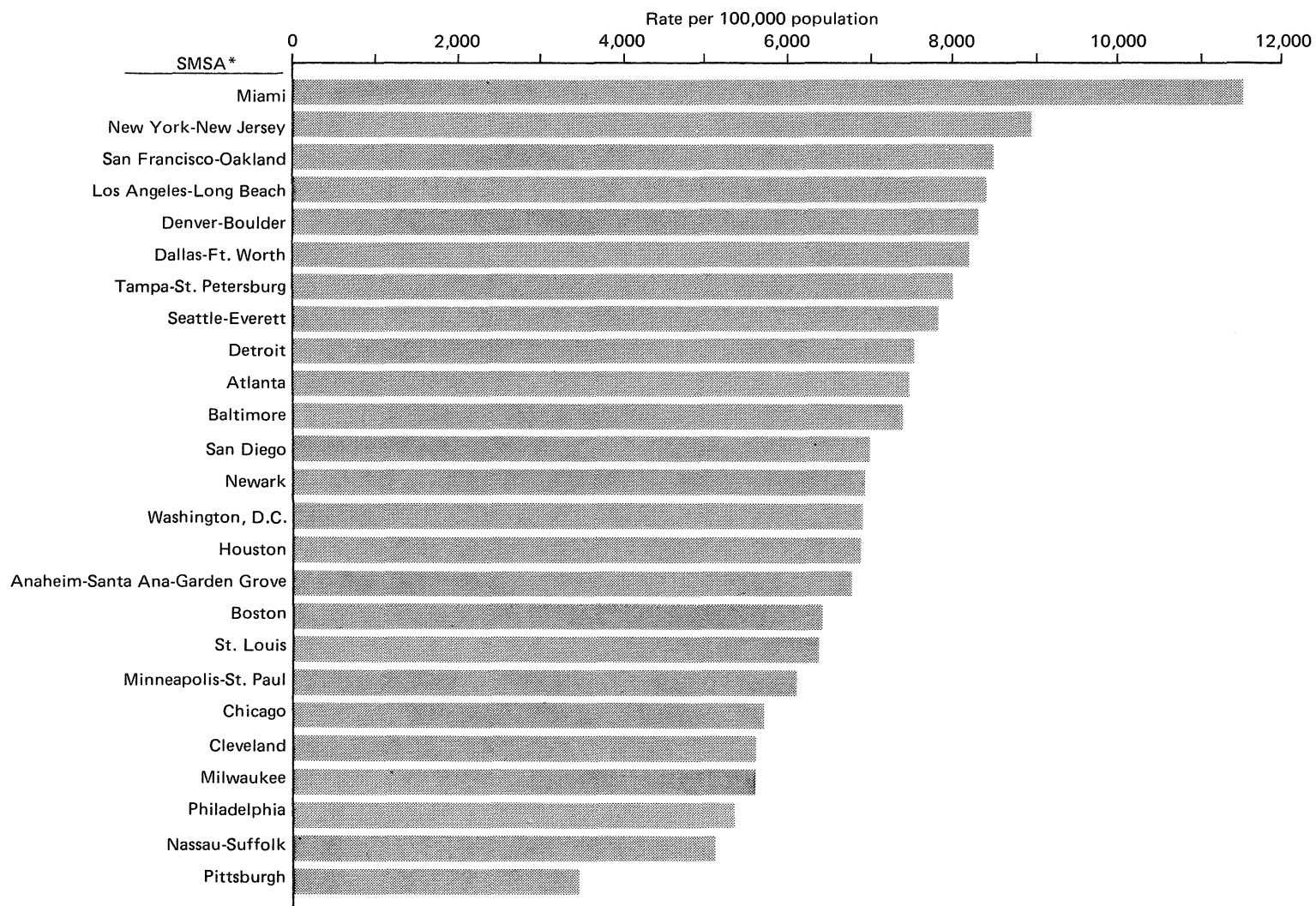
Rate per 100,000 population

SMSA*

Miami
New York-New Jersey
San Francisco-Oakland
Los Angeles-Long Beach
Denver-Boulder
Dallas-Ft. Worth
Tampa-St. Petersburg
Seattle-Everett
Detroit
Atlanta
Baltimore
San Diego
Newark
Washington, D.C.
Houston
Anaheim-Santa Ana-Garden Grove
Boston
St. Louis
Minneapolis-St. Paul
Chicago
Cleveland
Milwaukee
Philadelphia
Nassau-Suffolk
Pittsburgh

*SMSA means Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area. The Minneapolis-St. Paul SMSA comprises the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, Washington, Wright and Chisago in Minnesota, and St. Croix in Wisconsin.

NOTE: Serious crimes are murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft and motor-vehicle theft.

2. ANALYSIS OF EACH SERIOUS CRIME

MURDER AND NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER

Definition

Murder and non-negligent manslaughter, as defined in the Uniform Crime Reporting Program (UCR), is the willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Classification of this offense, as in all other crime index offenses, is based solely on police investigation and voluntary submission of police statistics by law enforcement agencies. Classification is not determined by a court, medical examiner, coroner, jury, or other judicial body. Exempt from inclusion in this classification are: deaths caused by negligence, suicide or accident; justifiable homicides, which are the killings of felons by law enforcement officers in the line of duty or by private citizens; and attempts to murder or assaults to murder, which are defined as aggravated assaults.

Number Reported

Seventy murders were reported in the Twin Cities Metropolitan Area during 1980, which is 67 percent of all murders statewide. Hennepin County accounted for 64 percent of murders in the Seven-County Area and 43 percent of murders statewide (see Table 8).

Clearance Rate

The Metropolitan Area clearance rate (percentage of cases solved) for murder during 1980 was 76 percent, only 2 percent less than the rate for 1979.

Rate

In 1980 there were 3.5 murders for every 100,000 Twin Cities Area inhabitants, which compares with a 3.4 murder rate in 1979. The 1980 statewide murder rate was 3.0 per 100,000 population.

Trend

The number of murders increased 2.9 percent from 1979 to 1980 in the Metropolitan Area. Table 2 shows an increase of 52 percent in murders reported from 1970 to 1980 in the Seven-County Area and an increase of 40 percent in the rate of murder during this same period.

Table 9 shows an increase of murders from 1979 to 1980 in Hennepin and Ramsey Counties, but no increase in surrounding counties.

FORCIBLE RAPE

Definition

Forcible rape, as defined by the UCR, constitutes sexual intercourse (sexual penetration, however slight) with a female (not one's wife) through the use of force or the threat of force

and against her will. The element of forcefully overcoming the victim's ability to resist can take the forms of physical power or coercive threats. If the victim is unconscious, or for some other reason (such as mental illness) unable to offer consent and this condition is known to the offender, the offense is still forcible rape.

The term "forcible" rape contrasts it with "statutory rape," in which sexual union is consensual but the female is under the legal age of consent. The UCR does not include statutory rape in reporting offenses, but does include assaults or attempts to commit rape by force or threat of force.

Table 8
REPORTED MURDERS, BY COUNTY,
TWIN CITIES AREA, 1980

County	Percent
Anoka	1.4%
Carver	0.0
Dakota	1.4
Hennepin	64.3
Ramsey	28.6
Scott	0.0
Washington	4.3
	100.0%

Table 9
REPORTED MURDER OFFENSES AND RATES,
BY COUNTY, 1979 AND 1980

County	Reported Offenses		Rates per 100,000 Population	
	1979	1980	1979	1980
Anoka	1	1	.5	.5
Carver	1	0	2.7	0
Dakota	1	1	.5	.5
Hennepin	40	45	4.3	4.7
Ramsey	16	20	3.5	4.4
Scott	5	0	10.8	0
Washington	4	3	3.5	2.6

Number Reported

During 1980 there were 730 forcible rapes reported in the Metropolitan Area. Forcible rape made up .6 percent of the reported serious crime total and accounted for 9.6 percent of violent crimes. The seven serious crimes are: violent crimes are murder and non-negligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery and aggravated assault; property crimes are burglary, larceny-theft and motor-vehicle theft. In 1980, Hennepin County reported 50 percent of the rapes in Minnesota and 65 percent of rapes within the Metropolitan Area. Table 10 shows the Area's reported forcible rapes by county.

