COMMERCE DEPT Agency Profile

Agency Purpose

he Minnesota Department of Commerce (DOC) protect consumers by ensuring secure, stable, reliable, and fair commercial and financial transactions in more than 20 industries and utilities. The department accomplishes this through:

- investigating and resolving consumer complaints;
- regulating and licensing business activity to ensure compliance, responsible business conduct, security and stability;
- safeguarding consumers' rights and investments;
- advocating in front of the Public Utilities Commission to ensure equitable and reliable utility services; and,
- expanding economic opportunities while working to improve our environment and quality of life.

Core Functions

The DOC regulates utilities, financial institutions, licensed businesses, licensed individuals, retail businesses, and commercial activity without respect to the specific interests of either the regulated businesses or the clients they serve. The department's regulatory decisions maximize the net benefits to all residents and regulated businesses, while safeguarding the rights of consumers, and protecting policyholders and investors from financial failure.

Operations

The department enforces laws and rules, advocates on behalf of the public, and provides services to promote the financial well being of a broad constituency of individuals and businesses. To carry out its mission, the department

At A Glance

FY 2008-09 Budget:

- \$51.4 million general fund
- ♦ \$346.9 million all funds

Annual Business Processes:

•	6,754	Market Assurance Division investigation files opened.						
•	\$2.6 million	In fines and penalties recovered by the Market Assurance Division.						
•	\$2 million	Recovered in claims payments for consumers.						
•	\$20.7 million	Reimbursements from the Petro fund.						
•	126,000	Low income households served by LIHEAP and Weatherization.						
•	\$101.7 million	Federal funds disbursed to low income households.						
•	60,000	Weights and Measures inspections.						
♦	226,000	Licensed professionals and entities.						
•	461 million	Kilowatt hours of electricity saved through CIP.						
•	1.92 billion	Cubic feet of natural gas saved through CIP.						

must assess the significant consequences of every regulatory decision and enforcement action, including the impact on consumer costs, financial stability, reliability of service, the environment, and economic development. This carefully designed regulatory balance effectively protects the broad financial interests of Minnesota's businesses and consumers.

Financial Institutions Division:

 Licenses, examines and regulates insurance companies, credit unions, state chartered banks, mortgage companies, finance companies, and other financial institutions to ensure that they remain safe and financially solvent.

Petrofund:

- Reimburses petroleum storage tank owners and operators for the cost of investigating and cleaning up petroleum tank releases.
- Contracts to remove abandoned underground petroleum storage tanks across Minnesota.

Administration:

- Leads and directs the department, manages day-to-day operations, manages financial and human resources operations.
- Provides unclaimed property reclamation services to the people of Minnesota.
- Provides information management services and technical support to the department.

COMMERCE DEPT Agency Profile

Market Assurance Division:

- Enforces compliance and responsible business conduct across a broad range of licensed occupations, including insurance agents, stock and investment brokers, and realtors.
- Evaluates insurance policies and rates to ensure fair rates and to ensure compliance with Minnesota law.
- Registers securities sold in Minnesota.
- Licenses businesses and individuals according to Minnesota statutes.

Office of Energy Security:

- Advocates on behalf of consumers and ratepayers in proceedings relating to regulated gas and electric utilities.
- Promotes energy efficient building, conservation, alternative transportation fuels, and modern energy technologies.
- Oversees conservation improvement programs operated by public, municipal, and cooperative utilities.
- ◆ Administers the Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program and the Weatherization Assistance Program.

Telecommunications Division:

- Telecom presented before market assurance in detailed narrative.
- Advocates on behalf of consumers and ratepayers in proceedings relating to regulated telecommunications
 utilities
- Promotes real competition among telecommunications companies in Minnesota.

TAM:

 Funds telecommunications access services for Minnesotan's with hearing, vision, speech, or physical disability.

Weights and Measures Division:

- Ensures accuracy in all transactions based on weight or measure.
- Ensures consistent quality of petroleum products.
- Provides precision mass, temperature, density and volume measurement services to businesses.

Budget

The department's FY 2008-09 budget totaled \$346.9 million. Department staff includes 312 full-time equivalents.

Contact

Department of Commerce Suite 500 85 7th Place East Saint Paul, Minnesota 55101

Home Page: http://www.commerce.state.mn.us

Performance Measures: http://www.departmentresults.state.mn.us

Glenn Wilson, Commissioner Phone: (651) 296-5769 Fax: (651) 282-2568

Information on the department's results can be found at http://departmentresults.state.mn.us/commerce/index.html

	Dollars in Thousands					
	Curre	ent	Forecas	Biennium		
	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	2010-11	
Direct Appropriations by Fund				: ! !		
General				i !		
Current Appropriation	29,808	21,590	21,590	21,590	43,180	
Forecast Base	29,808	21,590	22,338	21,338	43,676	
Change		0	748	(252)	496	
% Biennial Change from 2008-09					-15%	
Petroleum Tank Release Cleanup				! !		
Current Appropriation	1,084	1,084	1,084	1,084	2,168	
Forecast Base	1,084	1,084	1,084	1,084	2,168	
Change	.,	0	0	0	0	
% Biennial Change from 2008-09				:	0%	
-				!		
Workers Compensation				!		
Current Appropriation	835	835	835	835	1,670	
Forecast Base	835	835	835	835	1,670	
Change		0	0	0	0 0%	
% Biennial Change from 2008-09					0%	
Expenditures by Fund				;		
Direct Appropriations				}		
Environment & Natural Resource	217	395	0	0	0	
General	22,228	27,134	23,838	21,338	45,176	
Petroleum Tank Release Cleanup	785	1,383	1,084	1,084	2,168	
Workers Compensation	828	842	835	835	1,670	
Open Appropriations Petroleum Tank Release Cleanup	10,847	15,186	15,186	15,186	30,372	
Statutory Appropriations	10,047	15,166	13,100	15,100	30,372	
State Government Spec Revenue	210	0	0	0	0	
Miscellaneous Special Revenue	22,275	43,484	33,136	32,979	66,115	
Federal	111,526	202,223	203,810	203,790	407,600	
Miscellaneous Agency	111	388	374	0	374	
Total	169,027	291,035	278,263	275,212	553,475	
		-				
Expenditures by Category				į		
Total Compensation	24,502	30,312	28,579	28,866	57,445	
Other Operating Expenses	30,752	39,323	37,518	36,687	74,205	
Local Assistance	113,393	220,900	211,921	209,374	421,295	
Other Financial Transactions Total	380 169,027	500 291,035	245 278,263	285 275,212	530 553,475	
Total	109,021	291,033	270,203	213,212	555,475	
Expenditures by Program				:		
Financial Institutions	10,315	10,252	9,832	9,832	19,664	
Petroleum Tank Cleanup Fund	11,632	16,569	16,270	16,270	32,540	
Administrative Services	4,856	6,833	5,761	5,711	11,472	
Telecommunications	0	0	1,010	1,010	2,020	
Market Assurance	10,034	12,747	13,513	13,203	26,716	
Office Of Energy Security	123,516	235,171	222,798	220,045	442,843	
Tam	5,190	6,091	5,790	5,798	11,588	
Weights & Measures	3,484	3,372	3,289	3,343	6,632	
Total	169,027	291,035	278,263	275,212	553,475	
Full-Time Equivalents (FTE)	311.0	316.1	315.6	311.5		

Program: FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Narrative

Program Description

The Financial Institutions Division protects consumers by assuring competitive, safe, sound, and solvent financial services in Minnesota. By maintaining the soundness and solvency of a large number of financial institutions, the program assures consumers and businesses access to a broad range of financial products and services at competitive prices. The Bank and Credit Union component licenses and regulates all state chartered banks, trust companies, credit unions, certificate investment companies, thrift companies, and consumer credit companies. The Insurance component licenses and monitors the financial stability of insurance companies.

