STATE OF MINNESOTA Office of the State Auditor



Rebecca Otto State Auditor

CHISAGO COUNTY HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY NORTH BRANCH, MINNESOTA

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Description of the Office of the State Auditor

The mission of the Office of the State Auditor is to oversee local government finances for Minnesota taxpayers by helping to ensure financial integrity and accountability in local governmental financial activities.

Through financial, compliance, and special audits, the State Auditor oversees and ensures that local government funds are used for the purposes intended by law and that local governments hold themselves to the highest standards of financial accountability.

The State Auditor performs approximately 160 financial and compliance audits per year and has oversight responsibilities for over 3,300 local units of government throughout the state. The office currently maintains five divisions:

Audit Practice - conducts financial and legal compliance audits of local governments;

Government Information - collects and analyzes financial information for cities, towns, counties, and special districts;

Legal/Special Investigations - provides legal analysis and counsel to the Office and responds to outside inquiries about Minnesota local government law; as well as investigates allegations of misfeasance, malfeasance, and nonfeasance in local government;

Pension - monitors investment, financial, and actuarial reporting for approximately 730 public pension funds; and

Tax Increment Financing - promotes compliance and accountability in local governments' use of tax increment financing through financial and compliance audits.

The State Auditor serves on the State Executive Council, State Board of Investment, Land Exchange Board, Public Employees Retirement Association Board, Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, and the Rural Finance Authority Board.

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Year Ended December 31, 2007



Audit Practice Division Office of the State Auditor State of Minnesota

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Introductory Section

ORGANIZATION 2007

Title

Term Expires

Board of Directors James Ertz James Stein Greg Berg Dean Perry Dave Boniface Greg Hickcox

Executive Officers Chris Eng Lee Olson Chair Vice Chair Director Director Director Director April 2011 April 2010 December 2007 February 2007 April 2012 January 2012

Executive Director Treasurer Indefinite January 2010

Financial Section



STATE OF MINNESOTA OFFICE OF THE STATE AUDITOR

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Chisago County Housing and Redevelopment Authority Economic Development Authority

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Chisago County Housing and Redevelopment Authority Economic Development Authority, a component unit of Chisago County, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Chisago County Housing and Redevelopment Authority Economic Development Authority's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Chisago County Housing and Redevelopment Authority Economic Development Authority as of December 31, 2007, and the changes in financial position and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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The Management's Discussion and Analysis is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that comprise the Chisago County Housing and Redevelopment Authority Economic Development Authority's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 22, 2008 on our consideration of the Chisago County Housing and Redevelopment Authority Economic Development Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR

December 22, 2008

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS DECEMBER 31, 2007 (Unaudited)

As management of the Chisago County Housing and Redevelopment Authority Economic Development Authority (HRA-EDA), we offer readers of the HRA-EDA's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the HRA-EDA for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the HRA-EDA's basic financial statements following this section. All amounts, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in whole dollars.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The HRA-EDA's total net assets increased by \$207,379 in 2007. This is attributable primarily to nonoperating activities.
- At the close of 2007, the HRA-EDA's reported net assets were \$2,850,918. There are two components that comprise this balance: capital assets, net of related debt of \$1,395,657, and unrestricted net assets of \$1,455,261. Capital assets, net of related debt, decreased by \$23,807. The unrestricted net assets are available for spending at the HRA-EDA's discretion.
- The HRA-EDA's long-term obligations decreased by \$576,464, or 3.7 percent, from the previous year. The reduction was due to principal retirements and some prepayments in 2007, after taking into account the assumption of mortgages totaling \$583,250 as part of a real estate transaction.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the HRA-EDA's basic financial statements. The financial statements report information about the HRA-EDA using full accrual accounting methods as utilized by similar business activities in the private sector.

The basic financial statements include: a statement of net assets; a statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets; a statement of cash flows; and the notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The statement of net assets presents information on all of the HRA-EDA's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the HRA-EDA is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows only in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

The statement of cash flows presents information on the inflows and outflows of cash resulting from operational, financing, and investing activities. This statement presents cash receipt and cash disbursement information without consideration of the earnings event, when an obligation arises, or depreciation of capital assets.

The notes to the financial statements provide required disclosures and additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided.

In addition to the basic financial statements and notes, the HRA-EDA also provides supplementary information on revenues and expenses by program and bonds and note principal and interest maturities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Over time, net assets serve as a useful indicator of the HRA-EDA's financial position. The HRA-EDA's assets exceeded liabilities by \$2,850,918 at the close of 2007.

The HRA-EDA has issued debt on behalf of Chisago County. The corresponding asset related to that debt is recorded on the HRA-EDA's books as a lease receivable.

Net Assets

	2007	2006
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 12,158,492 	\$ 12,933,194 5,562,825
Total Assets	\$ 18,198,850	\$ 18,496,019
Liabilities Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$ 1,499,263 13,848,669	\$ 1,364,201 14,488,279
Total Liabilities	\$ 15,347,932	\$ 15,852,480

(Unaudited)

	2007		2006	
Net Assets Capital assets - net of related debt Unrestricted	\$	1,395,657 1,455,261	\$	1,419,464 1,224,075
Total Net Assets	\$	2,850,918	\$	2,643,539

The HRA-EDA's activities increased net assets by \$207,379, or 7.8 percent.