Clearance Rate

The clearance rate for forcible rape in 1980 was 30 percent. This represents a drop in clearance rate for rape from the 1979 level of 41 percent.

Rate

By UCR definition, the victims of forcible rape are always female. Since a current estimate of the female population in the Metropolitan Area is not available, the rate per 100,000 has been calculated on total population. Accordingly, the 1980 rate for forcible rapes is 36.7 per 100,000, an increase from a rate of 32.9 in 1979.

Trend

The number of forcible rape offenses in 1980 was up 11.2 percent over 1979 and 138 percent over 1970. The increase in the rate of rapes (per 100,000 population) from 1970 to 1980 was 125 percent (see Table 3). Table 11 shows that the rate of reported forcible rapes rose in five of the seven Area counties from 1979 to 1980.

Table 10
REPORTED FORCIBLE RAPES,
BY COUNTY, TWIN CITIES AREA, 1980

County	Percent
Anoka	4.4%
Carver	.4
Dakota	3.7
Hennepin	65.0
Ramsey	23.0
Scott	.8
Washington	2.7
	100.0%

Table 11
REPORTED FORCIBLE RAPES AND RATES,
BY COUNTY, 1979 AND 1980

County	Reported Offenses		Rates per 100,000 Population	
	1979	1980	1979	1980
Anoka	34	32	17	16
Carver	5	3	13	8
Dakota	26	27	13	14
Hennepin	425	474	45	50
Ramsey	151	168	33	37
Scott	2	6	4	13
Washington	13	20	12	18

ROBBERY

Definition

Robbery is the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons (owner or temporary guardian of the property) by force, threat of force or violence, or by putting the victim in fear. If a weapon is used to physically subdue or threaten the victim, the crime is "aggravated" or "armed" robbery. Pretended or unseen weapons constitute armed robbery or attempt, unless on-the-spot-arrest proves otherwise. Robbery of banks and commercial establishments are included in the UCR classification.

Number Reported

In 1980 there were 3,706 robberies reported in the Metropolitan Area. Robbery made up 49 percent of all violent crimes and 2.9 percent of all serious offenses. Of the Area's robberies, 68.7 percent occurred in Hennepin County. Robberies in the Metropolitan Area made up 92 percent of the state's robberies in 1980. More than two-thirds of the total Metropolitan Area robberies occurred in Hennepin, the state's most populous county. Table 12 shows the distribution of reported robberies throughout the Area's seven counties.

Clearance Rate

Sixteen percent of robberies reported in the Metropolitan Area during 1980 were cleared by arrest. This is a decrease from the 24-percent clearance rate in 1979.

Rate

The 1980 rate of 186.5 robberies per 100,000 inhabitants in the Metropolitan Area (Table 3) was 6.2 percent above the 1979 rate. The robbery rate statewide was 99 per 100,000 in 1980.

Trend

The number of robberies reported in 1980 increased 5.9 percent over 1979 and 12.9 percent over 1970. The overall Metropolitan Area rate for robbery increased 6.8 percent over the decade (see Table 3). Table 13 shows robbery rates among the Area's seven counties from 1979 to 1980.

Table 12	
REPORTED ROBBERIES,	
BY COUNTY, TWIN CITIES AREA, 1980	
County	Percent
Anoka	2.5%
Carver	0.1
Dakota	1.7
Hennepin	68.7
Ramsey	26.3
Scott	0.1
Washington	0.6
	100.0%

Table 13
REPORTED ROBBERY OFFENSES AND RATES,
BY COUNTY, 1979 AND 1980

County	Reported Offenses		Rates per 100,000 Population	
	1979	1980	1979	1980
Anoka	84	91	42	46
Carver	5	2	13	5
Dakota	71	63	36	32
Hennepin	2,314	2,547	246	270
Ramsey	990	974	215	213
Scott	5	5	11	11
Washington	28	24	25	21

AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

Definition

Aggravated assault is an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe bodily injury, usually accompanied by use of a weapon or other means likely to produce death or great bodily harm.

It is not necessary that any injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used that could result in serious personal injury. Factors in determining this offense are: type of weapon or use made of an object as a weapon; seriousness of injury; and intent of the assailant to inflict serious injury.

Number Reported

Aggravated assaults reported in the Metropolitan Area in 1980 numbered 3,036, making up 2.4 percent of all serious offenses and 40 percent of violent crimes. Eighty-nine percent of the Area's aggravated assaults were reported in Hennepin and Ramsey Counties (see Table 14). Hennepin County accounted for 39.1 percent of aggravated assaults statewide.

Clearance Rate

Forty-eight percent of aggravated assaults reported in the Metropolitan Area in 1980 were cleared by arrest, as compared with 62 percent in 1979.

Rate

During 1980, 153 aggravated assaults were reported per 100,000 inhabitants of the Seven-County Area. This was less than in 1979 when the aggravated assault rate reached a 10-year peak of 161 per 100,000 inhabitants (see Table 3). Ramsey County showed the highest rate of reported aggravated assaults in 1980 among the seven counties (see Table 15). The 1980 statewide rate of aggravated assaults was 103 per 100,000 inhabitants.

Trend

In 1980 the number of aggravated assaults decreased 5.1 percent compared with those in 1979 and increased 77 percent over the 1970 total. The rate of increase per 100,000 from 1970 to 1980 was 68 percent (see Table 3).

Table 14 REPORTED AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS, BY COUNTY, TWIN CITIES AREA, 1980		
County	**Percent**	
Anoka	2.9%	
Carver	0.4	
Dakota	4.3	
Hennepin	53.7	
Ramsey	35.3	
Scott	1.3	
Washington	2.1	
	100.0%	

Table 15
REPORTED AGGRAVATED ASSAULTS AND RATES, BY COUNTY, 1979 AND 1980

County	Reported Offenses		Rates per 100,000 Population	
	1979	1980	1979	1980
Anoka	113	87	57	44
Carver	11	11	30	30
Dakota	122	130	63	67
Hennepin	1,888	1,632	201	173
Ramsey	952	1,074	207	235
Scott	22	39	48	87
Washington	89	63	79	55

BURGLARY

Definition

Burglary is the unlawful entry of a structure to commit a theft or felony. The use of force to gain entry is not required to classify the offense as burglary. The Uniform Crime Report classifies burglary into three sub-groups: forcible entry, unlawful entry where no force is used, and attempted forcible entry.

Number Reported

In 1980 there were 33,640 burglaries reported in the Metropolitan Area, which was two-thirds of reported burglaries statewide. Hennepin and Ramsey Counties accounted for 81 percent of the Area's reported burglaries (see Table 16). Burglaries made up 26.8 percent of the Area's total reported serious offenses in 1980 and constituted 28.5 percent of property crimes.

Clearance Rate

Nine percent of burglaries reported in the Metropolitan Area in 1980 were cleared by arrest; down two percent from 1979.

Rate

The 1,694 burglaries per 100,000 inhabitants reported during 1980 rose 13.6 percent over the 1979 rate. The rate of burglaries (per 100,000 population) increased 42.2 percent from 1970 to 1980 (Table 3). Statewide the 1980 burglary rate was 1,245 victims per 100,000.

Trend

The number of burglary offenses rose 13.2 percent in 1980 over the number in 1979 and 51 percent over the 1970 figure (see Table 3). The number of reported burglaries and the rate of burglary increased in each of the seven Metropolitan Area counties from 1979 to 1980 (see Table 17).

LARCENY-THEFT

Definition

Larceny-theft is the unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the

Table 16 REPORTED BURGLARIES, BY COUNTY, TWIN CITIES AREA, 1980

County	Percent
Anoka	8.1%
Carver	0.7
Dakota	5.4
Hennepin	53.1
Ramsey	27.5
Scott	1.2
Washington	4.0
	100.0%

Table 17
REPORTED BURGLARY OFFENSES AND RATES,
BY COUNTY, 1979 AND 1980

County	Reported Offenses		Rates per 100,000 Population	
	1979	1980	1979	1980
Anoka	2,040	2,709	1,025	1,381
Carver	231	239	621	645
Dakota	1,812	1,832	930	944
Hennepin	15,468	17,858	1,645	1,893
Ramsey	8,703	9,267	1,890	2,026
Scott	273	406	593	905
Washington	1,168	1,329	1,035	1,170

possession or constructive possession of another. Larceny and theft mean the same thing in Uniform Crime Reporting. Larceny-theft excludes motor-vehicle theft, which is counted separately because of the great number of thefts in that category.