Program at a Glance

- In FY 2008, the Financial Institutions Division regulated:
 - ⇒ \$46 billion in bank, credit union, and finance company assets.
 - ⇒ \$236 billion in insurance company assets
- ◆ There have been no state bank failures since 2000 and no credit union failures since 1984.
- State banks operate from 862 offices, an increase of 71 since 2005.

Population Served

The Financial Institutions Division serves all Minnesota consumers and businesses that rely on banks, credit unions, finance companies, and insurance companies for financial products and services.

Services Provided

Bank and Credit Union Component

The unit licenses and conducts on-site examinations at all state-chartered banks, trust companies, credit unions, certificate investment companies and thrift companies on a 12 to 18 month cycle (determined by institution rating). Examinations are shared with the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), Federal Reserve Bank and the National Credit Union Administration (NCUA). Oversight also includes monitoring guarterly financial reports.

The unit also licenses and examines consumer credit companies. Examinations are generally conducted on an 18-month cycle. Examinations focus on compliance issues rather than solvency or safety and soundness. There is no comparable federal regulation of the nonbank consumer credit industry.

The unit also licenses residential mortgage loan origination and servicing companies. Recent legislation requires these companies to conduct background checks on mortgage originators. An examination program was authorized by the legislature in 2007 and the exam program commenced in 2008.

The unit also licenses currency exchanges, payday lenders, money transmitters and debt management services providers.

The Division encourages the growth of state-chartered institutions. Healthy competition ensures numerous choices for consumers and business and drives down the cost of financial services. Several new financial products originated in state-chartered institutions and have spread nationwide.

Insurance Company/Actuarial Component

The unit's primary focus is to ensure the financial soundness and solvency of every insurance company doing business in Minnesota. If insurance companies headquartered in Minnesota are financially insecure, it is the Division's responsibility to formulate a plan to effect correction. If an insurer headquartered in another state becomes unstable, the Division would restrict the business they are allowed to conduct in Minnesota. If an insurance company failure is unavoidable, it is the unit's responsibility to manage the transition and to minimize any negative impact on Minnesota policyholders.

While there are discussions about a federal regulator for insurance, insurance regulation continues to be a state responsibility. Today, insurers are large, multi-state, multi-jurisdictional concerns, but regulation is still accomplished at the state level. There is no federal regulation of the insurance industry. The Insurance unit participates in the proceedings of the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC). The NAIC recommends model laws and regulatory standards for each state to adopt and encourages nationwide uniformity. However, these model acts are often adapted to conditions unique to Minnesota.

Program: FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Narrative

The unit performs two types of examinations -- the desk audit and the on-site field examination. Desk audits are based on quarterly and annual financial reports submitted by insurance companies. Analysts evaluate information, and develop a financial profile of every company doing business in Minnesota. The second method of monitoring solvency is the five-year on-site examination of domestic insurers. Examiners review insurance company books and records at the company headquarters. The examination is a full and complete review of financial condition. The examination is completed by staff or by special examiners (generally accounting firms). Additionally, the unit employs an actuarial staff to calculate and verify reserve adequacy of regulated insurance companies, and in various workers' compensation issues.

Funding

With respect to insurance companies, the program is partially supported by an appropriation from the general fund. Operating costs are also paid from the insurance examination revolving fund. The balance of the revolving fund cancels at the end of every fiscal year to the general fund. Revenues generated by this program are a result of examination fees, registration and filing fees, licensing fees, and transaction fees.

With respect to banks, credit unions, and finance companies, the program is funded by appropriations from the general fund, but all costs are recovered by assessments and examination fees charged to regulated entities. The assessment is billed at the beginning of a fiscal year at 103% of operating, agency indirect and Attorney General cost. The examination fee is set based on a formula calculating examiner salary and billing hours. Fees are also charged for applications relating to charter and license activity.

Key Program Goals

Protect mortgage consumers by creating a new system for examining mortgage origination companies that do business in Minnesota as directed by the legislature.

Continue to monitor the health of Minnesota's community banks and credit unions and take aggressive action if necessary to prevent a bank or credit union failure from affecting Minnesota consumers.

Lead the nation in risk-focused financial examinations, which focus more on critical factors and less on "bean counting," and reduce the cost of insurance regulation.

Stay current on all financial examinations of banks, credit unions, insurance companies and finance companies.

Key Program Measures

The Division is accredited by both the Conference of State Bank Supervisors (CSBS) and the National Association of Insurance Commissioners (NAIC).

Minnesota state banks continue to compare favorably in comparison to national averages for earnings, capital adequacy, and net loan losses. While the vast majority of state banks and credit unions are healthy and well-capitalized, we are seeing noticeable deterioration in credit quality, which leads to operating losses and increased possibility of failure. The examination schedule is up to date with no overdue examinations.

There have been no failures of Minnesota-headquartered insurance companies in many, many years. There have been no state bank failures since 2000 and no credit union failures since 1984.

Program: FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Narrative

Banks, Credit Unions and Consumer Credit State banks Branch offices Examinations conducted Bank assets (\$ in billions)	FY 2005 343 448 124 \$ 31.7	FY 2006 335 487 130 \$ 34.4	FY 2007 330 515 132 \$ 36.3	FY 2008 327 535 120 \$ 38.6
State credit unions Consumer credit companies Examinations conducted Credit union assets (\$ in billions)	102 158 156 \$ 3.6	99 175 173 \$ 3.6	98 174 150 \$ 3.8	96 183 157 \$ 4.1
Insurance Licensed insurance companies New company licenses issued Domestic insurance companies Financial reviews conducted (desk audit) On-site examinations	FY 2005 1,337 31 85 1,388 20	FY 2006 1,396 22 81 1,429 11	FY 2007 1,409 39 79 1,479 26	FY 2008 1,422 32 77 1,470 16

Contact

Kevin Murphy, Deputy Commissioner Minnesota Department of Commerce 85 7th Place East Saint Paul, Minnesota 55101

Email: kevin.murphy@state.mn.us

Program: FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

	Dollars in Thousands					
	Curr	ent	Forecast Base		Biennium	
	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	2010-11	
Direct Appropriations by Fund		Ī				
General						
Current Appropriation	6,489	6,637	6,637	6,637	13,274	
Forecast Base	6,489	6,637	6,637	6,637	13,274	
Expenditures by Fund		I				
Direct Appropriations						
General	6,069	7,057	6,637	6,637	13,274	
Statutory Appropriations						
Miscellaneous Special Revenue	4,246	3,195	3,195	3,195	6,390	
Total	10,315	10,252	9,832	9,832	19,664	
Expenditures by Category		I				
Total Compensation	5,469	6,516	6,075	6,115	12,190	
Other Operating Expenses	4,846	3,736	3,757	3,717	7,474	
Total	10,315	10,252	9,832	9,832	19,664	
Expenditures by Activity		I				
Financial Examinations	10,315	10,252	9,832	9,832	19,664	
Total	10,315	10,252	9,832	9,832		
Full-Time Equivalents (FTE)	65.4	65.4	66.8	66.8		

Program: PETROLEUM TANK CLEANUP FUND

Narrative

Program Description

The Petroleum Tank Release Cleanup Fund (Petrofund) contributes toward a cleaner environment and helps to prevent the pollution of Minnesota's soil and water by providing eligible applicants reimbursement for a portion of their costs to investigate and clean-up contamination from leaking petroleum storage tanks.