Change in Net Assets

	 2007	 2006
Revenues Operating revenues Nonoperating revenues	\$ 646,374 1,647,769	\$ 470,158 1,650,626
Total Revenues	\$ 2,294,143	\$ 2,120,784
Expenses Depreciation expenses Other operating expenses Nonoperating expenses	\$ 136,111 700,211 1,250,442	\$ 110,552 488,653 657,894
Total Expenses	\$ 2,086,764	\$ 1,257,099
Increase in Net Assets	\$ 207,379	\$ 863,685
Net Assets - January 1	 2,643,539	 1,779,854
Net Assets - December 31	\$ 2,850,918	\$ 2,643,539

GENERAL TRENDS AND SIGNIFICANT EVENTS

During 2007, the HRA-EDA authorized the issuance of \$300,000 Taxable Housing Revenue Bonds, 2008. The bonds were finalized in 2008, and funds may be used to finance the continuing construction of the senior townhome development in Rush City.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

The HRA-EDA's investment in capital assets totaled \$6,040,358 at December 31, 2007 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, and equipment. The total increase in the HRA-EDA's investment in capital assets for the year was \$477,533, or 8.58 percent. The major capital asset event in 2007 involved the transfer and assumption of Rush Estates I & II, both senior housing developments.

(Unaudited)

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	2007	2006
Land and land improvements	\$ 243,181	\$ 243,181
Buildings	5,728,948	5,271,361
Furniture and equipment	14,115	11,981
Improvements	54,114	36,302
Total	\$ 6,040,358	\$ 5,562,825

Additional information on the HRA-EDA's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the HRA-EDA had total net long-term obligations outstanding of \$14,976,036, backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

Long-Term Debt

	2007	2006
G.O. Lease Revenue Bonds	\$ 1,750,000	\$ 2,595,000
G.O. Public Project Bonds	6,392,682	6,614,138
G.O. Housing Development Bonds	4,070,211	4,143,362
G.O. Taxable Revenue Bonds	1,181,222	1,200,000
Note Payable	1,000,000	1,000,000
Mortgage Payable	581,921	
Total	\$ 14,976,036	\$ 15,552,500

The HRA-EDA's long-term obligations decreased by \$576,464 (3.7 percent) during the fiscal year. Scheduled debt payments, together with some prepayments of principal in December, accounted for the changes to outstanding debt.

Minnesota statutes limit the amount of debt that the HRA-EDA may levy to two percent of Chisago County's total market value. As of the end of 2007, the HRA-EDA is well below the two percent debt limit imposed by state statutes.

Additional information on the HRA-EDA's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS

• Unemployment rates at the end of 2007 were:

Chisago County	6.6 percent
Statewide	4.9 percent
National	5.0 percent

• At the end of 2007, the HRA-EDA set its 2008 revenue and expense budgets.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This annual financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the HRA-EDA's finances for all those with an interest in the HRA-EDA's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information, should be addressed to the Chisago County Housing and Redevelopment Authority Economic Development Authority, P. O. Box 410, 38883 - 7th Avenue, North Branch, Minnesota 55056.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2007

Assets

Current assets	
Cash and pooled investments	\$ 798,391
Petty cash and change funds	60
Cash with escrow agent	1,097,023
Accounts receivable - net	3,964
Leases receivable - current	1,120,000
Due from other governments	15,614
Prepaid items	 11,730
Total current assets	\$ 3,046,782
Noncurrent assets	
Advance to other governments	\$ 1,467
Land held for resale	2,991,827
Deferred debt issuance costs	125,440
Leases receivable - long-term	5,992,976
Capital assets	
Nondepreciable	243,181
Depreciable - net	 5,797,177
Total noncurrent assets	\$ 15,152,068
Total Assets	\$ 18,198,850

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2007 (Continued)

Liabilities

Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	25,582
Salaries payable		1,747
Contracts payable		98,512
Due to other governments		2,487
Accrued interest payable		167,021
Security deposits		47,314
Compensated absences payable		14,616
Mortgages payable		8,760
Bonds payable		1,133,224
Total current liabilities	\$	1,499,263
Noncurrent liabilities		
Compensated absences payable	\$	14,617
Notes payable, due to primary government		1,000,000
Mortgages payable		573,161
Bonds payable		12,260,891
Total noncurrent liabilities	<u>\$</u>	13,848,669
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	15,347,932
<u>Net Assets</u>		
Invested in capital assets - net of related debt	\$	1,395,657
Unrestricted		1,455,261
Total Net Assets	<u>\$</u>	2,850,918

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Operating Revenues		
Charges for services	\$	44,790
Rental income		522,810
Other		78,774
Total Operating Revenues	\$	646,374
Operating Expenses		
Personal services	\$	158,974
Professional services		41,388
General maintenance services		85,232
Administration and fiscal services		53,608
Other services and charges		4,146
Supplies		13,252
Director and staff reimbursed expenses		3,032
Board expenses		3,796
Telephone		5,572
Utilities		70,995
Advertising		17,685
Insurance		16,805
Staff training		2,805
Licenses and dues		2,311
Postage		603
Senior townhome project expenses		71,809
Land held for development expenses		1,000
Miscellaneous		58,953
TIF expenses		11,102
Program expense		63,239
Housekeeping		13,904
Depreciation		136,111
Total Operating Expenses	\$	836,322
Operating Income (Loss)	<u>\$</u>	(189,948)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 (Continued)

Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Property taxes	\$	609,988
Intergovernmental revenue		452,493
Settlement from lawsuit		12,500
Gain on sale of townhomes		28,430
Interest income		92,315
Interest on lease receivable		414,641
Miscellaneous revenue		37,402
Intergovernmental expense		(480,398)
Interest expense		(770,044)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	<u>\$</u>	397,327
Change in Net Assets	\$	207,379
Net Assets - January 1		2,643,539
Net Assets - December 31	\$	2,850,918