All thefts that are not part of a robbery, burglary, or motor-vehicle theft are classified as larceny-theft regardless of the value of the article stolen. All thefts and attempted thefts are counted. It includes crimes such as shoplifting, pocket-picking, purse-snatching, thefts from motor vehicles, thefts of motor-vehicle parts and accessories, bicycle thefts, thefts from buildings, and thefts from coin-operated devices or machines in which no use of force, violence, or fraud occurs. This category does not include embezzlement, forgery or fraud.

Number Reported

In 1980, a total of 76,165 larceny-theft offenses were reported in the Metropolitan Area. Larceny-theft made up 60 percent of the Area's serious reported crimes and 64.5 percent of its property crimes. Hennepin County accounted for 51.4 percent of larceny-thefts reported in the Metropolitan Area (see Table 18). Statewide there were 122,728 larceny-thefts in 1980, of which Hennepin County made up 32 percent and Ramsey County 14.8 percent.

Clearance Rate

Nineteen percent of larceny-theft offenses reported in the Metropolitan Area were cleared by arrest. This represents a two-percent decrease from the 1979 clearance rate.

Rate

During 1980, there were 3,835 larceny-thefts in the Metropolitan Area per 100,000 inhabitants, an increase of 11 percent from the 1979 rate (see Table 3). Hennepin County led the Area in rate of larceny-thefts. Statewide the larceny-theft rate was 3,025 per 100,000 persons.

Trend

The number of larceny-thefts in 1980 rose 10.7 percent from 1979 in the Metropolitan Area and increased 49 percent from 1970. The rate (per 100,000 population) increased 41 percent from 1970 to 1980. With the exception of Dakota County, each of the Metropolitan Area counties reported an increase in the larceny-theft rate from 1979 to 1980 (see Table 19).

Table 18
REPORTED LARCENY-THEFTS,
BY COUNTY, TWIN CITIES AREA, 1980

County	Percent
Anoka	9.8%
Carver	.8
Dakota	7.3
Hennepin	51.4
Ramsey	24.0
Scott	1.9
Washington	4.8
	100.0%

Table 19
REPORTED LARCENY-THEFT OFFENSES AND RATES,
BY COUNTY, 1979 AND 1980

County	Reported Offenses		Rates per 100,000 Population	
	1979	1980	1979	1980
Anoka	6,543	7,445	3,288	3,796
Carver	576	622	1,548	1,679
Dakota	5,629	5,533	2,888	2,850
Hennepin	35,000	39,199	3,722	4,156
Ramsey	16,582	18,277	3,601	3,997
Scott	1,176	1,427	2,556	3,182
Washington	3,183	3,662	2,819	3,225

MOTOR-VEHICLE THEFT

Definition

Motor-vehicle theft is defined in UCR as the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. The UCR defines a motor vehicle as a self-propelled vehicle that runs on the surface and not on rails. Examples of motor vehicles include automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, motor scooters and snowmobiles. Temporary use by those having lawful access is not counted as motor-vehicle theft.

Number Reported

There were 8,117 motor-vehicle thefts reported in the Metropolitan Area in 1980. This was 6.4 percent of all Metropolitan Area serious crimes. Hennepin County made up 56.7 percent of motor-vehicle thefts in the Seven-County Area (see Table 20). Statewide there were 12,008 motor-vehicle thefts reported in 1980, of which 55 percent occurred in Hennepin and Ramsey Counties.

Clearance Rate

The 1980 clearance rate for motor-vehicle theft was 18 percent, down 1 percent from 1979.

Rate

The motor-vehicle theft rate of 408.6 offenses per 100,000 inhabitants in 1980 dropped 12 percent from 1979 (Table 3). Hennepin and Ramsey Counties led the Area in rate of motor-vehicle thefts in 1980, although their rates fell from those of 1979 (see Table 21).

Trend

Over the decade, the number of motor-vehicle thefts in the Metropolitan Area decreased 28 percent. The rate of thefts per 100,000 fell from 601.5 in 1970 to 408.6 in 1980, a drop of 32 percent for the 10-year period (see Table 3). Of the seven Metropolitan Area counties, Ramsey County experienced the greatest reduction in motor-vehicle theft rate from 1979 to 1980 (Table 21).

Table 20
REPORTED MOTOR-VEHICLE THEFTS,
BY COUNTY, TWIN CITIES AREA, 1980

County	Percent
Anoka	7.5%
Carver	0.5
Dakota	6.0
Hennepin	56.7
Ramsey	24.9
Scott	1.4
Washington	3.0
	100.0%

Table 21
REPORTED MOTOR-VEHICLE THEFT OFFENSES
AND RATES, BY COUNTY, 1979 AND 1980

County	Reported Offenses		Rates per 100,000 Population	
	1979	1980	1979	1980
Anoka	669	609	336	311
Carver	47	44	126	119
Dakota	457	487	234	251
Hennepin	5,161	4,599	549	488
Ramsey	2,515	2,021	546	442
Scott	107	111	233	248
Washington	330	246	292	217

3. WHERE DO WE GO FROM HERE?

With the preceding analysis of past crime trends as background, this section examines possible future directions for crime prevention and control in the Twin Cities Metropolitan Area.

HOW MUCH MORE CRIME IN THE FUTURE?

Unlike some other large metropolitan areas in the country, the Twin Cities Area has had only modest population growth from 1980 to 1981. This modest growth rate is expected to continue throughout the decade. If crime rates (that is, the number of crimes reported per 100,000 people) were to remain stable, the Area could expect a levelling off of the number of serious crimes reported in 1981 and in the rest of the decade. At worst, the Area could expect a modest increase of less than one percent from 1980 to 1981 and a relatively modest increase of approximately 11 percent for the decade.

However, the trend data in this report reveals a tendency toward increasing crime rates, particularly for the property crimes of burglary, robbery and larceny-theft. This crime rate increase may be fueled by the following unfavorable circumstances that have surfaced in 1981 and that may continue through the mid-1980s.

— *Relatively high unemployment.* Unemployment brings economic and emotional stress to individuals and families. This is a concern to the extent that such stresses are associated with crime.

— *Unfulfilled economic aspirations of those who are employed.* Rising inflation, energy costs and taxes erode family incomes, preventing employed people from achieving a standard of living many feel they deserve. This restriction may lead greater numbers of people to feel "cheated," which may erode their sense of responsibility to the community.

— *A decline in availability of supportive services to families and children.* This means fewer programs in employment training and diversion for young people who have shown a tendency to get into trouble.

— *Overburdening of the criminal justice system.* Declining tax revenue means less support for law enforcement, prosecution, court operations and corrections. Consequently, more people may be left free to commit crimes while awaiting investigation, apprehension, adjudication, sentencing and confinement.

On the other hand, other demographic changes projected for the Metropolitan Area point to a potential slowdown in the rising rate of crime. A steady decrease in crime-prone age groups (years 8 to 17) is projected over the next 10 years. If such an age shift occurs as predicted, it may offset the unfavorable circumstances listed above.

Studies have shown that a disproportionately large number of young people are arrested for serious crimes like burglary, larceny and auto theft. Some experts believe that these demographic factors (such as the percent of population under age 18) are a reliable predictor of crime rates for a given population group.

Economic hard times threaten the Area's funding for crime control and prevention. According to recent estimates, there are more than 3,500 licensed local police officers at work in the Seven-County Area. In addition, hundreds of other specialized investigative and enforcement officers work in the Area's federal and state agencies. In 1980, expenditures

in Metropolitan Area public safety exceeded $150 million. This category of local public expenditure is surpassed only by spending on welfare and education.

Funds to support local law enforcement activities have traditionally come from local property taxes levied by cities and counties. However, recent cutbacks of state and federal revenue sharing have put severe pressure on this funding source. Many local officials have cut back on incremental increases for law enforcement services. Similar pressure is exerted on federal, state and local financial support for court operations and corrections.