Population Served

The Petrofund directly serves owners and operators of petroleum storage tanks, owners of properties where a

Program at a Glance

- Approximately \$390 million has been provided in reimbursements since 1987.
- Approximately 11,300 eligible applicants have received reimbursement since 1987.
- During FY 2008 the program received 801 applications and reimbursed \$10.7 million to eligible applicants.

petroleum tank release has occurred, and anyone else who has been requested or ordered by the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency (MPCA) to investigate or clean up a petroleum release. The program indirectly serves all Minnesotans by providing the financial assistance that is typically necessary to get these clean-up projects done, resulting in a cleaner environment for everyone.

Services Provided

The Petrofund:

- provides reimbursement to eligible applicants for a portion of their costs to investigate and clean up contamination from leaking petroleum storage tanks in the most cost-effective manner possible;
- contracts for the removal of a limited number of abandoned underground petroleum storage tanks each year;
- provides reimbursement for a portion of the costs to replace PVC piping with metal piping on home heating oil tanks to help avoid the catastrophic release of fuel oil, as well as the ensuing clean-up costs, that occur at residences where PVC piping fails;
- passes through funds to the MPCA for administration of the Petroleum Remediation, the Underground Storage Tank, and the Emergency Response Programs, as well as to pay for state-financed investigation and cleanup projects where no viable responsible person is available; and
- ♦ annually approves the use of \$6.2 million from the fund to the Department of Employment and Economic Development (DEED) for the administration of the Contamination Clean up and Investigation Grant Program.

Historical Perspective

The Petrofund was created by the 1987 Minnesota Legislature to reimburse underground petroleum storage tank (UST) owners and operators for the cost of investigating and cleaning up petroleum tank releases. To meet the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) financial assurance requirements, UST owners and operators must document their ability to pay up to \$1 million for such costs. Minnesota, along with 47 other states, established a state-financed reimbursement program to assist UST owners and operators in meeting their financial obligations.

Since the program's inception, it has helped to improve the environment for all Minnesotans by enabling tank owners and operators to investigate and remediate petroleum contaminated soil and groundwater.

The current demand on the fund of approximately \$25 million annually is projected up until the 2012 sunset date. The program is completely funded by an appropriation from the Petrofund. Revenue into the fund is generated by a \$.02 per gallon fee on wholesale petroleum products. The fee is imposed and collected by the Department of Revenue only when the fund balance falls below \$4 million and when such action has been authorized by the Petroleum Tank Release Compensation Board (see M.S. 115C.08). Revenue is also received from investment earnings on the fund balance.

Key Program Goals

By providing financial assistance to those who are cleaning up contaminated soil and groundwater from leaking petroleum storage tanks, the Petrofund is meeting the key program goal of helping to protect the public health and welfare and the environment. This goal goes hand-in-hand with the Minnesota Milestones statewide goal

Program: PETROLEUM TANK CLEANUP FUND

Narrative

regarding water use, which states, in part, "A clean and abundant water supply is essential to economic and human health."

Key Program Measures

The key program performance measure for the Petrofund is how long it takes staff to review applications (i.e. the application backlog). The Petrofund staff is currently reviewing applications within approximately one to two weeks of receiving them. This is at the historic low for application review time. By law, initial application must be reviewed within 60 days and supplemental applications must be reviewed within 120 days (M.S.115C).

Other performance measures include tracking the number of applications reviewed and the amount of reimbursement that has been awarded. As the following table illustrates, the number of applications received by the Petrofund, as well as the total funds reimbursed, has declined over the past few years as historic clean-up projects have been completed and fewer new petroleum releases have occurred and been reported.

Fiscal Year	Applications Received	Amount Reimbursed
2004	1278	\$14,561,358.09
2005	1496	\$13,138,941.92
2006	1110	\$12,289,906.56
2007	897	\$ 8,733,821.04
2008	801	\$10,673,750.36

Contact

Joel Fischer, Director Minnesota Department of Commerce Petroleum Tank Release Cleanup Fund 85 7th Place East, Suite 500 Saint Paul, Minnesota 55101

Email: joel.fischer@state.mn.us

Program: PETROLEUM TANK CLEANUP FUND

	Dollars in Thousands					
	Curi	rent	Forecas	t Base	Biennium	
	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	2010-11	
Direct Appropriations by Fund						
Petroleum Tank Release Cleanup				į		
Current Appropriation	1,084	1,084	1,084	1,084	2,168	
Forecast Base	1,084	1,084	1,084	1,084	2,168	
Expenditures by Fund		ı		į		
Direct Appropriations						
Petroleum Tank Release Cleanup	785	1,383	1,084	1,084	2,168	
Open Appropriations		,	,	,	,	
Petroleum Tank Release Cleanup	10,847	15,186	15,186	15,186	30,372	
Total	11,632	16,569	16,270	16,270	32,540	
Expenditures by Category				<u> </u>		
Total Compensation	613	1,155	858	884	1,742	
Other Operating Expenses	11,019	15,414	15,412	15,386	30,798	
Total	11,632	16,569	16,270	16,270	32,540	
Expenditures by Activity				;		
Petroleum Tank Cleanup Fund	11,632	16,569	16,270	16,270	32,540	
Total	11,632	16,569	16,270	16,270	32,540	
Full-Time Equivalents (FTE)	8.7	8.4	8.4	8.4		

Program: ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES

Narrative

Program Description

The Administration program includes the commissioner's office, the department's central management and support functions, and the unclaimed property operations. The program ensures that all department operations are managed and implemented in a manner consistent with law and with the goals of the administration.

Population Served

- The commissioner's office serves all Minnesotans who do business with the Department of Commerce (DOC).
- Unclaimed property serves all owners of abandoned property received by the state from banks, former employers, retailers, and other businesses.
- Central management and support functions facilitate the operations of the department's main programs.

Services Provided

Administration:

- Leads, manages, and directs the department to ensure efficient operations.
- Develops and directs implementation of annual and long range objectives.
- Manages department finances and develops budgets.
- Provides personnel management according to Minnesota statutes, rules, and policies.
- Provides administrative support services to all programs within the department.
- Manages information systems.
- Facilitates productive relationships with regulated businesses and individuals.
- Coordinates department activities with other government agencies, private sector businesses, and the public.
- Provides consumer information to the people of Minnesota.
- Provides unclaimed property reclamation services to the people of Minnesota.

Unclaimed Property

Abandoned property may include money from savings and checking accounts, wages, insurance proceeds, safe deposit box contents, stocks, bonds, or dividends. All banks, insurance companies, corporations, and government agencies operating in Minnesota are statutorily required to report, and turn over, abandoned property to the department. The unclaimed property operation acts as the custodian of all abandoned property it receives until the rightful owner claims it. In cooperation with MissingMoney.com, individuals may search for unclaimed property. In addition, other methods of advertisement are conducted throughout the year. Unclaimed property as a whole has garnered much attention at the national level. Stories that air on national news programs have provided our best form of advertisement outside of our website. Any tangible property from safe deposit boxes held by the department for more than one year is eligible to be sold at a public auction. In addition the department holds unclaimed stock for one year at which time the stock is liquidated. Proceeds from both an auction and stock sale are deposited in the general fund until claimed by the rightful owner.

Historical Perspective

This program is funded by an appropriation from the general fund.

The Unclaimed Property unit was created in 1969 following enactment of Minnesota's uniform disposition of unclaimed property act.

