STATE OF MINNESOTA Office of the State Auditor



Rebecca Otto State Auditor

MANAGEMENT AND COMPLIANCE REPORT PREPARED AS A RESULT OF THE AUDIT OF

CROW WING COUNTY BRAINERD, MINNESOTA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Description of the Office of the State Auditor

The mission of the Office of the State Auditor is to oversee local government finances for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity and accountability in local governmental financial activities.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 160 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 3,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice - conducts financial and legal compliance audits of local governments;

Government Information - collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

Legal/Special Investigations - provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

Pension - monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for approximately 730 public pension funds; and

Tax Increment Financing - promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employees Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

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Year Ended December 31, 2007



Management and Compliance Report

Audit Practice Division Office of the State Auditor State of Minnesota

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<u>Schedule 1</u>

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

I. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- A. Our report expresses unqualified opinions on the basic financial statements of Crow Wing County.
- B. A deficiency involving internal control was disclosed by the audit of the financial statements of Crow Wing County and is reported in the "Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards.*" It was not a material weakness.
- C. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Crow Wing County were disclosed during the audit.
- D. No matters involving internal control over compliance relating to the audit of the major federal award programs were reported in the "Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133."
- E. The Auditor's Report on Compliance for the major federal award programs for Crow Wing County expresses an unqualified opinion.
- F. No findings were disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133.
- G. The major programs are:

Women, Infants, and Children	CFDA #10.557
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	CFDA #93.558

- H. The threshold for distinguishing between Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- I. Crow Wing County was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

<u>Schedule 1</u> (Continued)

II. FINDINGS RELATED TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AUDITED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INTERNAL CONTROL

ITEM ARISING THIS YEAR

07-1 Internal Control Monitoring

County management is responsible for monitoring the County's internal controls. This would require performing a risk assessment of existing controls over significant functions of the accounting system used to produce financial information for the County Administrator, members of the Board, management, and for external financial reporting. The risk assessment is intended to determine if the internal controls that have been established by management are still effective or if changes are needed to maintain a sound internal control structure. Changes may be necessary due to such things as organizational restructuring, updates to information systems, or changes to services being provided. Our inquiry of County management found that significant internal controls of the accounting system have begun to be documented. Also, significant internal controls are assessed on an informal basis. Significant internal controls would cover such areas as:

- cash and investment activities;
- capital assets (capitalization process and related depreciation);
- major funding sources (taxes, intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, and miscellaneous items);
- expenditure/expense processing; and
- payroll.

Risk assessments performed by the County lack a formal process, as they are not documented to demonstrate what was reviewed and the results.

We recommend that County personnel document the significant internal controls in the accounting system. We also recommend that a formal plan be developed that calls for assessing and monitoring of the internal controls on a regular basis, no less than annually. The monitoring should be documented to show the results of the review, changes required, and who performed the work.

III. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS None.

IV. OTHER FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

ITEMS ARISING THIS YEAR

07-2 Collateral Substitution - Depository Pledge Agreement

The Depository Pledge Agreement with Bremer Bank states:

"...each of the pledgors may substitute Eligible Securities for any of the Collateral held by Custodian at any time by providing Custodian with a substitution notice signed by an authorized representative of the Pledgors, provided that the market value of the Collateral following such substitution would equal or exceed the Required Collateral Value. If either of the Pledgors elect to require Depositor's written consent on a substitution notice in connection with any substitution complies with the preceding sentence, Depositor agrees to provide it promptly upon such Pledgor's request."

Minn. Stat. § 118A.03, subd. 5, states, "[a] financial institution may withdraw excess collateral or substitute other collateral after giving written notice to the governmental entity and receiving confirmation." The processes described by the bank do not meet this standard because they allow the financial institution to substitute collateral before it gives any notice to the governmental entity.

We recommend that the County Treasurer obtain a pledge agreement from Bremer Bank that meets the standard set by statute.

07-3 Standby Letters of Credit

Minn. Stat. § 118A.03, subd. 2, includes as acceptable collateral: "irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by Federal Home Loan Banks to a municipality accompanied by written evidence that the bank's public debt is rated "AA" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., or Standard & Poor's Corporation." The Federal Home Loan Bank that provides letters of credit for Crow Wing County's depositories is not including written evidence of the bank's public debt rating.

We recommend that the County Treasurer obtain "written evidence of the bank's public debt rating" when receiving standby letters of credit from the Federal Home Loan Bank.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM RESOLVED

Insufficient Collateral to Secure Deposits (06-1)

The collateral pledged by Bremer Bank was not sufficient to cover 110 percent of the deposits at December 31, 2006.

Resolution

Sufficient collateral was pledged at December 31, 2007.

OTHER ITEM FOR CONSIDERATION

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, which governs employer accounting and financial reporting for OPEB. This standard, similar to what GASB Statement 27 did for government employee pension benefits and plans, provides the accounting and reporting standards for the various other postemployment benefits many local governments offer to their employees. OPEB can include many different benefits offered to retirees such as health, dental, life, and long-term care insurance coverage.

If retirees are included in an insurance plan and pay a rate similar to that paid for younger active employees, this implicit subsidy is considered OPEB. In fact, local governments may be required to continue medical insurance coverage pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.61, subd. 2b. This benefit is common when accumulated sick leave is used to pay for retiree medical insurance. Under the new GASB statement, accounting for OPEB is now similar to the accounting used by governments for pension plans.