In light of these severe budget limitations, local governments will have to develop management structures and methods that are even more productive than they are now. The need for cooperation and sharing of specialized personnel appears to be growing. In order to further prevent and control crime in the Twin Cities Area, it may be necessary for individuals, families and neighborhoods to take on more responsibility and to cooperate more fully with local law enforcement officers.

In this time of diminishing public resources, it may be necessary to concentrate crime prevention and control efforts on those offenses that pose the greatest threat to the community or cause the greatest human suffering. The current crime reporting system may be inappropriate as a tool for analyzing crime and allocating scarce resources. Current "objective" crime reporting by authorities to the public may give a distorted view of the crime problem.

The police Executive Research Foundation is currently experimenting with a new crime reporting method known as the "Crime Classification System." According to its proponents, the new method provides more information about human suffering inflicted on the crime victim.

The proposed new system incorporates the use of "seriousness scoring," which measures crimes according to the relative amount of human suffering experienced by the victim. This victim-oriented approach to reporting crime promises to be a useful tool in the allocation of scarce public law enforcement funds.

OPPORTUNITIES FOR COOPERATION

Local governments in the Twin Cities Area may well face the prospect of fighting a gradually increasing rate of crime in the 1980s with funding levels that will likely remain close to those of today. What can be done? Are there ways in which the crime-control effort can be made more effective without dramatically increasing funding levels?

Among other remedies, it may be helpful to view crime control and prevention from a metropolitan-wide perspective. From this vantage point, it may be possible to identify opportunities for sharing the limited financial and technical resources local governments need to control crime. Such cooperation can lead to sharing of successful strategies for solving local problems of crime prevention and control.

A recent report of the U.S. Attorney General's Task Force on Violent Crime lists 64 proposals for attacking crime in this country. Very few of these proposals called for spending money. Cooperation, according to FBI Director William H. Webster, is the nation's best weapon against crime.

If Webster is correct, people and their governments in the Twin Cities Area may be a step ahead of many other metropolitan areas. The Twin Cities Area currently enjoys a high degree of inter-governmental cooperation in many areas. To build upon that, the Metropolitan Council is eager to work with federal, state and local governments to strengthen overall cooperation in the battle against crime.

APPENDIX A: NOTES ABOUT THE CRIME DATA

UNIFORM CRIME REPORTING SYSTEM

Data in this report is supplied by the Uniform Crime Reporting Program unless otherwise designated. The program is a local, county and state law enforcement effort administered by the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) since 1930. It gives a nationwide view of crime based on police statistics voluntarily submitted by law enforcement agencies throughout the country.

In 1972 Minnesota began collecting crime-related data as part of a computerized, statewide reporting program on criminal justice. Through Minnesota's crime reporting statutes, participating Minnesota law enforcement agencies are required to submit information as determined by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension. Reported offenses are recorded by the municipality and county in which they occur, rather than by the agency that may investigate, arrest, or otherwise dispose of the case. Crime data and information submitted by municipal and county law enforcement agencies is collected on a daily and semi-daily basis under the Minnesota Criminal Justice Reporting Program.

SERIOUS CRIME INDEX

Only "Part I crimes" are included in this report.[9] These refer to seven crimes chosen on the basis of their seriousness, frequency, and likelihood of being reported to the police. The crimes are: murder and non-negligent manslaughter, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft and motor-vehicle theft. These seven crimes, with the addition of arson, make up the Uniform Crime Reports Crime Index. The index serves as a measure for evaluating annual changes in the volume of crime.

The crime index is a single number obtained by adding together all incidents of each of these crimes. If more than one index offense occurs during a single incident, only the most serious is reported in the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) program and included in the crime index total. These index offenses are often called "Part I crimes," in reference to the original FBI two-part reporting form that separated offenses into Part I and Part II.

Some tables and figures in this report break down serious offenses into categories of "violent crimes" (i.e., crimes against a person) and "property crimes" (i.e., crimes against property). Thus, offenses such as murder, rape, robbery, and assault are violent crimes or crimes against a person. Burglary, larceny, and auto theft are property crimes, or crimes against property.

CRIME RATES

Crime rates tell whether reported crime is increasing or decreasing and whether it is growing faster, slower, or at the same pace as the population. Rates can be constructed for specific crimes and for specific groups in the general population.

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[9]The seven major "Part I crimes" are referred to in this report as "serious crimes." This usage excludes negligent manslaughter and simple assault.

APPENDIX B: REPORTED SERIOUS CRIMES, CLEARANCES AND CRIME RATES, TWIN CITIES METROPOLITAN AREA, 1980

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
ANOKA COUNTY								
Anoka								
Population 15,634								
Number Reported	0	2	5	6	232	619	53	917
Number Cleared	0	2	0	5	17	75	10	109
Percent Cleared		100		83	7	12	19	12
Crime Rate		13	32	38	1,484	3,960	339	5,867
Andover								
Population 9,387								
Number Reported	0	1	1	5	123	152	24	306
Number Cleared	0	0	0	4	3	5	5	17
Percent Cleared				80	2	3	21	6
Crime Rate		11	11	53	1,310	1,619	256	3,259
Blaine								
Population 28,558								
Number Reported	0	6	14	9	395	1,780	106	2,310
Number Cleared	0	2	4	9	44	324	39	422
Percent Cleared		33	29	100	11	18	37	18
Crime Rate		21	49	32	1,383	6,232	371	8,088
Circle Pines-Lexington								
Population 5,471								
Number Reported	0	4	1	0	82	203	24	314
Number Cleared	0	3	0	0	3	22	3	31
Percent Cleared		75			4	11	13	10
Crime Rate		73	18		1,499	3,711	439	5,740
Columbia Heights								
Population 20,029								
Number Reported	0	0	15	15	283	767	38	1,118
Number Cleared	0	0	4	6	23	222	9	264
Percent Cleared			27	40	8	29	24	24
Crime Rate			75	75	1,413	3,829	190	5,582
Coon Rapids								
Population 35,826								
Number Reported	0	9	14	10	513	1,478	71	2,095
Number Cleared	0	5	4	7	67	301	23	407
Percent Cleared		56	29	70	13	20	32	19
Crime Rate		25	39	28	1,432	4,125	198	5,847
East Bethel								
Population 6,626								
Number Reported	0	1	1	4	120	127	17	270
Number Cleared	0	1	0	0	2	4	1	8
Percent Cleared		100			2	3	6	3
Crime Rate		15	15	60	1,810	1,916	256	4,072
Fridley								
Population 30,228								
Number Reported	0	5	24	13	405	1,504	140	2,091
Number Cleared	0	3	10	6	25	393	35	472
Percent Cleared		60	42	46	6	26	25	23
Crime Rate		17	79	43	1,340	4,975	463	6,917
Ham Lake								
Population 7,832								
Number Reported	0	0	3	4	123	144	17	291
Number Cleared	0	0	0	2	2	3	3	10
Percent Cleared				50	2	2	18	3
Crime Rate			38	51	1,571	1,839	217	3,716

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
ANOKA COUNTY (continued)								
Ramsey Township								
Population 10,093								
Number Reported	0	0	0	3	70	212	21	306
Number Cleared	0	0	0	3	18	28	14	63
Percent Cleared				100	26	13	67	21
Crime Rate				30	694	2,101	208	3,033
Hilltop								
Population 817								
Number Reported	0	0	2	6	14	81	7	110
Number Cleared	0	0	0	1	1	4	1	7
Percent Cleared				17	7	5	14	6
Crime Rate			244	732	1,707	9,878	854	13,415
Lino Lakes								
Population 4,966								
Number Reported	0	0	0	5	79	100	34	218
Number Cleared	0	0	0	4	4	6	4	18
Percent Cleared				80	5	6	12	8
Crime Rate				101	1,590	2,012	684	4,386
Spring Lake Park								
Population 6,477								
Number Reported	0	1	7	0	51	32	20	111
Number Cleared	0	0	1	0	10	2	3	16
Percent Cleared			14		20	6	15	14
Crime Rate		15	108		787	494	309	1,713
Anoka County Sheriff*								
Population 14,163								
Number Reported	1	3	4	7	219	246	37	517
Number Cleared	1	1	1	3	2	11	2	21
Percent Cleared	100	33	25	43	1	4	5	4
Crime Rate	7	21	28	49	1,547	1,737	261	3,651
ANOKA COUNTY TOTALS								
Population 196,107								
Number Reported	1	32	91	87	2,709	7,445	609	10,974
Number Cleared	1	17	24	50	221	1,400	152	1,865
Percent Cleared	100	53	26	57	8	19	25	17
Crime Rate	1	16	46	44	1,381	3,796	311	5,596

*This group of jurisdictions in Anoka County do not have their own police departments. Their crime statistics are reported through the county sheriff's department.