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 696,374
Payments to suppliers	(399,816)
Payments to employees	 (160,931)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 135,627
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Property tax receipts	\$ 609,988
Special assessments	12,500
Intergovernmental receipts	1,570,349
Intergovernmental disbursements	(490,426)
Disbursements resulting in leases receivable	 (412,994)
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	\$ 1,289,417
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Deferred debt issuance costs	\$ 5,524
Premium (discount)	10,393
Principal paid on bonds and notes	(1,168,778)
Interest paid on bonds and notes	(790,437)
Principal paid on mortgage	(1,329)
Purchases of capital assets	(613,644)
Proceeds from sale of townhomes	28,430
Mortgages issued	 583,250
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	\$ (1,946,591)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Acquisition of land held for resale	\$ (257,568)
Investment earnings received	92,315
Interest on lease receivables	 414,641
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	\$ 249,388
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ (272,159)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at January 1	 2,167,633
Cash and Cash Equivalents at December 31	\$ 1,895,474

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007 Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Statement of Net Assets		
Cash and pooled investments	\$	798,391
Petty cash and change funds		60
Cash held with escrow agent		1,097,023
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$</u>	1,895,474
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by		
(Used in) Operating Activities	.	(100.040)
Operating income (loss)	\$	(189,948)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by		
(used in) operating activities		
Depreciation expense	\$	136,111
Write-off of advances from other governments		57,914
Miscellaneous nonoperating income		37,402
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		3,541
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		(11,730)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(10,103)
Increase (decrease) in salaries payable		290
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable		4,581
Increase (decrease) in contracts payable		98,512
Increase (decrease) in security deposits		9,057
Total adjustments	\$	325,575
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	<u>\$</u>	135,627

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The Chisago County Housing and Redevelopment Authority Economic Development Authority's (HRA-EDA) financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (statements and interpretations). Governments are also required to follow the pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued through November 30, 1989 (when applicable), that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Although the HRA-EDA has the option to apply FASB pronouncements issued after that date, the HRA-EDA has chosen not to do so. The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the HRA-EDA are discussed below.

A. <u>Financial Reporting Entity</u>

The Chisago County Housing and Redevelopment Authority was established in 1988, with the powers, duties, and privileges granted by Minn. Stat. ch. 469. In 2000, the Authority adopted economic development powers, as granted by Minn. Stat. ch. 469, and changed its name to the Chisago County Housing and Redevelopment Authority Economic Development Authority.

The HRA-EDA is governed by a five-member Board appointed by the Chisago County Board of Commissioners. A Commissioner of the County Board acts in an advisory capacity to the HRA-EDA Board. The HRA-EDA Board is organized with a Chair and Vice Chair. The Treasurer of the HRA-EDA Board is appointed by the Chisago County Board of Commissioners for an indefinite term. The Executive Director of the HRA-EDA is appointed by the HRA-EDA Board for an indefinite term.

The HRA-EDA is considered to be a component unit of Chisago County according to the criteria for defining the reporting entity, as established by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The HRA-EDA's activities, in relation to the activities of the County, are such that exclusion from the County's financial statements would cause such statements to be incomplete.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

B. Basic Financial Statements

The financial statements of the HRA-EDA are combined into a single enterprise fund and are intended to present only the activity of the HRA-EDA. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises--where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with an enterprise fund's principal ongoing activities. The principal operating revenues of the HRA-EDA enterprise fund are rental income and charges for services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include costs of maintaining rental facilities, general administrative and marketing expenses, and depreciation expense. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered revenue only when cash is received by the HRA-EDA.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the HRA-EDA's policy to use restricted resources first and then unrestricted resources as needed.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u> (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

The HRA-EDA's cash and pooled investments are considered to be cash and cash equivalents. The HRA-EDA has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Pooled investments are reported at their fair value at December 31, 2007, based on market prices. Investment earnings for 2007 were \$92,315.

The HRA-EDA invests in an external investment pool, the Minnesota Association of Governments Investing for Counties (MAGIC) Fund, which is created under a joint powers agreement pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 471.59. The MAGIC Fund is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 prescribed by the SEC pursuant to the Investment Company Act of 1940 (17 C.F.R. § 270.2a-7). Therefore, the fair value of the County's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

2. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include land and land improvements, buildings and structures, and furniture and equipment, are reported in the basic financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the HRA-EDA as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life of three years or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value on the date donated. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets

2. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets of the HRA-EDA are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	40 - 50
Furniture and equipment	3 - 5
Improvements	5 - 20

3. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

It is the HRA-EDA's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation, compensatory time, and sick pay benefits. Unused vacation, compensatory time, and vested sick leave are paid to employees upon termination. Unvested sick leave is available to employees in the event of illness-related absences and is not paid to employees upon termination. The statement of net assets reports both current and noncurrent portions of compensated absences using full accrual accounting. The amounts are split equally between current and noncurrent.

4. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

Long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets (Continued)

5. <u>Net Assets</u>

Equity (assets less liabilities) of the HRA-EDA is referred to as net assets. Net assets consist of three elements: (1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt; (2) restricted, which can occur from creditors, grantors, or laws; and (3) unrestricted, which is neither restricted for any specific purpose nor invested in capital assets.

6. <u>Use of Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Detailed Notes

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

a. <u>Deposits</u>

Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.02 and 118A.04 authorize the HRA-EDA to deposit its cash and to invest in certificates of deposit in financial institutions designated by the HRA-EDA Treasurer. Minn. Stat. § 118A.03 requires that all HRA-EDA deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged shall be at least ten percent more than the amount on deposit plus accrued interest at the close of the financial institution's banking day, not covered by insurance or bonds.