Program at a Glance

Leads, manages, and directs five divisions with diverse missions to:

- Regulate commercial, industrial, financial, utility, and retail activity in Minnesota.
- Provide technical services and support to Minnesota businesses.
- Provide energy assistance to low income households.
- Mitigate environmental damage from leaking petroleum storage tanks.
- Provide telecommunications services to the deaf and hard of hearing.
- License 195,000 professionals.
- Manage \$113 million in unclaimed property, and return \$25 million to rightful owners in FY 2006.
- Administrative costs account for less than 7% of the overall agency's budget.

Program: ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES

Narrative

Key Program Goals

Commerce has a goal to increase Unclaimed Property Holder compliance and to increase the rate at which property is returned to the rightful owner. Both goals can be linked to the Minnesota Milestone related to satisfaction with government services.

The Administrative Services unit provides support services to all areas of the department and indirectly supports a number of statewide strategic goals.

Key Program Measures

Unclaimed Property	FY 2004	FY 2005	FY 2006	FY 2007	FY 2008
Number of Unclaimed Property Holders	13,500	13,500	13,500	13,500	13,500
Number of Property Inquiries-phone and e-mail	29,500	29,500	33,000	32,000	31,000
Unclaimed Property Remitted to Commerce	\$61M	\$63.6M	\$113.1M	\$56.0M	\$50.0M
Unclaimed Property Returned to Owners	\$13.5M	\$16.5M	\$24.5M	\$20.5M	\$18.4M

Contact

Glenn Wilson, Commissioner Minnesota Department of Commerce 85 7th Place East Saint Paul, Minnesota 55101 Email: glenn.wilson@state.mn.us

Program: ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES

	Dollars in Thousands					
	Curr	Current		Forecast Base		
	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	2010-11	
Direct Appropriations by Fund						
General						
Current Appropriation	4,508	4,711	4,711	4,711	9,422	
Forecast Base	4,508	4,711	4,711	4,711	9,422	
Expenditures by Fund						
Direct Appropriations	0.000	F 077	4 711	4 744	0.400	
General	3,928	5,277	4,711	4,711	9,422	
Statutory Appropriations	928	1 550	1.050	1 000	0.050	
Miscellaneous Special Revenue		1,556	1,050	1,000	2,050	
Total	4,856	6,833	5,761	5,711	11,472	
Expenditures by Category						
Total Compensation	3,419	4,499	3,982	3,995	7,977	
Other Operating Expenses	1,437	2,334	1,779	1,716	3,495	
Total	4,856	6,833	5,761	5,711	11,472	
Expenditures by Activity				ļ		
Administrative Services	4,856	6,833	5,761	5,711	11,472	
Total	4,856	6,833	5,761	5,711	11,472	
Full-Time Equivalents (FTE)	45.2	45.1	46.2	46.2		

Program: TELECOMMUNICATIONS

Narrative

Program Description

The Telecommunications Division advocates the public interest in settlement discussions with companies and before the Public Utilities Commission (PUC); investigates telephone company filings; and enforces the statutes, rules and orders of the PCU and Federal requirements that have been delegated to states.

Population Served

The Division serves:

- All of Minnesota's residential, small business, and large business consumers of telecommunication services by ensuring service is reliable, efficient, affordable and is provided in compliance with applicable rules and regulations;
- All providers of telecommunications services by processing applications and filings; advocating policies that promote fair competitive practices; and ensuring financial soundness for companies operating under rate of return regulation.

Program at a Glance

- Advocates on behalf of the public interest on telecommunications issues.
- Enforces state and federal laws and regulations with respect to:
 - ⇒ Almost 100 incumbent local telephone companies
 - ⇒ Over 150 competitive local carriers
 - ⇒ Over 300 companies offering long distance service
- Evaluated and acted on over 2,000 individual dockets in FY 2008.

Services Provided

The Telecommunications Division implements statewide telecommunications policies and provides a broad range of regulatory and other services including:

- Advocate on behalf of the public interest for statewide telecommunications policies that promote an orderly development of the telecommunications network and telecommunications competition in the state;
- Enforce Minnesota statutes, orders and rules of the Minnesota Public Utilities Commission, and certain orders
 of the Federal Communications Commission;
- Investigate company filings and telecommunications matters that may not be in compliance with Minnesota requirements;
- Administrative review of certification requests, service quality, pricing of services, and the competitive
 practices of incumbent and competitive telecommunications companies that interact with each other in the
 joint provision of services to customers.

Historical Perspective

All direct and indirect costs related to telecommunications regulation are assessed back to the regulated companies. Telecommunications carriers have only an indirect assessment, with the exception of new authority applications where there is a \$570 fee. Indirect costs are estimated and billed 30 days in advance of each quarter. Indirect costs are prorated to regulated companies based on their gross Minnesota jurisdictional revenues. Estimated indirect cost billings are reconciled and adjusted to actual costs after the close of the fiscal year. Receipts include recovery of the department's administrative costs, statewide indirect costs and the cost of services provided by the Office of the Attorney General.

Key Program Goals

Minnesota Milestone—Indicator 37: Price of Government

Goal: Government in Minnesota will be cost efficient, and services will be designed to meet the needs of the people that use them.

 Certain functions of the Telecommunications Division are fully assessed to and paid by the telecommunications providers in the State. As such, these functions do not contribute to the net price of Government and instead, are paid by "the people who use them."

Minnesota Milestone--Indicator 38: Growth in Gross State Product

Goal: Minnesota will have sustainable, strong economic growth.

Program: TELECOMMUNICATIONS

Narrative

The Telecommunications Division oversees the development of the telecommunications infrastructure and the development of competition in the provision of telecommunications. Good infrastructure and strong competition in the telecommunications marketplace will assist in sustainable and strong economic growth.

Minnesota Milestone—Indicator 49: Counties Losing Population Minnesota Milestone—Indicator 50: Net Gain in Business Minnesota Milestone--Indicator 51: Regional Disparity in Unemployment

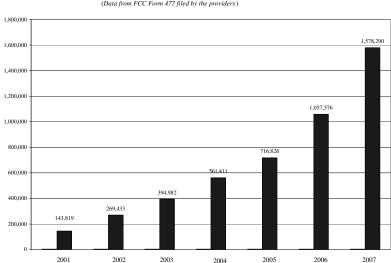
Goal: Rural areas, small cities and urban neighborhoods throughout the state will be economically viable places for people to live and work.

 Telecommunications infrastructure and a competitive telecommunications marketplace, both overseen by the Telecommunications Division, plays an increasingly important role in ensuring that rural areas, small cities and urban neighborhoods are economically viable places for people to live and work.

Key Program Measures

Telecommunications Infrastructure Deployment

The Department of Commerce (DOC) continues to work towards ensuring that broadband service is available to every state resident. Telephone companies provide high speed service primarily through digital subscriber line (DSL) technology. The department serves on the Governor's Ultra High Speed Broadband Task Force and also provides administrative support to that task force, which will be submitting its report by 11-01-2009. The department will also be contracting for maps to be prepared of where broadband is available in Minnesota, with preliminary maps to be provided by 2-01-2009.