NOTE: The population of Blaine is now entirely within Anoka County.
The Spring Lake Park population includes the city's residents living in Ramsey County.
"Anoka County Sheriff" figures include the following communities: Bethel, Burns Township, Centerville, Columbus Township, Linwood Township, Oak Gorve Township and St. Francis.
Anoka County's population includes residents of Spring Lake Park in Ramsey County.

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
CARVER COUNTY								
Chanhassen								
Population 6,359								
Number Reported	0	0	0	2	41	143	11	197
Number Cleared	0	0	0	2	3	19	4	28
Percent Cleared				100	7	13	36	14
Crime Rate				31	645	2,248	173	3,097

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total

CARVER COUNTY (continued)

Chaska
Population 8,346

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	2	1	4	95	222	23	347
Number Cleared	0	2	1	4	20	66	14	107
Percent Cleared		100	100	100	21	30	61	31
Crime Rate		24	12	48	1,138	2,659	275	4,156

Waconia
Population 2,638

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	0	0	0	16	43	2	61
Number Cleared	0	0	0	0	6	4	0	10
Percent Cleared					38	9		16
Crime Rate					606	1,629	76	2,311

Carver County Sheriff*
Population 19,711

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	1	1	5	87	214	8	316
Number Cleared	0	0	0	4	21	21	2	48
Percent Cleared				80	24	10	25	15
Crime Rate		5	5	25	441	1,086	41	1,603

CARVER COUNTY TOTALS
Population 37,054

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	3	2	11	239	622	44	921
Number Cleared	0	2	1	10	50	110	20	193
Percent Cleared		67	50	91	21	18	45	21
Crime Rate		8	5	30	645	1,679	119	2,486

*This group of jurisdictions in Carver County do not have their own police departments. Their crime statistics are reported through the county sheriff's department.

NOTE: Chanhassen's population includes the city's residents living in Hennepin County.
"Carver County Sheriff" figures include the following communities: Benton Township, Camden Township, Carver, Chaska Township, Cologne, Dahlgren Township, Hamburg, Hancock Township, Hollywood Township, Laketown Township, Mayer, New Germany, Norwood, San Francisco Township, Victoria, Waconia Township, Watertown, Watertown Township, Young America and Young America Township.

Carver County's population includes the residents of Chanhassen in Hennepin County.

DAKOTA COUNTY

Apple Valley
Population 21,818

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	2	3	6	138	397	19	565
Number Cleared	0	1	0	6	30	100	7	144
Percent Cleared		50		100	22	25	37	25
Crime Rate		9	14	27	632	1,819	87	2,589

Burnsville
Population 35,674

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	4	10	28	593	1,388	143	2,166
Number Cleared	0	2	0	11	36	411	21	481
Percent Cleared		50		39	6	30	15	22
Crime Rate		11	28	78	1,662	3,891	401	6,072

Eagan
Population 20,532

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	2	4	7	146	545	50	754
Number Cleared	0	0	1	6	28	97	14	146
Percent Cleared			25	86	19	18	28	19
Crime Rate		10	19	34	711	2,655	244	3,673

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total

DAKOTA COUNTY (continued)

Farmington
Population 4,370

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	0	3	3	36	146	18	206
Number Cleared	0	0	2	2	9	22	8	43
Percent Cleared			67	67	25	15	44	21
Crime Rate			69	69	824	3,341	412	4,714

Hastings
Population 12,827

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	2	1	6	73	332	31	445
Number Cleared	0	2	1	4	46	111	8	172
Percent Cleared		100	100	67	63	33	26	39
Crime Rate		16	8	47	569	2,588	242	3,468

Inver Grove Heights
Population 17,171

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	1	4	7	17	246	539	54	868
Number Cleared	1	0	3	13	17	66	6	106
Percent Cleared	100		43	76	7	12	11	12
Crime Rate	6	23	41	99	1,433	3,139	315	5,055

Lakeville
Population 14,790

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	4	1	35	174	373	50	637
Number Cleared	0	2	0	26	13	68	20	129
Percent Cleared		50		74	7	18	40	20
Crime Rate		27	7	237	1,176	2,522	338	4,307

Mendota Heights
Population 7,288

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	2	0	2	61	128	6	199
Number Cleared	0	0	2	0	5	8	2	17
Percent Cleared					8	6	33	9
Crime Rate	27			27	837	1,756	82	2,730

Rosemount
Population 5,083

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	1	1	2	22	179	8	213
Number Cleared	0	0	0	1	3	22	1	27
Percent Cleared				50	14	12	13	13
Crime Rate		20	20	39	433	3,524	157	4,193

South St. Paul
Population 21,235

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	3	16	7	186	505	48	765
Number Cleared	0	1	2	4	18	46	11	82
Percent Cleared		33	13	57	10	9	23	11
Crime Rate		14	75	33	876	2,378	226	3,602

West St. Paul
Population 18,527

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	3	15	10	79	796	45	948
Number Cleared	0	1	4	2	14	232	11	264
Percent Cleared		33	27	20	18	29	24	28
Crime Rate		16	81	54	426	4,296	243	5,116

Dakota County Sheriff*
Population 14,799

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	0	2	7	78	205	15	307
Number Cleared	0	0	0	5	7	11	2	25
Percent Cleared				71	9	5	13	8
Crime Rate			14	47	527	1,385	101	2,074

DAKOTA COUNTY TOTALS
Population 194,114

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	1	27	63	130	1,832	5,533	487	8,073
Number Cleared	1	9	15	80	226	1,194	111	1,636
Percent Cleared	100	33	24	62	12	22	23	20
Crime Rate	1	14	32	67	944	2,850	251	4,159

*This group of jurisdictions in Dakota County do not have their own police departments. Their crime statistics are reported through the county sheriff's department.

DAKOTA COUNTY (continued)

NOTE: Hastings' population includes the city's residents living in Washington County.

"Dakota County Sheriff" figures include the following communities: Castle Rock Township, Coates, Douglas Township, Empire Township, Eureka Township, Greenvale Township, Hampton, Hampton Township, Lilydale, Marshan Township, Mendota, Miesville, New Trier, Nininger Township, Randolph, Randolph Township, Ravenna Township, Sciota Township, Sunfish Lake, Vermillion, Vermillion Township, and Waterford Township.

Dakota County's population includes residents of Hastings in Washington County and excludes residents of Northfield in Dakota County.

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
HENNEPIN COUNTY								
Bloomington								
Population 81,831								
Number Reported	1	9	42	44	681	3,244	322	4,343
Number Cleared	1	4	12	37	112	832	113	1,111
Percent Cleared	100	44	29	84	16	26	35	26
Crime Rate	1	11	51	54	832	3,964	393	5,307
Brooklyn Center								
Population 31,230								
Number Reported	1	8	15	19	433	1,688	149	2,313
Number Cleared	1	2	5	13	52	444	20	537
Percent Cleared	100	25	33	68	12	26	13	23
Crime Rate	3	26	48	61	1,386	5,405	477	7,406
Brooklyn Park								
Population 43,332								
Number Reported	0	25	18	85	768	1,532	172	2,600
Number Cleared	0	12	7	59	136	251	37	502
Percent Cleared		48	39	69	18	16	22	19
Crime Rate		58	42	196	1,772	3,536	397	6,000
Champlin								
Population 9,006								
Number Reported	0	0	3	15	134	250	18	420
Number Cleared	0	0	1	7	12	27	1	48
Percent Cleared			33	47	9	11	6	11
Crime Rate			33	166	1,487	2,775	200	4,661
Corcoran								
Population 4,252								
Number Reported	1	0	0	0	12	16	0	29
Number Cleared	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	2
Percent Cleared	100					6		7
Crime Rate	24				282	376		682
Crystal								
Population 25,543								
Number Reported	0	5	13	22	253	892	65	1,250
Number Cleared	0	1	4	15	28	315	28	391
Percent Cleared		20	31	68	11	35	43	31
Crime Rate		20	51	86	991	3,493	255	4,894
Dayton								
Population 4,070								
Number Reported	1	0	1	3	19	59	4	87
Number Cleared	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	4
Percent Cleared				67		3		5
Crime Rate	25		25	74	467	1,450	98	2,138
Deephaven								
Population 3,716								
Number Reported	0	0	0	0	77	92	7	176
Number Cleared	0	0	0	0	18	10	5	33
Percent Cleared					23	11	71	19
Crime Rate					2,070	2,473	188	4,731