2. Detailed Notes

A. Assets

1. Deposits and Investments

a. <u>Deposits</u> (Continued)

Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes and bonds, issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better, revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a financial institution failure, the HRA-EDA's deposits may not be returned to it. The HRA-EDA does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2007, the HRA-EDA's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

b. Investments

Minn. Stat. §§ 118A.04 and 118A.05 generally authorize the following types of investments as available to the HRA-EDA:

- (1) securities which are direct obligations or are guaranteed or insured issues of the United States, its agencies, its instrumentalities, or organizations created by an act of Congress, except mortgage-backed securities defined as "high risk" by Minn. Stat. § 118A.04, subd. 6;
- (2) mutual funds through shares of registered investment companies provided the mutual fund receives certain ratings depending on its investments;
2. Detailed Notes

- A. Assets
 - 1. Deposits and Investments
 - b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)
 - (3) general obligations of the State of Minnesota and its municipalities, and in certain state agency and local obligations of Minnesota and other states provided such obligations have certain specified bond ratings by a national bond rating service;
 - (4) bankers' acceptances of United States banks;
 - (5) commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries that is rated in the highest quality category by two nationally recognized rating agencies and matures in 270 days or less; and
 - (6) with certain restrictions, in repurchase agreements, securities lending agreements, joint powers investment trusts, and guaranteed investment contracts.

The HRA-EDA does not have additional policies for the investment risks described below beyond complying with the requirements of Minnesota statutes.

Custodial Credit Risk

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of an investment or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party.

At December 31, 2007, none of the HRA-EDA's investments were subject to custodial credit risk.

2. Detailed Notes

- A. Assets
 - 1. Deposits and Investments
 - b. <u>Investments</u> (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss that may be caused by the HRA-EDA's investment in a single issuer. Investments in any one issuer that represent five percent or more of the HRA-EDA's investments are as follows:

]	Reported
Issuer	_		Amount
First American Treasury Obligations Fund		\$	1,097,023

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

2. Detailed Notes

A. <u>Assets</u>

1. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The following table presents the HRA-EDA's deposit and investment balances at December 31, 2007, and information related to credit quality investment risks:

	Credi	Carrying		
	Credit	Rating		(Fair)
Investment Type	Rating	Agency		Value
First American Treasury Obligations Fund Deposits Petty cash	AAAm	S&P	\$	1,097,023 798,391 60
Total Cash and Investments			\$	1,895,474

S&P - Standard & Poor's

2. <u>Receivables</u>

Other than a long-term lease receivable, the HRA-EDA did not have any receivables scheduled to be collected beyond one year. The lease receivable is based on certain bonds payable. The receivable is reduced by the amount of cash with the escrow agent. The following is a schedule of bond payments upon which the lease receivable is based:

Year Ending		
December 31	 Principal	 Interest
2008	\$ 1,120,000	\$ 364,511
2009	1,100,000	312,833
2010	245,000	281,759
2011	255,000	271,447
2012	270,000	260,585
2013 and beyond	 5,219,999	 1,967,547
Total payments	\$ 8,209,999	\$ 3,458,682
Less: cash with escrow agent	 (1,097,023)	
Lease Receivable at December 31, 2007	\$ 7,112,976	

2. Detailed Notes

A. Assets (Continued)

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2007, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increase		Decrease		Ending Balance	
Capital assets not depreciated	<i>.</i>				<i>.</i>		.	2 42 4 24
Land and land improvements	\$	243,181	\$	-	\$	-	\$	243,181
Capital assets depreciated								
Buildings and structures	\$	5,678,249	\$	584,250	\$	-	\$	6,262,499
Furniture and equipment		24,138		5,891		2,098		27,931
Improvements		37,489		23,738		-		61,227
Total capital assets depreciated	\$	5,739,876	\$	613,879	\$	2,098	\$	6,351,657
Less: accumulated depreciation for Buildings and structures Furniture and equipment Improvements	\$	406,888 12,157 1,187	\$	126,663 3,522 5,926	\$	- 1,863 -	\$	533,551 13,816 7,113
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	420,232	\$	136,111	\$	1,863	\$	554,480
Total capital assets depreciated, net	\$	5,319,644	\$	477,768	\$	235	\$	5,797,177
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$	5,562,825	\$	477,768	\$	235	\$	6,040,358

Depreciation expense was charged as follows:

Housing and Economic Development	\$	136,111
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B. Liabilities

Long-Term Debt

General Obligation Bonds

The HRA-EDA issues general obligation bonds and promissory notes to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

2. Detailed Notes

B. Liabilities

Long-Term Debt

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

General obligation bonds currently outstanding are as follows:

Bonds

\$1,200,000 Taxable Revenue Bonds, Series 2006A, due in semi-annual installments of \$6,547 to \$873,219 through 2017; interest of 7.75 percent fixed for five years, then reset to the then current Wall Street Journal prime rate minus 0.5 percent for the remaining five years.	\$ 1,181,222
\$2,445,000 Public General Obligation Housing Development Bonds, Series 2005A, due in annual installments of \$25,000 to \$145,000 through 2035; interest from 3.50 to 4.38 percent.	2,330,000
\$6,740,000 Public Project Revenue Bonds Library Lease Obligation, Series 2004A, due in annual installments of \$55,000 to \$510,000 through 2026; interest from 3.95 to 5.15 percent.	6,460,000
\$2,000,000 Housing Development Bonds, Series 2003C, due in annual installments ranging from \$35,000 to \$135,000 through 2033; interest from 3.25 to 5.00 percent.	1,930,000
\$3,795,000 Housing and Redevelopment Authority Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1997, due in annual installments of \$200,000 to \$890,000 through 2009; interest from 4.50 to 4.90 percent.	 1,750,000
Total bonds	\$ 13,651,222
Less: unamortized discount	 (257,107)
Total Bonds Payable	\$ 13,394,115

2. Detailed Notes

B. Liabilities

Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Note Payable, Due to Primary Government

Notes currently outstanding are as follows:

Notes

\$1,000,000 Demand Promissory Note, due in semi-annual interest installments of \$33,750 through 2026, principal due the earlier of 90 days after receipt of demand for payment or 2026.