High-Speed Lines in Minnesota (Data from FCC Form 477 filed by the providers)

Contact

Glenn Wilson, Commissioner Minnesota Department of Commerce 85 7th Place East Saint Paul, Minnesota 55101 Email: glenn.wilson@state.mn.us

Program: TELECOMMUNICATIONS

	Dollars in Thousands					
	Cur	rent	Forecast Base		Biennium	
	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	2010-11	
Direct Appropriations by Fund						
General						
Current Appropriation	0	0	1,010	1,010	2,020	
Forecast Base	0	0	1,010	1,010	2,020	
Expenditures by Fund Direct Appropriations						
General	0	0	1,010	1,010	2,020	
Total	0	0	1,010	1,010		
Expenditures by Category				;		
Total Compensation	0	0	848	873	1,721	
Other Operating Expenses	0	0	162	137	299	
Total	0	0	1,010	1,010	2,020	
Expenditures by Activity				:		
Telecommunications	0	0	1,010	1,010	2,020	
Total	0	0	1,010	1,010		
Full-Time Equivalents (FTE)	0.0	0.0	9.5	9.5		

Program: MARKET ASSURANCE

Narrative

Program Description

The Market Assurance Division protects consumers by licensing, regulating, and investigating complaints in six distinct operations:

- ◆ The Insurance Investigations and Consumer Outreach unit investigates individual consumer complaints to determine whether regulated businesses or individuals have violated laws or rules. A sub unit, the Consumer Response Team (CRT), handles consumer inquiries over the phone and works to informally resolve disputes between consumers and the regulated industries.
- The Market Conduct Examination unit investigates the practices of insurance companies and producers to determine whether their practices are consistent with Minnesota Law. This unit also investigates complaints against insurance producers and debt collectors.
- ◆ The Registration and Policy Analysis unit reviews insurance forms to ensure compliance with Minnesota statutes. The unit also registers certain securities sold in the state of Minnesota. The unit ensures reasonable insurance rates, reviews financial offerings to ensure stable capital markets, and reviews the financial condition of companies that self-insure. This unit also registers over 20,000 securities broker-dealers, agents, and investment advisers.

Program at a Glance

During FY 2007 and FY 2008, the Division:

- Regulated 22 industries and occupations.
- Reviewed and analyzed 10,153 insurance form and rate filings.
- Reviewed 23,474 securities and franchise offerings.
- Opened 13,709 investigation files.
- ◆ Took 822 disciplinary actions.
- Received 67,602 calls from consumers and 147,219 license related calls.
- ◆ Licensed or renewed over 220,000 individual or entity licenses per year.
- Recovered \$5,922,586 in additional claims payments for consumers.
- ◆ Imposed \$4,876,016 in civil penalties.
- Collected \$61.9 million in registration, licensing and other general fund fees in FY 2008.
- The Insurance Fraud Investigation unit investigates fraudulent claims filed against insurance companies. The
 unit's staff of investigators work to reduce insurance premium costs by reducing the number and frequency of
 fraudulent insurance claims filed in Minnesota.
- ◆ The Real Estate unit investigates complaints against the various licensed real estate professionals and entities, including allegations of mortgage fraud.
- ◆ The Licensing unit issues or renews licenses of professionals primarily in insurance, real estate and collection agencies.

Population Served

The Market Assurance Division serves:

- All Minnesota individuals and corporations that need insurance, have mortgages, buy or sell real estate, make investments, or otherwise do business with any of the industries licensed or regulated by the division.
- Regulated individuals and businesses.
- Other government and self-regulatory organizations, both in and out-state, that engage in similar regulatory activity or interact with the regulated industries.

Services Provided

Insurance Investigations and Consumer Outreach. The unit investigates complaints in the following areas:

⇒ insurance companies

⇒ insurance agents and brokers

⇒ insurance adjusters

⇒ third party administrators and

⇒ athletic agents

self-insurers

The unit also is responsible for educating consumers on insurance topics.

Market Conduct Examination Team. The unit examines the behavior of insurance companies in the marketplace to determine whether prohibited behavior constitutes a pattern or practice. It also investigates complaints in the following areas:

Program: MARKET ASSURANCE

Narrative

⇒ currency exchanges
 ⇒ collection agencies
 ⇒ below cost gas pricing
 ⇒ cigarette vendors
 ⇒ wire transfer agencies (money)

⇒ cigarette vendors ⇒ wire transfer agencies (mone)
⇒ viatical settlements transmitters)

Real Estate Team: The unit investigates complaints in the following areas.

⇒ Real estate agents and brokers
 ⇒ abstractors
 ⇒ subdivided lands
 ⇒ residential mortgage originators and servicers
 ⇒ real estate appraisers
 ⇒ securities brokers, dealers

⇒ notaries⇒ investment advisers⇒ franchises

Insurance Fraud Investigation:

researches insurance data to look for patterns of fraud;

- investigates potential insurance fraud cases; and
- initiates criminal charges against individuals who commit insurance fraud.

Insurance Product Form Filing and Securities Registration:

- reviews insurance policies and investment documents to determine whether they comply with applicable statutes and rules;
- registers securities and franchise offerings;
- registers securities broker-dealers, agents, investment advisers, and viatical settlement providers;
- develops and implements policies and procedures to expedite compliance with registration requirements;
- promotes development and use of electronic registration and filing systems;
- reviews rates charged for insurance products to ensure that rates are not excessive;
- reviews the applications of employers and employer groups to self-insure; and monitors their financial performance.

Licensing:

The Licensing unit issues or renews licenses of approximately 192,000 professionals primarily in insurance, real estate and collection agencies and reviews and approves over 2,500 education courses each year.

Historical Perspective

During the last biennium the enforcement activities for the Division have evolved from primarily disciplinary proceedings to investigations of criminal behavior. As a result of this evolution, while case numbers have remained relatively flat, the amount of man hours needed to handle those cases has increased. In addition to that qualitative change, the following trends will affect both the workload and performance of the Division:

- As the economy continues to lag, we will see an increase in the number of complaints.
- Notwithstanding the tightening of the mortgage lending market, we continue to see increased mortgage fraud referrals.
- Stock market volatility increases complaints about securities and insurance issues.
- Continued uniformity (e.g. Interstate Compact) and other "speed to market" initiatives will impact the mission and duties of our Registration and Policy Analysis unit.
- Our examinations of an insurer's overall behavior typically require multi-state investigations and other industries (e.g. examination of mortgage insurance has an impact on insurers and potentially lenders).
- ◆ The movement of the baby boom generation into retirement will mean more "suitability" complaints in both insurance and securities.
- Workforce planning needs for the Division may impact the organization.

MARKET ASSURANCE Program:

Narrative

Key Program Goals

- The Division's work supports the Minnesota Milestone Goal that "Government in Minnesota will be costefficient, and services will be designed to meet the needs of the people who use them."
- The Division's work supports two of the Agency's strategic goals:
 - ⇒ Protect Minnesota consumers in a variety of commercial and financial transactions
 - ⇒ Provide excellent service to business and industry
- The Division will be looking for opportunities to interact with the objectives of Enterprise Lean. http://www.lean.state.mn.us/index.htm

Key Program Measures

Market Assurance implemented a significant technology upgrade that allowed increased automation and web access for its licensing and complaint customers. The licensing piece has been successfully implemented. The complaint handling piece is still being implemented across all industries.

Our insurance fraud unit will be implementing a new case management system.

The Division will be looking at additional reorganization efforts to support the Enterprise Lean initiative.