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total

HENNEPIN COUNTY (continued)

Eden Prairie
Population   16,263

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	5	2	7	129	559	29	731
Number Cleared	0	2	1	5	25	106	10	149
Percent Cleared		40	50	71	19	19	34	20
Crime Rate		31	12	43	793	3,438	178	4,496

Edina
Population   46,073

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	7	13	12	427	1,389	68	1,916
Number Cleared	0	1	0	7	37	482	8	535
Percent Cleared		14		58	9	35	12	28
Crime Rate		15	28	26	927	3,015	148	4,159

Golden Valley
Population   22,775

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	3	21	13	234	615	77	963
Number Cleared	0	1	5	9	35	89	20	159
Percent Cleared		33	24	69	15	14	26	17
Crime Rate		13	92	57	1,027	2,700	338	4,227

Hopkins
Population   15,336

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	1	17	15	166	997	73	1,269
Number Cleared	0	1	2	11	12	181	14	221
Percent Cleared		100	12	73	7	18	19	17
Crime Rate		7	111	98	1,082	6,499	476	8,272

Independence
Population   4,061

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	1	3	3	31	76	12	126
Number Cleared	0	0	2	2	10	19	8	41
Percent Cleared			67	67	32	25	67	33
Crime Rate		25	74	74	764	1,872	296	3,103

Long Lake
Population   1,747

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	0	0	2	12	59	16	89
Number Cleared	0	0	0	0	1	4	8	13
Percent Cleared					8	7	50	15
Crime Rate				114	686	3,371	914	5,086

Maple Grove
Population   20,525

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	3	2	2	118	385	40	550
Number Cleared	0	0	0	1	17	57	11	86
Percent Cleared				50	14	15	28	16
Crime Rate		15	10	10	575	1,875	195	2,679

Medina
Population   2,623

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	9
Number Cleared	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Crime Rate						344		344

Minneapolis
Population 370,951

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	36	373	2,267	1,241	11,609	17,504	2,790	35,820
Number Cleared	26	48	196	306	554	2,826	143	4,099
Percent Cleared	72	13	9	25	5	16	5	11
Crime Rate	10	101	611	335	3,130	4,719	752	9,656

Minnetonka Beach
Population   575

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	0	0	0	0	19	1	20
Number Cleared	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	5
Percent Cleared						21	100	25
Crime Rate						3,276	172	3,448

Minnetonka
Population   38,683

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	4	8	10	401	1,068	93	1,584
Number Cleared	0	3	5	6	54	251	33	352
Percent Cleared		75	63	60	13	24	35	22
Crime Rate		10	21	26	1,037	2,761	240	4,095

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total

HENNEPIN COUNTY (continued)

Minnetrista
Population 3,236

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	0	0	0	36	47	6	89
Number Cleared	0	0	0	0	1	4	3	8
Percent Cleared					3	9	50	9
Crime Rate					1,111	1,451	185	2,747

Mound
Population 9,280

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	1	0	3	5	114	396	42	561
Number Cleared	1	0	1	5	40	38	7	92
Percent Cleared	100		33	100	35	10	17	16
Crime Rate	11		32	54	1,228	4,267	453	6,045

New Hope
Population 23,087

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	0	5	11	149	663	32	860
Number Cleared	0	1	3	8	43	135	8	198
Percent Cleared			60	73	29	20	25	23
Crime Rate			22	48	645	2,871	139	3,725

Orono
Population 6,845

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	1	1	0	7	80	254	15	358
Number Cleared	0	1	1	1	15	36	12	66
Percent Cleared		100		14	19	14	80	18
Crime Rate	15	15		102	1,168	3,708	219	5,226

Osseo
Population 2,974

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	0	0	4	44	215	27	290
Number Cleared	0	0	0	3	3	8	0	14
Percent Cleared				75	7	4		5
Crime Rate				135	1,481	7,239	909	9,764

Plymouth
Population 31,615

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	4	7	17	301	945	69	1,343
Number Cleared	0	2	2	13	45	154	19	235
Percent Cleared		50	29	76	15	16	28	18
Crime Rate		13	22	54	952	2,989	218	4,247

Richfield
Population 37,851

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	1	7	37	41	309	1,083	129	1,607
Number Cleared	0	3	7	24	31	157	29	251
Percent Cleared		43	19	59	10	15	22	16
Crime Rate	3	18	98	108	816	2,861	341	4,246

Robbinsdale
Population 14,422

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	1	15	5	215	512	31	779
Number Cleared	0	0	7	3	11	98	8	127
Percent Cleared			47	60	5	19	26	16
Crime Rate		7	104	35	1,491	3,551	215	5,402

St. Anthony
Population 7,981

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	1	0	9	6	182	293	30	521
Number Cleared	1	0	4	1	13	47	7	73
Percent Cleared	100		44	17	7	16	23	14
Crime Rate	13		113	75	2,281	3,672	376	6,529

St. Louis Park
Population 42,931

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	8	28	19	643	1,755	153	2,606
Number Cleared	0	4	13	13	80	477	32	619
Percent Cleared		50	46	68	12	27	21	24
Crime Rate		19	65	44	1,498	4,088	356	6,070

South Lake Minnetonka
Population 9,176

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	3	2	3	142	377	14	541
Number Cleared	0	2	1	1	12	44	3	63
Percent Cleared		67	50	33	8	12	21	12
Crime Rate		33	22	33	1,547	4,107	153	5,893

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total

HENNEPIN COUNTY (continued)

Wayzata
Population 3,621

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	1	2	6	4	70	230	14	327
Number Cleared	1	2	1	2	7	39	1	53
Percent Cleared	100	100	17	50	10	17	7	16
Crime Rate	28	55	166	110	1,934	6,354	387	9,033

Hennepin County Sheriff*
Population 7,596

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	0	2	10	38	107	12	169
Number Cleared	0	0	0	5	6	14	6	31
Percent Cleared				50	16	13	50	18
Crime Rate			26	132	500	1,408	158	2,224

University of Minnesota

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	2	7	6	30	1,579	7	1,631
Number Cleared	0	0	2	1	3	54	1	61
Percent Cleared			29	17	10	3	14	4

Metropolitan Airport

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	2	1	1	1	290	82	377
Number Cleared	0	2	0	0	0	18	5	25
Percent Cleared		100				6	6	7

HENNEPIN COUNTY TOTALS
Population 943,207

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	45	474	2,547	1,632	17,858	39,199	4,599	66,354
Number Cleared	32	92	282	560	1,413	7,224	601	10,204
Percent Cleared	71	19	11	34	8	18	13	15
Crime Rate	5	50	270	173	1,893	4,156	488	7,035

*This group of jurisdictions in Hennepin County do not have their own police departments. Their crime statistics are reported through the county sheriff's department.

NOTE: Independence figures include the data for Maple Plain. These communities have established the West Hennepin County Department of Public Safety.

St. Anthony includes the city's residents living in Ramsey County.

South Lake Minnetonka includes Excelsior, Greenwood, Shorewood and Tonka Bay.

"Hennepin County Sheriff" figures include the following communities: Fort Snelling, Greenfield, Hassan Township, Loretto, Medicine Lake, Rogers, St. Bonifacius, Spring Park and Woodland.

Hennepin County includes the populations of Dayton in Wright County and St. Anthony in Ramsey County. It excludes the populations in Chanhassen, Hanover and Rockford.

Dayton includes Dayton residents in Wright County.