\$ 1,000,000

Mortgages Payable

During the year, the HRA-EDA assumed three mortgages through the acquisition of real estate with the mortgages payable to the United States Department of Agriculture, Rural Development. Two mortgages combined for the acquisition of Rush Estates I and one mortgage was for Rush Estates II. No repayment schedules for these mortgages are presented as the annual principal and interest payments are determined based on the rental income and a government subsidy received during the year.

	 Rush E	sh Estates I			h Estates II			
Loan number	 001		002		001	Total		
Original loan amount Principal retired	\$ 188,916 (556)	\$	30,079 (411)	\$	364,255 (362)	\$	583,250 (1,329)	
Outstanding Balance as of December 31, 2007	\$ 188,360	\$	29,668	\$	363,893	\$	581,921	
Interest Paid in 2007	\$ 796	\$	64	\$	1,273	\$	2,133	

2. Detailed Notes

B. Liabilities

Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obli	onds		Notes - Demand Promissory				Total			
December 31	 Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2008	\$ 1,133,224	\$	505,188	\$	-	\$	67,500	\$	1,133,224	\$	572,688
2009	1,232,749		590,653		-		67,500		1,232,749		658,153
2010	389,972		553,450		-		67,500		389,972		620,950
2011	407,374		536,412		-		67,500		407,374		603,912
2012	429,739		518,759		-		67,500		429,739		586,259
2013 - 2017	3,298,164		2,252,582		-		337,500		3,298,164		2,590,082
2018 - 2022	2,850,000		1,318,958		-		337,500		2,850,000		1,656,458
2023 - 2027	2,735,000		566,794		1,000,000		270,000		3,735,000		836,794
2028 - 2032	850,000		187,333		-		-		850,000		187,333
2033 - 2035	 325,000		20,220		-		-		325,000		20,220
Total	\$ 13,651,222	\$	7,050,349	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,282,500	\$	14,651,222	\$	8,332,849

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Beginning Balance		6		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Bonds payable										
General obligation lease revenue	\$	2,595,000	\$	-	\$	845,000	\$	1,750,000	\$	890,000
General obligation development		4,340,000		-		80,000		4,260,000		-
General obligation public project		6,685,000		-		225,000		6,460,000		230,000
General obligation revenue bonds		1,200,000		-		18,778		1,181,222		13,224
Note - demand promissory		1,000,000		-		-		1,000,000		-
Mortgage payable		-		583,250		1,329		581,921		-
Compensated absences		24,652		12,412		7,831		29,233		14,616
Less: discount		(267,500)		-		(10,393)		(257,107)		(10,392)
Long-Term Liabilities	\$	15,577,152	\$	595,662	\$	1,167,545	\$	15,005,269	\$	1,137,448

3. Other Information

A. Risk Management

The HRA-EDA is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters for which the HRA-EDA carries commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance from the previous year or settlements in excess of insurance for any of the past three years.

B. Defined Contribution Plan

HRA-EDA employees participate in a Simplified Employee Pension (SEP) plan, a defined contribution plan, established under Section 408(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. The plan is administered by Union Bank and Trust Company. The payroll for employees covered by the SEP for the year ended December 31, 2007, was \$117,470.

The HRA-EDA establishes plan provisions and contribution requirements. Employees are eligible to participate when they have been employed six months and are at least 18 years of age. The HRA-EDA is required to contribute five percent of each participant's salary, and the employee may elect to contribute up to five percent. HRA-EDA contributions fully vest after three years of employment. Benefits depend solely on amounts contributed plus related investment earnings.

Contributions were as follows:

	20)07	Percent of Covered			
		Contributions				
Employer	\$	5,873	5%			
Employee		-	-			

As of December 31, 2007, and for the year then ended, the SEP held no securities issued by the HRA-EDA or other related parties.

3. <u>Other Information</u> (Continued)

C. <u>Contingencies</u>

- 1. The HRA-EDA partnered with the City of Rush City to construct four townhomes (eight units). The HRA-EDA and Rush City will be reimbursed for their respective shares of construction costs upon the sales. Three of the units were sold in 2007. The HRA-EDA Board is considering constructing five more townhomes (ten units).
- 2. The HRA-EDA and the City of Rush City are currently in a dispute with a construction manager hired to oversee construction of a senior apartment building and community center in Rush City. Mediation to date has been unsuccessful.
- 3. The HRA-EDA and the City of Wyoming are involved in a mechanic's lien foreclosure action in which the plaintiff is seeking a financial settlement. The HRA-EDA and the City of Wyoming are currently exploring options.
- D. <u>Related Parties</u>
 - 1. A Board member is owner/operator of an insurance agency that provides insurance coverage to the HRA-EDA.
 - 2. A Board member is vice president of a bank awarded a portion of the HRA-EDA's bond issuance in 2006. The total issue was \$1,200,000 at 7.75 percent for the first five years, then reset to the current Wall Street Journal prime rate minus 0.5 percent for the remaining five years.
 - 3. The HRA-EDA has partnered with the City of Rush City to develop senior townhomes for sale within the City. A Board member has an interest in a real estate company that is selling the townhomes.
 - 4. A Board member has an interest in a bank with which the HRA-EDA maintains bank accounts.
- E. <u>Subsequent Event</u>

On January 29, 2008, the Board authorized the redemption of the Housing and Redevelopment Authority Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1997. The amount paid was \$1,750,000.