Contact

Manny Munson-Regala, Deputy Commissioner Minnesota Department of Commerce 85 7th Place East Saint Paul, Minnesota 55101

Program: MARKET ASSURANCE

	Dollars in Thousands				
	Curr	ent	Forecas	t Base	Biennium
	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	2010-11
Direct Appropriations by Fund					
General					
Current Appropriation	5,845	5,992	5,992	5,992	11,984
Technical Adjustments					
Pt Contract Base Reduction			(2)	(2)	(4)
Forecast Base	5,845	5,992	5,990	5,990	11,980
Workers Compensation					
Current Appropriation	835	835	835	835	1,670
Forecast Base	835	835	835	835	1,670
Expenditures by Fund		I			
Direct Appropriations					
General	5,389	6,440	5,990	5,990	11,980
Workers Compensation	828	842	835	835	1,670
Statutory Appropriations					! !
Miscellaneous Special Revenue	3,706	5,077	6,314	6,378	12,692
Miscellaneous Agency	111	388	374	0	374
Total	10,034	12,747	13,513	13,203	26,716
Expenditures by Category					
Total Compensation	6,538	7,631	7,341	7,417	14,758
Other Operating Expenses	3,496	5,066	4,472	4,086	8,558
Local Assistance	0	50	1,700	1,700	3,400
Total	10,034	12,747	13,513	13,203	26,716
Expenditures by Activity					
Market Assurance	10,034	12,747	13,513	13,203	26,716
Total	10,034	12,747	13,513	13,203	26,716
Full-Time Equivalents (FTE)	87.5	89.9	87.7	85.4	

Program: OFFICE OF ENERGY SECURITY

Narrative

Program Description

In January 2008, Governor Pawlenty consolidated the energy relate function of the Department of Commerce and created the Minnesota Office of Energy Security (OES). OES provides energy-related services to the citizens of the State by advocating on behalf of the public interest in regulated utility matters, administers Minnesota's Low-Income Heating Assistance and Weatherization Programs, assists viable new energy technologies to enter the commercial market and distributes information to individual energy users on actions they can take to use their energy wisely.

Population Served

The Minnesota Office of Energy Security serves all of Minnesota's residential, small business, and large business consumers as well as investors and providers of energy services.

Services Provided

OES implements statewide energy policies and provides a broad range of regulatory and consumer services.

Program at a Glance

- OES administers \$77 million in federal Energy Assistance Program funds to Minnesota's lowincome households.
- OES administers \$20 million in federal Weatherization Program funds to Minnesota's low-income households.
- Utilities have filed certificate of need (CN) requests to build new energy facilities. OES analyzed two requests in 2005 and 11 requests in 2008.
- Regulatory services costs are charged to energy service providers.
- OES administers approximately \$30 million for energy efficiency and technology programs.
- In 2007, approximately \$108 million was spent on Conservation Improvement Program activities that saved approximately:
 - ⇒ 461,000 MWh hours of electricity
 - ⇒ 1.9 million MCF of natural gas
- ◆ The Low Income Heating and Energy Assistance Program (LIHEAP)
 - ⇒ Provides financial assistance to help Minnesota's low income residents pay their energy bills.

Energy Regulation, Facilities Permitting and Planning

- ⇒ Advocates for the public interest in energy utility matters before the Minnesota Public Utilities Commission, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, and in other national and regional forums.
- ⇒ Manages and orchestrates the facilities permitting process and writes the environmental impact document for the siting or routing of large energy facilities.
- ⇒ Participates as the consumer advocate designee in the development and operation of the regional electric transmission operating entity that operates the electric power grid in Minnesota plus 16 other states.
- ⇒ Performs or participates in fact-finding, legislatively mandated or other studies, proceedings or communications regarding the reliable provision of energy service under the auspices of the Office of the Reliability Administrator.

The State Energy Office

- ⇒ Administers the U.S. Department of Energy Weatherization Assistance Program, providing energy conservation services to low-income households throughout Minnesota.
- ⇒ Promotes clean renewable energy resources such as E85, biodiesel, wind, solar, and geothermal through consumer education, technical assistance, grants, and other deployment activities.
- ⇒ Provides direct consumer education on energy conservation and renewable energy technologies through a toll-free telephone service and its website, and participation in trade shows, energy fairs, and school functions.
- ⇒ Administers the U.S. Department of Energy State Energy Program, the Public Buildings Enhanced Energy Efficiency Program, the Renewable Energy Production Incentive, the Solar Rebate Program, the E85 Grant Program, and the Conservation Improvement Program's Research & Development Grant Program.
- ⇒ Administers, analyzes, and tracks the Conservation Improvement Program for technical feasibility and cost effectiveness in addition to making recommendations for improvements to the Deputy Commissioner for consideration when approving the plans.

Program: OFFICE OF ENERGY SECURITY

Narrative

Funding

All direct and indirect costs related to energy utility rates and services regulation and facilities permitting are assessed back to the regulated companies or the permittees. Direct energy utility costs are billed to regulated companies semi-annually. Indirect costs are estimated and billed 30 days in advance of each quarter. Indirect costs are prorated to regulated companies based on their gross Minnesota jurisdictional revenues. Estimated indirect cost billings are reconciled and adjusted to actual costs after the close of the fiscal year. Receipts include recovery of the department's administrative costs, statewide indirect costs and the cost of services provided by the Office of the Attorney General, the Reliability Administrator, and the Legislative Energy Commission.

The cost of some operations within the Energy Division is supported by federal funds.

- ◆ LIHEAP operates almost entirely on funds provided by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.
- Funds for the Weatherization Assistance Program come primarily from the U.S. Departments of Energy and Health and Human Services.
- The State Energy Office programs are funded through a combination of federal, state, and nonpublic funds, including oil overcharge funds, competitive grant awards, and energy utility program funds.

Key Program Goals

Minnesota Milestone—Indicator 37: Price of Government

Goal: Government in Minnesota will be cost-efficient, and services will be designed to meet the needs of the people who use them.

• Certain Office of Energy Security functions are fully assessed to and paid by the utilities and companies that benefit from the function. As such, these functions do not contribute to the net price of Government and, instead, are paid by "the people who use them."

Minnesota Milestone—Indicator 40: Energy Efficiency of the Economy

Rationale: Improving the energy efficiency of Minnesota's economy is an important step in maintaining the long-term economic growth while minimizing cost and environmental impact.

- The Office of Energy Security's CIP and energy efficiency programs squarely meet this milestone.
- All energy regulatory proposals are investigated with an eye toward being reliable, reasonably priced and environmentally sensitive for the economic benefit of Minnesota and the public interest.
- Energy utilities and the industry recognize that substantial infrastructure must be built in the next decade to ensure Minnesota's continued strong economy for decades to come. This energy "building boom" is clearly evidenced in the marked increase in major project requests presently being investigated by OES. This large increase in workload is slated to continue for years to come.

Minnesota Milestone—Indicator 56: Renewable Energy Sources

Rationale: The percentage of energy that Minnesota derives from local, clean and renewable sources directly affects the state's long-term economic and environmental stability and security because much of the state's fuel is currently imported.

- The OES is seeing a large increase in requests to build wind-powered electric generation facilities. OES will examine each request to ensure that it will provide clean energy and contribute to "the state's long-term economic and environmental stability and security."
- Energy utilities and the industry agree that the present energy delivery system is not substantial enough to support an expanding state economy in the decades to come nor will it be able to deliver all of the energy slated to be generated by all of the renewable energy projects currently being planned or constructed in the foreseeable future. As such, utilities have also filed certificate of need requests for hundreds of miles of large power lines across the state. These facilities must be built to achieve this milestone.

Minnesota Milestone--Indicator 25: Nearby Support

Rationale: People in need will receive support that helps them live as independently as they can.

 OES provides LIHEAP and Weatherization services predominantly through the community action agency network, ensuring that while funding may be from federal sources, the service is local and immediate.