RAMSEY COUNTY

Arden Hills
Population 8,012

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	1	1	2	78	207	18	307
Number Cleared	0	1	0	2	4	17	5	29
Percent Cleared		100		100	5	8	28	9
Crime Rate		12	12	25	974	2,584	225	3,833

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total

RAMSEY COUNTY (continued)

Falcon Heights
Population 5,291

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	3	5	4	36	93	15	156
Number Cleared	0	2	3	2	1	4	4	16
Percent Cleared		67	60	50	3	4	27	10
Crime Rate		57	95	76	681	1,758	284	2,949

Lauderdale
Population 1,985

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	0	4	0	19	52	8	83
Number Cleared	0	0	0	0	1	4	0	5
Percent Cleared					5	8		6
Crime Rate			201		955	2,613	402	4,171

Little Canada
Population 7,102

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	3	4	13	116	324	62	522
Number Cleared	0	1	1	5	10	49	20	86
Percent Cleared		33	25	38	9	15	32	16
Crime Rate		42	56	183	1,634	4,563	873	7,352

Maplewood
Population 26,990

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	1	3	23	13	300	1,216	82	1,638
Number Cleared	1	1	8	6	30	219	10	275
Percent Cleared	100	33	35	46	10	18	12	17
Crime Rate	4	11	85	48	1,112	4,505	304	6,069

Mounds View
Population 12,593

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	0	3	1	73	508	52	637
Number Cleared	0	0	1	0	16	94	15	126
Percent Cleared			33		22	19	29	20
Crime Rate			24	8	580	4,035	413	5,060

New Brighton
Population 23,269

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	3	8	5	179	640	59	894
Number Cleared	0	3	1	3	28	116	15	166
Percent Cleared		100	13	60	16	18	25	19
Crime Rate		13	34	21	769	2,750	254	3,842

North Oaks
Population 2,846

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	3	0	0	0	21	42	1	67
Number Cleared	3	0	0	0	2	11	1	17
Percent Cleared	100				10	26	100	25
Crime Rate	105				737	1,474	35	2,351

North St. Paul
Population 11,921

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	2	1	4	139	429	18	593
Number Cleared	0	2	0	4	29	143	6	184
Percent Cleared		100		100	21	33	33	31
Crime Rate		17	8	34	1,166	3,599	151	4,975

Roseville
Population 35,820

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	6	27	6	326	1,792	178	2,335
Number Cleared	0	1	8	2	18	462	10	501
Percent Cleared		17	30	33	6	26	6	21
Crime Rate		17	75	17	910	5,003	497	6,519

St. Paul
Population 270,230

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	16	140	876	1,000	7,297	11,443	1,362	22,134
Number Cleared	13	77	220	651	810	2,218	341	4,330
Percent Cleared	81	55	25	65	11	19	25	20
Crime Rate	6	52	324	370	2,700	4,235	504	8,191

Shoreview
Population 17,300

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	1	1	3	127	326	32	490
Number Cleared	0	1	0	2	15	30	7	55
Percent Cleared		100		67	12	9	22	11
Crime Rate		6	6	17	734	1,884	185	2,832

RAMSEY COUNTY (continued)

Vadnais Heights	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Population 5,111								
Number Reported	0	1	4	5	126	142	25	303
Number Cleared	0	0	1	4	13	16	10	44
Percent Cleared			25	80	10	11	40	15
Crime Rate		20	78	98	2,466	2,779	489	5,930
White Bear Lake								
Population 22,538								
Number Reported	0	3	13	12	220	708	49	1,005
Number Cleared	0	0	3	9	34	131	6	183
Percent Cleared			23	75	15	19	12	18
Crime Rate		13	58	53	976	3,141	217	4,459
Ramsey County Sheriff								
Population 6,315								
Number Reported	0	2	4	6	210	355	60	637
Number Cleared	0	0	0	2	20	43	19	84
Percent Cleared				33	10	12	32	13
Crime Rate		32	63	95	3,323	5,617	949	10,079

RAMSEY COUNTY TOTALS

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Population 457,323								
Number Reported	20	168	974	1,074	9,267	18,277	2,021	31,801
Number Cleared	17	89	246	692	1,031	3,557	469	6,101
Percent Cleared	85	53	25	64	11	19	23	19
Crime Rate	4	37	213	235	2,026	3,997	442	6,954

*This group of jurisdictions in Ramsey County do not have their own police departments. Their crime statistics are reported through the county sheriff's department.

NOTE: White Bear Lake includes the city's residents living in Washington County.
"Ramsey County Sheriff" figures include Gem Lake and White Bear Township.
Ramsey County excludes the population of Blaine, St. Anthony and Spring Lake Park in Ramsey County, and includes the population of White Bear Lake in Washington County.

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total

SCOTT COUNTY

Belle Plaine	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	0	0	3	25	135	6	169
Number Cleared	0	0	0	3	5	27	5	40
Percent Cleared				100	20	20	83	24
Crime Rate				109	909	4,909	218	6,145
Jordan								
Population 2,663								
Number Reported	0	0	0	5	20	44	4	73
Number Cleared	0	0	0	3	4	7	2	16
Percent Cleared				60	20	16	50	22
Crime Rate				188	752	1,654	150	2,744
New Prague								
Population 2,952								
Number Reported	0	0	0	2	4	76	6	88
Number Cleared	0	0	0	2	0	13	4	19
Percent Cleared				100		17	67	22
Crime Rate				68	136	2,576	203	2,983

SCOTT COUNTY (continued)

Prior Lake
Population 7,284

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	1	1	7	101	309	16	435
Number Cleared	0	1	1	7	13	50	4	76
Percent Cleared		100	100	100	13	16	25	17
Crime Rate		14	14	96	1,387	4,245	220	5,975

Savage
Population 3,954

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	3	1	6	66	135	16	227
Number Cleared	0	3	0	5	4	10	2	24
Percent Cleared		100		83	6	7	13	11
Crime Rate		76	25	152	1,671	3,418	405	5,747

Shakopee
Population 9,941

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	1	1	4	101	521	43	671
Number Cleared	0	0	1	4	11	92	13	121
Percent Cleared			100	100	11	18	30	18
Crime Rate		10	10	40	1,016	5,241	433	6,751

Scott County Sheriff*
Population 15,290

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	1	2	12	89	207	20	331
Number Cleared	0	0	0	10	8	39	10	67
Percent Cleared				83	9	19	50	20
Crime Rate		7	13	78	582	1,354	131	2,165

SCOTT COUNTY TOTALS
Population 44,838

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	6	5	39	406	1,427	111	1,994
Number Cleared	0	4	2	34	45	238	40	363
Percent Cleared		67	40	87	11	17	36	18
Crime Rate		13	11	87	905	3,182	248	4,447

*This group of jurisdictions in Scott County do not have their own police departments. Their crime statistics are reported through the county sheriff's department.

NOTE: Although New Prague is not considered part of the Metropolitan Area, data from the city is shown for crime reporting purposes. New Prague includes the city's residents living in Scott and LeSeuer Counties.

"Scott County Sheriff" figures include the following communities: Belle Plaine Township, Blakeley Township, Cedar Lake Township, Credit River Township, Elko, Helena Township, Jackson Township, Louisville Township, New Market, New Market Township, St. Lawrence Township, Sand Creek Township, and Spring Lake Township.