This year, the legislature enacted a new law, Minn. Stat. § 471.6175, intended to help local governments address their OPEB liability in at least three important ways:

- it allows governments to create both irrevocable and revocable OPEB trusts;
- it authorizes the use of a different list of permissible investments for both irrevocable and revocable OPEB trusts; and
- it also permits governments to invest OPEB trust assets with the State Board of Investment, bank trust departments, and certain insurance companies.

Some of the issues that the County Board will need to address in order to comply with the statement are:

- determine if employees are provided OPEB;
- if OPEB are being provided, the County Board will have to determine whether it will advance fund the benefits or pay for them on a pay-as-you-go basis;
- if OPEB are being provided, and the County Board determines that the establishment of a trust is desirable in order to fund the OPEB, the County Board will have to comply with the new legislation enacted authorizing the creation of an OPEB trust and establishing an applicable investment standard;
- if an OPEB trust will be established, the County Board will have to decide whether to establish an irrevocable or a revocable trust, and report that trust appropriately in the financial statements; and
- in order to determine annual costs and liabilities that need to be recognized, the County Board will have to decide whether to hire an actuary.

GASB Statement 45 would be applicable to Crow Wing County for the year ended December 31, 2008.



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of County Commissioners Crow Wing County

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Crow Wing County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated September 26, 2008. Our report was modified to include a reference to other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Other auditors audited the financial statements of the Serpent Lake Sanitary Sewer District, a discretely presented component unit, as described in our report on Crow Wing County's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors, whose report thereon has been furnished to us. The financial statements of the Serpent Lake Sanitary Sewer District were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Crow Wing County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting.

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Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified a deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the County's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the County's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control. We considered the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 07-1 to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe the significant deficiency described above is not a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Crow Wing County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Local Government*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65. Accordingly, the audit included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Local Government* contains six categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, and miscellaneous provisions. Our study included all of the listed categories.

The results of our tests indicate that, for the items tested, Crow Wing County complied with the material terms and conditions of applicable legal provisions, except as described in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 07-2 and 07-3.

Also included in the Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs is an other item for consideration. We believe it to be of benefit to Crow Wing County, and it is included for that purpose.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners, management, others within the County, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 26, 2008



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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of County Commissioners Crow Wing County

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Crow Wing County with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2007. Crow Wing County's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Crow Wing County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on the County's compliance with those requirements.

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In our opinion, Crow Wing County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2007.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Crow Wing County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the County's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the County's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Crow Wing County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated September 26, 2008. We did not audit the financial statements of the Serpent Lake Sanitary Sewer District, a discretely presented component unit. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively

comprise Crow Wing County's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of County Commissioners, management, others within the County, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

September 26, 2008

Schedule 2

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency Grant Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures			Through recipients
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women,					
Infants, and Children	10.557	\$	244,277	\$	-
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services	10 5 41		0.047		
State Administrative Matching Grants for Food Stamp Program	10.561		8,347		-
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		\$	252,624	\$	-
U.S. Department of Justice Direct					
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Grant	16.607	\$	3,384	\$	-
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety Juvenile Accountability Incentive Grant	16.523		10,159		-
Total U.S. Department of Justice		\$	13,543	\$	-
U.S. Department of Transportation					
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Transportation					
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	\$	120,655	\$	-
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Natural Resources					
Recreational Trails Program	20.219		15,258		-
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety Highway Safety Cluster					
State and Community Highway Safety	20.600		10,274		-
Alcohol Traffic Safety and Drunk Driving	20.601		2,339		-
Total U.S. Department of Transportation		\$	148,526	\$	-
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency					
Direct Congressionally Mandated Projects	66.202	\$	184,535	\$	_
Congressionally mandated i rojoots	00.202	Ψ	10 1,000	Ψ	

<u>Schedule 2</u> (Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Federal Grantor Pass-Through Agency Grant Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures		Passed Through to Subrecipients	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services					
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Health					
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention - Investigations					
and Technical Assistance	93.283	\$	103,149	\$	-
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558		57,225		-
Preventive Health and Health Services	93.991		3,250		-
Community Mental Health Block Grant	93.958		60,092		-
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant	93.994		65,874		-
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Human Services					
Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services	93.243		40,000		-
Promoting Safe and Stable Families	93.556		36,547		-
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558		606,659		606,659
Child Care Cluster					
Block Grant - Child Care and Development	93.575		411,324		-
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds	93.596		604,110		-
Community Based Child Abuse Prevention Grant	93.590		64,675		-
Foster Care Title IV-E	93.658		237,317		-
Social Services Block Grant Title XX	93.667		394,531		-
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674		7,473		-
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		\$	2,692,226	\$	606,659
U.S. Department of Homeland Security					
Passed Through Minnesota Department of Public Safety					
State Domestic Preparedness Equipment Support Program	97.004	\$	2,406	\$	-
Boating Safety Financial Assistance	97.012		62,804		-
Emergency Management Performance	97.042		24,671		-
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067		46,678		-
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security		\$	136,559	\$	
Total Federal Awards		\$	3,428,013	\$	606,659

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

1. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of federal award programs expended by Crow Wing County. The County's reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the basic financial statements.

2. The expenditures on this schedule are on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

3. Pass-through grant numbers were not assigned by the pass-through agencies.