Program: OFFICE OF ENERGY SECURITY

Narrative

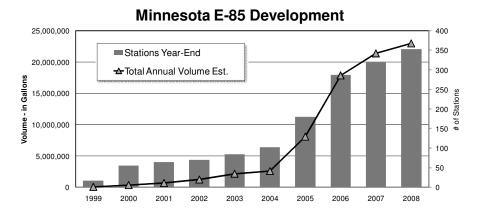
Other statewide goals—The Next Generation Act of 2007's Energy Policy Goals

- ◆ 15% reduction in fossil fuel use per capita by 2015 through increased reliance on energy efficiency and renewable energy alternatives
- 25% of the total energy used in the state be derived from renewable energy resources by 2025

Key Program Measures

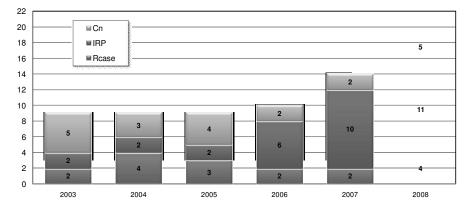
All program measures in OES target the state's energy policy goals of reliable, clean, affordable energy and to meet the milestones and laws listed above.

The first graph shows the increased use in biofuels in the state, specifically E85. Minnesota leads the nation in the number of E85 fueling stations, with 350 pumps.



The second graphic illustrates the impact on OES resources of the energy "building boom". Such major requests require between three and eight staff to adequately investigate such requests on behalf of the public interest. Of the over 300 various individual requests analyzed by OES staff per year, three types of major requests pertain to the planning, construction, and funding of large energy facilities. Planning is identified as IRP, construction as CN, and funding as RCase in the graph below. As the chart indicates, these major requests have collectively doubled in the past three to four years

Major Regulatory Requests Analyzed by OES



Contact

Glenn Wilson, Commissioner Minnesota Department of Commerce 85 7th Place East Saint Paul, Minnesota 55101 Email: glenn.wilson@state.mn.us

Program: OFFICE OF ENERGY SECURITY

	Dollars in Thousands					
	Curr	ent	Forecas	t Base	Biennium	
	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	2010-11	
Direct Appropriations by Fund						
General						
Current Appropriation	12,966	4,250	3,240	3,240	6,480	
Technical Adjustments						
Current Law Base Change			750	(250)	500	
Forecast Base	12,966	4,250	3,990	2,990	6,980	
Expenditures by Fund		ı		;		
Direct Appropriations						
Environment & Natural Resource	217	395	0	0	0	
General	6,842	8,360	5,490	2,990	8,480	
Statutory Appropriations	-,-	-,	-,	,	-,	
State Government Spec Revenue	210	0	0	0	0	
Miscellaneous Special Revenue	4,721	24,193	13,498	13,265	26,763	
Federal .	111,526	202,223	203,810	203,790	407,600	
Total	123,516	235,171	222,798	220,045	442,843	
Expenditures by Category		I		;		
Total Compensation	6,077	8,017	7,051	7,121	14,172	
Other Operating Expenses	3,666	5,804	5,281	4,965	10,246	
Local Assistance	113,393	220,850	210,221	207,674	417,895	
Other Financial Transactions	380	500	245	285	530	
Total	123,516	235,171	222,798	220,045	442,843	
Expenditures by Activity		Ī		į		
Office Of Energy Security	123,516	235,171	222,798	220,045	442,843	
Total	123,516	235,171	222,798	220,045	442,843	
Full-Time Equivalents (FTE)	70.9	73.2	64.4	63.6		

Program: TAM Narrative

Program Description

The Telecommunications Access Minnesota (TAM) program of the Department of Commerce administers the Minnesota Relay, Telephone Equipment Distribution (TED) Program and TAM Fund.

Minnesota Relay is a federally mandated Telecommunications Relay Services (TRS) that provides equal access to the telecommunications network for persons with a hearing loss or speech disability.

The TED Program provides free assistive telecommunications devices to eligible Minnesotans.

Population Served

TAM serves Minnesotans who have hearing, vision, speech or physical disabilities that make it difficult or impossible to use standard telecommunications services and equipment, and also serves persons who wish to contact these individuals.

Program at a Glance

- ♦ Minnesota Relay:
 - ⇒ Provided free of charge.
 - \Rightarrow Operates 24/7.
 - ⇒ Handles an average of 74,360 relay calls per month.
 - ⇒ Offers 40 custom calling features.
 - ⇒ Conducted 390 outreach activities reaching more than 22,300 Minnesotans in fiscal year 2008.

◆ TED Program:

- ⇒ Distributes an average of 300 assistive telecommunications devices per month.
- ⇒ Conducted 230 outreach activities reaching more than 5,900 Minnesotans in fiscal year 2008.
- ⇒ Provides services via six regional offices.

Services Provided

TAM serves Minnesota consumers through a vendor contract and an interagency agreement:

- Contract with Communication Service for the Deaf (CSD) for the provision of Minnesota Relay and associated outreach services. Outreach services include educating the public about TRS and the Minnesota Relay, training consumers on how to user relay services, and receiving and resolving consumer complaints.
- ◆ Interagency agreement with the Department of Human Services (DHS) for the provision of the TED Program. The TED Program is responsible for distributing assistive telecommunications devices to income eligible Minnesotans, informing persons with communication disabilities of services available through the program, and providing training in the use of specialized telecommunications devices. Available equipment includes: text telephones (TTYs), amplified telephones, telephone ring signalers (visual, tactile or auditory), remote control speaker phones, TTYs with large visual displays, Braille TTYs, captioned telephones (CapTel™), voice carry over and hearing carry over phones.

Key Program Goals

- ◆ To provide people with hearing, speech, vision or mobility loss with telecommunications equipment and services that advance at the same rate, have the same level of quality, and provide the same features and options as telecommunications services available to consumers without communications disabilities.
- ◆ To provide Minnesotans with education, training and support regarding TRS and specialized telecommunications equipment.

Key Program Measures

- ◆ Minnesota Relay handled 892,000 calls and conducted 390 outreach activities in fiscal year 2008.
- Minnesota Relay exceeds FCC call answering performance standards. On average, incoming relay calls are answered within 2 seconds.
- ◆ Received complaints on less than 1% of Minnesota Relay calls.
- ◆ The TED Program distributed 3,626 assistive telecommunications devices and conducted 230 outreach activities in fiscal year 2008.

Program: TAM Narrative

Program Funding

- ◆ TAM programs are funded by a surcharge on all wired and wireless telephone access lines in Minnesota. The surcharge is required by M.S. 237.52, subd. 2.
- Funds from the surcharge are paid into an interest-bearing, dedicated special revenue account that funds:
 - ⇒ administration of the TAM program;
 - ⇒ the facility, equipment, operations and outreach for Minnesota Relay;
 - ⇒ administration of the TED Program;
 - ⇒ assistive telecommunications devices distributed by the TED Program;
 - ⇒ Accessible News for the Blind program;
 - ⇒ Rural Real-Time Captioning program;
 - ⇒ operational expenses for the Commission of Deaf, Deaf Blind and Hard of Hearing Minnesotans.
 - ⇒ The Public Utilities Commission (PUC) approves the TAM annual budget and sets the surcharge at a level that will generate sufficient revenue to fund the programs. The current TAM surcharge is \$.06.
 - ⇒ TAM fund anticipates \$4.7M of revenue in fiscal year 2009.
 - ⇒ TAM fund anticipates \$6.4M of expenditures in fiscal year 2009. The expenditures are broken down for these purposes:
 - \$3.7M for Minnesota Relay and TAM program administration,
 - \$1.8M for the TED program, and
 - \$.9M for other programs.