WASHINGTON COUNTY

Bayport
Population 2,932

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	2	0	0	7	6	24	1	40
Number Cleared	2	0	0	2	0	2	0	6
Percent Cleared	100			29		8		15
Crime Rate	68			239	205	819	34	1,365

Cottage Grove
Population 18,994

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
Number Reported	0	0	4	15	106	612	31	768
Number Cleared	0	0	1	7	16	140	11	175
Percent Cleared			25	47	15	23	35	23
Crime Rate			21	79	558	3,223	163	4,044

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
WASHINGTON COUNTY (continued)								
Forest Lake								
Population 4,596								
Number Reported	0	1	3	3	104	358	28	497
Number Cleared	0	0	0	1	20	52	16	89
Percent Cleared				33	19	15	57	18
Crime Rate		22	65	65	2,261	7,783	609	10,804
Hugo								
Population 3,771								
Number Reported	0	1	0	2	33	48	14	98
Number Cleared	0	1	0	2	4	6	5	18
Percent Cleared		100		100	12	13	36	18
Crime Rate		27		53	875	1,273	371	2,599
Lake Elmo								
Population 5,296								
Number Reported	0	0	0	3	104	168	20	295
Number Cleared	0	0	0	3	13	20	6	42
Percent Cleared				100	13	12	30	14
Crime Rate				57	1,962	3,170	377	5,566
Mahtomedi								
Population 3,851								
Number Reported	0	1	1	2	71	127	12	214
Number Cleared	0	1	1	2	14	17	3	38
Percent Cleared		100	100	100	20	13	25	18
Crime Rate		26	26	52	1,844	3,299	312	5,558
Newport								
Population 3,323								
Number Reported	0	1	2	3	28	149	11	194
Number Cleared	0	1	1	1	2	9	2	16
Percent Cleared		100	50	33	7	6	18	8
Crime Rate		30	60	90	843	4,488	331	5,843
Oakdale								
Population 12,123								
Number Reported	0	2	3	0	115	402	22	544
Number Cleared	0	0	3	0	36	152	13	204
Percent Cleared			100		31	38	59	38
Crime Rate		17	25		949	3,317	182	4,488
St. Paul Park								
Population 4,874								
Number Reported	0	0	1	7	38	196	16	258
Number Cleared	0	0	1	5	7	32	3	48
Percent Cleared			100	71	18	16	19	19
Crime Rate			21	144	780	4,025	329	5,298
Stillwater								
Population 12,290								
Number Reported	1	3	3	9	122	470	23	631
Number Cleared	0	2	1	8	17	94	8	130
Percent Cleared		67	33	89	14	20	35	21
Crime Rate	8	24	24	73	993	3,824	187	5,134
Woodbury								
Population 10,297								
Number Reported	0	8	1	2	160	267	11	449
Number Cleared	0	3	0	2	15	36	2	58
Percent Cleared		38		100	9	13	18	13
Crime Rate		78	10	19	1,553	2,592	107	4,359
Washington County Sheriff*								
Population 31,208								
Number Reported	0	3	6	10	442	841	57	1,359
Number Cleared	0	1	2	7	41	94	15	160
Percent Cleared		33	33	70	9	11	26	12
Crime Rate		10	19	32	1,416	2,695	183	4,354
WASHINGTON COUNTY								
Population 113,555								
Number Reported	3	20	24	63	1,329	3,662	246	5,347
Number Cleared	2	9	10	40	185	654	84	984
Percent Cleared	67	45	42	63	14	18	34	18
Crime Rate	3	18	21	55	1,170	3,225	217	4,709

*This group of jurisdictions in Washington County do not have their own police departments. Their crime statistics are reported through the county sheriff's department.

WASHINGTON COUNTY (continued)

NOTE: "Washington County Sheriff" figures include the following communities: Afton, Baytown Township, Birchwood, Dellwood, Denmark Township, Forest Lake Township, Grant, Grey Cloud Township, Lakeland, Lakeland Shores, Lake St. Croix Beach, Landfall, Marine on St. Croix, May Township, New Scandia Township, Oak Park Heights, Pine Springs, St. Mary's Point, Stillwater Township, West Lakeland Township and Willernie.

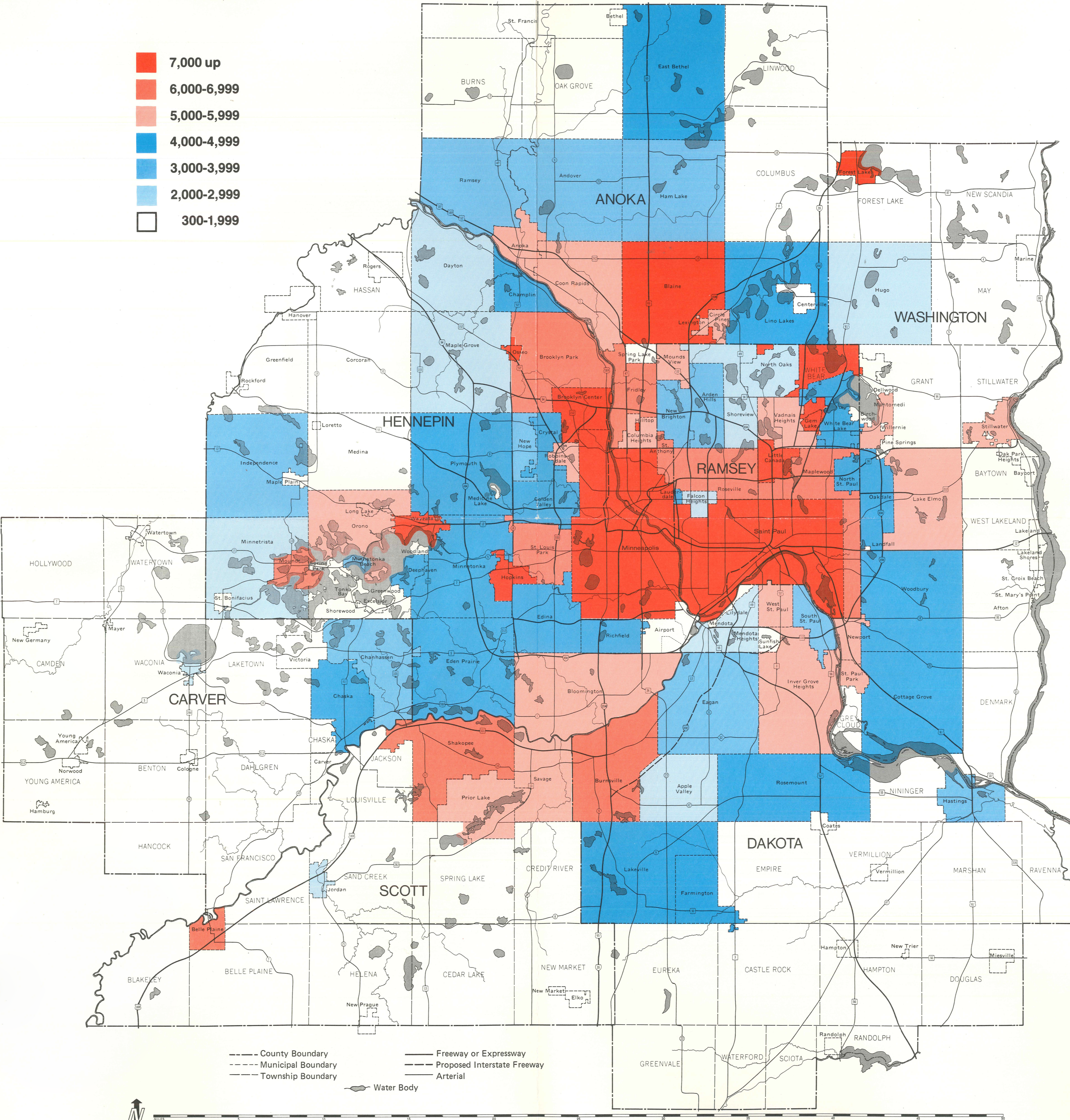Washington County totals exclude the population of Hastings and White Bear Lake in Washington County.

	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny-Theft	Motor-Vehicle Theft	Total
METROPOLITAN AREA TOTALS								
Population 1,986,198								
Number Reported	70	730	3,707	3,039	33,643	76,207	8,137	125,533
Number Cleared	53	222	580	1,469	3,171	14,380	1,497	21,372
Percent Cleared	76	30	16	48	9	19	18	17
Crime Rate	4	37	187	153	1,694	3,837		6,320

NOTE: Although New Prague is not considered part of the Metropolitan Area, data from the city is shown for crime reporting purposes. New Prague includes the city's residents living in Scott and LeSeuer Counties.

Figure 13

1980 REPORTED SERIOUS CRIME RATES FOR THE TWIN CITIES AREA, BY COMMUNITY

Metropolitan Council
OF THE TWIN CITIES AREA

Legend:
- 7,000 up
- 6,000-6,999
- 5,000-5,999
- 4,000-4,999
- 3,000-3,999
- 2,000-2,999
- 300-1,999

----- County Boundary
----- Municipal Boundary
----- Township Boundary
——— Freeway or Expressway
——— Proposed Interstate Freeway
——— Arterial
~~~ Water Body

1 inch = 4 miles

Twin Cities Metropolitan Area

NOTE: Serious crimes are murder, forcible rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft and motor-vehicle theft.

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