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES BY PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

		General Operations				
Operating Revenues						
Charges for services	\$	44,790	\$	-		
Rental Income		8,370		175,501		
Other		-		-		
Total Operating Revenues	\$	53,160	\$	175,501		
Operating Expenses						
Personal services	\$	158,974	\$	-		
Professional services		41,388		-		
General maintenance services		6,631		19,176		
Administration and fiscal services		-		18,101		
Other services and charges		-		2,182		
Supplies		4,799		2,679		
Director and staff reimbursed expenses		3,032		-		
Board expenses		3,796		-		
Telephone		2,968		1,124		
Utilities		1,656		34,886		
Advertising		11,669		3,864		
Insurance		3,089		4,572		
Staff training		2,805		-		
Licenses and dues		1,901		190		
Postage		603		-		
Miscellaneous		58,339		157		
TIF expenses		11,102		-		
Program expense		63,239		-		
Senior housing project expense		13,904		-		
Senior townhome project expense		71,809		-		
Land held for development expense		1,000		-		
Depreciation		4,454		50,489		
Total Operating Expenses	<u></u> \$	467,158	\$	137,420		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(413,998)	\$	38,081		

<u>Schedule 1</u>

Countryside Apartments						E	Rush states II	Total		
\$	143,214 1,128	\$	177,314 695	\$	9,136 57,891	\$	9,275 19,060	\$	44,790 522,810 78,774	
\$	144,342	\$	178,009	\$	67,027	\$	28,335	\$	646,374	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	158,974	
	-		-		-		-		41,388	
	13,724		38,598		4,412		2,691		85,232	
	14,721		17,429		1,570		1,787		53,608	
	-		1,555		-		409		4,146	
	2,361		2,472		749		192		13,252	
	-		-		-		-		3,032	
	-		-		-		-		3,796	
	584		760		68		68		5,572	
	22,738		9,259		558		1,898		70,995	
	1,478		332		342		-		17,685	
	4,069		2,779		1,304		992		16,805	
	-		-		-		-		2,805	
	100		120		-		-		2,311	
	-		-		-		-		603	
	52		385		-		20		58,953	
	-		-		-		-		11,102	
	-		-		-		-		63,239	
	-		-		-		-		13,904	
	-		-		-		-		71,809	
	-		-		-		-		1,000	
	46,581		32,378		843		1,366		136,111	
\$	106,408	\$	106,067	\$	9,846	\$	9,423	\$	836,322	
\$	37,934	\$	71,942	\$	57,181	\$	18,912	\$	(189,948)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES BY PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	0	Bayview Apartments		
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)				
Property taxes	\$	609,988	\$	-
Intergovernmental revenue		452,493		-
Interest income		90,399		280
Interest on lease receivable		414,641		-
Miscellaneous revenue		-		-
Gain on sale of townhomes		28,430		-
Settlement from lawsuit		12,500		-
Intergovernmental expense		(480,398)		-
Interest expense		(577,897)		(92,552)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$	550,156	\$	(92,272)
Change in Net Assets	\$	136,158	\$	(54,191)

<u>Schedule 1</u> (Continued)

ountryside partments	outhfield Estates	E	Rush States I			 Total
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 609,988
-	-		-		-	452,493
549	972		105		10	92,315
-	-		-		-	414,641
37,402	-		-		-	37,402
-	-		-		-	28,430
-	-		-		-	12,500
-	-		-		-	(480,398)
 (45,940)	 (51,522)		(860)		(1,273)	 (770,044)
\$ (7,989)	\$ (50,550)	\$	(755)	\$	(1,263)	\$ 397,327
\$ 29,945	\$ 21,392	\$	56,426	\$	17,649	\$ 207,379

Schedule 2

BONDS AND NOTE - PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST MATURITIES DECEMBER 31, 2007

Issue	Due Date	Interest Rate (%)	Principal Amount Due		Interest Due		Total Principal and Interest Due	
\$3,795,000 Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 1997	2008 2009	4.70 4.90	\$	890,000 860,000	\$	63,055 21,070	\$	953,055 881,070
Total			\$	1,750,000	\$	84,125	\$	1,834,125
\$2,000,000 Housing Development	2008	3.50	\$	-	\$	45,664	\$	45,664
Bonds, Series 2003C	2009	3.75		35,000		90,671		125,671
	2010	4.00		40,000		89,215		129,215
	2011	4.00		45,000		87,515		132,515
	2012	4.00		45,000		85,715		130,715
	2013	4.20		50,000		83,765		133,765
	2014	4.20		50,000		81,665		131,665
	2015	4.20		55,000		79,460		134,460
	2016	4.20		55,000		77,150		132,150
	2017	4.40		60,000		74,675		134,675
	2018	4.40		60,000		72,035		132,035
	2019	4.40		65,000		69,285		134,285
	2020	4.70		70,000		66,210		136,210
	2021	4.70		70,000		62,920		132,920
	2022	4.70		75,000		59,513		134,513
	2023	5.00		80,000		55,750		135,750
	2024	5.00		85,000		51,625		136,625
	2025	5.00		90,000		47,250		137,250
	2026	5.00		90,000		42,750		132,750
	2027	5.00		95,000		38,125		133,125
	2028	5.00		105,000		33,125		138,125
	2029	5.00		110,000		27,750		137,750
	2030	5.00		115,000		22,125		137,125
	2031	5.00		120,000		16,250		136,250
	2032	5.00		130,000		10,000		140,000
	2033	5.00		135,000		3,375		138,375
Total			\$	1,930,000	\$	1,473,583	\$	3,403,583