Contact

Rochelle Garrow, TAM Administrator Minnesota Department of Commerce 85 7th Place East, Suite 600 Saint Paul, Minnesota 55101-3165

Phone: (651) 297-8941

Email: rochelle.garrow@state.mn.us

Program: TAM

	Dollars in Thousands					
	Curr	ent	Forecast Base		Biennium	
	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	2010-11	
Expenditures by Fund						
Statutory Appropriations				ļ		
Miscellaneous Special Revenue	5,190	6,091	5,790	5,798	11,588	
Total	5,190	6,091	5,790	5,798	11,588	
Expenditures by Category				;		
Total Compensation	66	77	78	81	159	
Other Operating Expenses	5,124	6,014	5,712	5,717	11,429	
Total	5,190	6,091	5,790	5,798	11,588	
Expenditures by Activity						
Tam	5,190	6,091	5,790	5,798	11,588	
Total	5,190	6,091	5,790	5,798	11,588	
Full-Time Equivalents (FTE)	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1		

Program: WEIGHTS & MEASURES

Narrative

Program Description

The Weights and Measures Division protects consumers by enforcing accuracy in commercial marketplaces by inspecting and testing all commercial weighing and measuring equipment in Minnesota.

- Provides the basis for physical measurement accuracy in Minnesota by maintaining the state standards for mass, length, volume, temperature, and density.
- Extends standardization and accuracy to commerce in Minnesota by offering precision calibration services to large and small businesses, and individuals.
- Ensures the quality of petroleum products by sampling and testing gasoline, diesel fuel, biodiesel, E85, heating fuels, and other products.
- Enforces statutory gasoline oxygenation requirements by sampling and testing gasoline at all levels of distribution and sale in Minnesota.
- Enforces below cost gas pricing, and bill of lading for correct fuel deliveries.
- Ensures the net weight and net volume accuracy of consumer commodities by inspecting and testing prepackaged goods in Minnesota.

Population Served

The Weights and Measures Division serves almost every person and business in Minnesota, including:

 Minnesota citizens and businesses that buy or sell goods or services based on a measured quantity, like gasoline or food.

Program at a Glance

- Weights and Measures affects more than \$30 billion in Minnesota commerce each year.
- ♦ In FY 2007, the division's 16 petroleum and scale investigators tested and inspected:
 - \Rightarrow 46,587 gas pumps.
 - ⇒ 7,839 light capacity scales.
 - ⇒ 1,539 vehicle tank meters.
 - ⇒ 292 package inspections.
 - ⇒ 468 high volume meters
- In FY 2007, the division's six heavy capacity scale investigators tested and inspected:
 - \Rightarrow 1,430 vehicle scales.
 - \Rightarrow 767 grain and fertilizer scales.
 - ⇒ 1,424 other heavy capacity scales.
- ♦ In FY 2007, the Petroleum Lab processed:
 - ⇒ 1,108 distillate tests
 - ⇒ 2,511 other fuel tests
- The metrology laboratory is accredited under ISO 17025. It is one of the most highly regarded measurement laboratories in the nation.
- During FY 2007 1,270 artifacts were calibrated.
- Businesses and individuals needing International Organization for Standardization (ISO) accredited calibration services to enable them to provide materials or services to other businesses in the United States, and throughout the world, and to enable them to compete in European Union nations.
- Motor fuel, heating fuel, and aviation fuel consumers.

Services Provided

The division provides three distinct services:

- Promotes accuracy in basic physical measurement by offering precision calibration services to Minnesota businesses and individuals.
- Enforces Minnesota's weights and measures statutes to ensure the accuracy of gas pumps, meters used at the terminals, refineries and airports, grocery scales, prepackaged commodities, livestock scales, railway track scales, grain and fertilizer scales, and a broad range of other commercial weighing and measuring devices.
- Ensures the quality of gasoline, diesel fuel, heating fuel, and other petroleum products.

Historical Perspective

The Weights and Measures Division is one of the oldest continuously operating units of Minnesota government. The division formally commenced operations in 1885 as part of the Railroad and Warehouse Commission.

The division has noted a continuing upward trend in the number of gasoline pumps in commercial use in Minnesota. The number has increased from approximately 21,000 in 1981 to 65,000 in 2007. Fuel consumption, which declined in the 1970s and 1980s, held steady in the 1990s, has increased through 2007. Both increasing gasoline consumption and increasing prices continue to push demand for the division's inspection services.

Program: WEIGHTS & MEASURES

Narrative

Key Program Goals

To work with the Department of Agriculture (DOA) to achieve the biodiesel mandates for 2009, 2012, and 2015 set forth by the Governor's alternative fuel initiatives. The division hopes to expand the petroleum lab responsibilities with additional equipment and staff to meet challenges of new fuel products/blends and the requirements associated with these products.

Key Program Measures

The division's metrology laboratory has achieved and maintained accreditation under ISO 17025, the most recently adopted quality standards. Additionally, the metrology laboratory meets performance standards set by the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST)/National Voluntary Laboratory Accreditation Program and the NIST Office of Weights and Measures.

Inspection operations have maintained high compliance rates for commercial weighing and measuring devices despite the increase in the number of weighing and measuring devices. For example, we tested 48,587 of the approximately 65,000 gas pumps in Minnesota during FY 2007. The division continues to upgrade our testing equipment to improve inspection intervals.

Petroleum quality enforcement operations maintained a 98.5% compliance rate for gasoline octane and oxygenation.

Contact

Mark Buccelli, Director
Minnesota Department of Commerce
Weights and Measures Division
14305 Southcross Drive, #150
Burnsville, Minnesota 55306
Email: mark.buccelli@state.mn.us

Program: WEIGHTS & MEASURES

	Dollars in Thousands					
	Current		Forecast Base		Biennium	
	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	2010-11	
Expenditures by Fund						
Statutory Appropriations						
Miscellaneous Special Revenue	3,484	3,372	3,289	3,343	6,632	
Total	3,484	3,372	3,289	3,343	6,632	
Expenditures by Category				;		
Total Compensation	2,320	2,417	2,346	2,380	4,726	
Other Operating Expenses	1,164	955	943	963	1,906	
Total	3,484	3,372	3,289	3,343	6,632	
Expenditures by Activity				;		
Weights & Measures	3,484	3,372	3,289	3,343	6,632	
Total	3,484	3,372	3,289	3,343	6,632	
Full-Time Equivalents (FTE)	32.2	33.0	31.5	30.5		

Dollars in	Thousands
------------	-----------

	Actual Budgeted Current Law				Biennium
	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	2010-11
Non Dedicated Revenue:					
Departmental Earnings:					
General	107,183	105,377	106,652	106,407	213,059
Other Revenues:					
General	49	5	5	5	10
Petroleum Tank Release Cleanup	1,168	932	932	932	1,864
Other Sources:					
General	8	1	1	1	2
Petroleum Tank Release Cleanup	30	1	1	1	2
Total Non-Dedicated Receipts	108,438	106,316	107,591	107,346	214,937
	Γ				
<u>Dedicated Receipts:</u>					
Departmental Earnings:	04.070	04.400	04.704	05.404	40.005
Miscellaneous Special Revenue	24,376	24,133	24,791	25,104	49,895
Grants:	00	0	0	0	0
State Government Spec Revenue	30	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous Special Revenue Federal	387	0	0 000	000.700	407.000
Other Revenues:	111,526	202,223	203,810	203,790	407,600
	2.000	1 702	1,698	1 602	2 201
Miscellaneous Special Revenue Miscellaneous Agency	2,098 22	1,703 -25		1,693	3,391
Gift	22	-25	0	0	0 6
Other Sources:	4	3	3	3	Ü
Miscellaneous Special Revenue	8,342	7,900	5,220	5,365	10,585
Miscellaneous Agency	342	199	255	0,000 N	255
Total Dedicated Receipts	147,127	236,136	235,777	235,955	471,732
	, . = .		,		,
Agency Total Revenue	255,565	342,452	343,368	343,301	686,669