<u>Schedule 2</u> (Continued)

BONDS AND NOTE - PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST MATURITIES DECEMBER 31, 2007

Issue	Due Date	Interest Rate (%)	Principal Amount Due		Interest Due		Total Principal and Interest Due	
\$6,740,000 Public Project Revenue	2008	4.13	\$	230,000	\$	301,456	\$	531,456
Bonds Library Lease Obligation,	2009	4.13		240,000		291,763		531,763
Series 2004A	2010	4.13		245,000		281,759		526,759
	2011	4.13		255,000		271,447		526,447
	2012	4.15		270,000		260,585		530,585
	2013	4.20		280,000		249,102		529,102
	2014	4.40		295,000		236,733		531,733
	2015	4.50		305,000		223,380		528,380
	2016	4.60		320,000		209,158		529,158
	2017	4.75		335,000		193,841		528,841
	2018	5.00		355,000		177,010		532,010
	2019	5.00		375,000		158,760		533,760
	2020	5.00		390,000		139,635		529,635
	2021	5.00		410,000		119,635		529,635
	2022	5.00		435,000		98,510		533,510
	2023	5.05		460,000		76,020		536,020
	2024	5.05		485,000		52,159		537,159
	2025	5.15		510,000		26,780		536,780
	2026	5.15		265,000		6,824		271,824
Total			\$	6,460,000	\$	3,374,557	\$	9,834,557
\$2,445,000 Housing Development	2008	3.50	\$	-	\$	48,732	\$	48,732
Bonds, Series 2005A	2009	3.50		70,000		95,888		165,888
	2010	3.50		75,000		93,438		168,438
	2011	3.50		75,000		90,813		165,813
	2012	3.75		80,000		88,188		168,188
	2013	3.75		80,000		85,188		165,188
	2014	3.75		85,000		82,188		167,188
	2015	4.00		95,000		79,000		174,000
	2016	4.00		95,000		75,200		170,200
	2017	4.00		95,000		81,400		176,400
	2018	4.00		100,000		67,600		167,600
	2019	4.10		105,000		63,600		168,600
	2020	4.10		110,000		59,295		169,295
	2021	4.20		110,000		54,785		164,785
	2022	4.20		120,000		50,165		170,165
	2023	4.35		125,000		45,125		170,125
	2024	4.35		125,000		39,688		164,688
	2025	4.35		135,000		34,250		169,250
	2026	4.35		145,000		28,378		173,378
	2027	4.35		45,000		22,070		67,070
	2028	4.35		50,000		20,113		70,113
	2029	4.38		50,000		17,938		67,938

<u>Schedule 2</u> (Continued)

BONDS AND NOTE - PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST MATURITIES DECEMBER 31, 2007

Issue	Due Date	Interest Rate (%)	Principal mount Due		Interest Due		Total incipal and iterest Due
\$2,445,000 Housing Development	2030	4.38	55,000		15,750		70,750
Bonds, Series 2005A (Continued)	2030	4.38	55,000		13,344		68,344
Bonds, Series 2005/1 (Continued)	2031	4.38	60,000		10,938		70,938
	2032	4.38	60,000		8,313		68,313
	2033	4.38	65,000		5,688		70,688
	2034	4.38	65,000		2,844		67,844
Total			\$ 2,330,000	\$	1,379,919	\$	3,709,919
	••••		 10.001	<i>.</i>	11.001	<i>.</i>	
\$1,200,000 Taxable Revenue Bonds,	2008	7.75	\$ 13,224	\$	46,281	\$	59,505
Series 2006A	2009	7.75	27,749		91,261		119,010
	2010	7.75	29,972		89,038		119,010
	2011	7.75	32,374		86,637		119,011
	2012	7.75	34,739		84,271		119,010
	2013	7.75	37,751		81,260		119,011
	2014	7.75	40,775		78,235		119,010
	2015	7.75	44,042		74,968		119,010
	2016	7.75	47,377		71,633		119,010
	2017	7.75	 873,219		34,581		907,800
Total			\$ 1,181,222	\$	738,165	\$	1,919,387
\$1,000,000 Note Payable, Due to	2008	6.75	\$ -	\$	67,500	\$	67,500
Primary Government	2009	6.75	-		67,500		67,500
2	2010	6.75	-		67,500		67,500
	2011	6.75	-		67,500		67,500
	2012	6.75	-		67,500		67,500
	2013	6.75	-		67,500		67,500
	2014	6.75	-		67,500		67,500
	2015	6.75	-		67,500		67,500
	2016	6.75	-		67,500		67,500
	2017	6.75	-		67,500		67,500
	2018	6.75	-		67,500		67,500
	2019	6.75	-		67,500		67,500
	2020	6.75	-		67,500		67,500
	2021	6.75	-		67,500		67,500
	2022	6.75	-		67,500		67,500
	2023	6.75	-		67,500		67,500
	2024	6.75	-		67,500		67,500
	2025	6.75	-		67,500		67,500
	2026	6.75	 1,000,000		67,500		1,067,500
Total			\$ 1,000,000	\$	1,282,500	\$	2,282,500
Total All Bonds and Notes			\$ 14,651,222	\$	8,332,849	\$	22,984,071

Management and Compliance Section This page was left blank intentionally.

Schedule 3

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

I. INTERNAL CONTROL

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEMS NOT RESOLVED

05-1 Cash Disbursement Process

Our previous report noted that the Chisago County Housing and Redevelopment Authority Economic Development Authority's (HRA-EDA) cash disbursement process did not include initials or signatures by anyone on invoices to indicate they had been reviewed prior to payment. Our current review found that invoices at the HRA-EDA's central office now contain initials and dates to indicate approvals for payments, which resolves this part of the finding. However, we found several invoices at the Mankato office of SMR (management company) that lacked indication of being reviewed and approved prior to payment. This condition weakens internal control over the approval process for HRA-EDA's claims.

We recommend that the HRA-EDA discuss with SMR the need to improve its process for approving invoices by initialing and dating them.

Client's Response:

SMR's process for approving invoices will be reviewed and all invoices must be approved for payment, initialed and dated.

06-1 Segregation of Duties

Due to the limited number of office personnel within the HRA-EDA, segregation of the accounting functions necessary to ensure adequate internal accounting control is not possible. This is not unusual in operations the size of Chisago County. We understand that the HRA-EDA Board and management are aware of this condition and take action to address it when possible. We recommend that ongoing oversight by the Board continue. This should include an assessment of accounting procedures and internal controls, at least annually, to determine if financial transactions are being recorded and reported as intended.

Client's Response:

The HRA-EDA Board is aware that segregation of the accounting functions necessary to ensure adequate internal accounting control is not possible due to the number of staff. The HRA-EDA Board reviews the revenues and expenditures at their monthly meetings, reviews quarterly year to date information for both the HRA-EDA operations and the multi-family operations. SMR personnel also attend HRA-EDA Board meetings to review financial summaries and present budgets for approval.

06-2 Accounting Policies and Procedures

Our previous report recommended that a comprehensive manual of accounting policies and procedures be developed and approved by the Board. Written policies and procedures to date that have been adopted by the Board are:

- meal reimbursements,
- travel/mileage reimbursements,
- conflicts of interest,
- contract bidding, and
- petty cash.

Written policies and procedures should exist to ensure that the HRA-EDA's practices are followed as intended by the Board and management. These practices should also stipulate requirements for management companies providing services to the HRA-EDA. A formalized manual will also provide guidance for future staff and Board members. We recommend that the following areas be added to those above and that they be approved by the Board:

- receipt and deposit of funds,
- purchase of goods and services,
- approval and payment of bills,
- accounting for payroll activities,
- accounting for capital assets,
- investment practices and restrictions, and
- annual financial reporting practices.

Client's Response:

The HRA-EDA is in the ongoing process of approving policies and procedures. The following policies have been recently approved in addition to the ones listed above:

Benefit Plans - Health & Dental Insurance, Pension Plan, September 30, 2008 Business Subsidy Criteria Policy, revised July 23, 2008 Expense Reimbursement Policy, September 30, 2008 Holiday Policy, September 30, 2008 Investment Policy, April 29, 2008 Leaves of Absence Policy, September 30, 2008 Sick Leave Policy, September 30, 2008 Tax Abatement & Tax Increment Policy, revised July 23, 2008 Vacation Policy, September 30, 2008

The following policies were presented at the October 28, 2008, Board meeting for review, approval to follow at November meeting.

Cell Phone Policy Expenditures Public Purpose Doctrine

The HRA-EDA will continue to work on further policies and procedures, and will also review the management company's policies and procedures.

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM RESOLVED

Oversight of Management Company (06-3)

Our previous report recommended that the HRA-EDA increase its oversight of the management company (SMR).

Resolution

The HRA-EDA is performing periodic reviews of its projects' financial operations, as reported to them by the management company. The process would be enhanced by including these procedures in the HRA-EDA's policies and procedures manual and by indicating through memorandums the results of these reviews.

II. OTHER FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

PREVIOUSLY REPORTED ITEM RESOLVED

Security Interest in Pledged Collateral (05-2)

Our 2005 report noted that the HRA-EDA did not have documentation that it had a perfected security interest in pledged collateral, in compliance with the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989 (FIRREA). In our 2006 audit, we found that documentation had been acquired, but it did not state that upon default, the financial institution shall release the collateral to the HRA-EDA, as required by Minn. Stat. § 118A.03, subd. 4. We recommended the perfected security interest documents be modified to comply with Minnesota statutes pertaining to the release of collateral to the HRA-EDA.

Resolution

Our current audit found that the HRA-EDA now has a perfected security interest in pledged collateral that contains the correct language according to Minnesota statutes.



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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Chisago County Housing and Redevelopment Authority Economic Development Authority

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Chisago County Housing and Redevelopment Authority Economic Development Authority (HRA-EDA), a component unit of Chisago County, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, and have issued our report thereon dated December 22, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the HRA-EDA's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the HRA-EDA's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the HRA-EDA's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

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A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the HRA-EDA's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the HRA-EDA's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the HRA-EDA's internal control. We considered the deficiencies described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Recommendations as items 05-1, 06-1, and 06-2 to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the HRA-EDA's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we believe none of the significant deficiencies described above is a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the HRA-EDA's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Minnesota Legal Compliance

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Local Government*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65. Accordingly, the audit included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

The *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for Local Government* contains six categories of compliance to be tested: contracting and bidding, deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, and miscellaneous provisions. Our study included all of the listed categories.

The results of our tests indicate that, for the items tested, the HRA-EDA complied with the material terms and conditions of applicable legal provisions.

The HRA-EDA's written responses to the significant deficiencies identified in our audit have been included in the Schedule of Findings and Recommendations. We did not audit the HRA-EDA's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, and others within the HRA-EDA and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than those specified parties.

/s/Rebecca Otto

/s/Greg Hierlinger

REBECCA OTTO STATE AUDITOR GREG HIERLINGER, CPA DEPUTY STATE AUDITOR

December 22, 2008